

Aquaculture Stewardship Council Audit Report for Farms Pangasius

BENTRE AQUAPRODUCT IMPORT AND EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY AQUATEX BEN TRE

Date:	27-févr-12	Ву:	BUREAU VERITAS CERTIFICATION VIET NAM				
CLIENT :	BENTRE AQUAPRODUCT IMPORT ANI	EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPAN	ASSESSORS TEAM :				
MAIN CONTACT (Audited person):	Mr BUI KI	M HIEU		LUU MAI HUONG (TRA			
REPORT REFERENCE :	ASC- PANGASIUS	STANDARD V 1.0	REPORT WRITING DATE :	15th Mar	ch 2013		
LEAD ASSESSOR :	Mr NGUY	EN HUY	REPORT REVIEWING DATE:	20th Mar	ch 2013		
ASSESSME		TAL RVEILLANCE MPLEMENTARY /SUPPLEMENTAR	Y		INITIAL		

Summary:

Farms located in a good positions for Aquaculture developing area and has a good investment in management system and facility. Farm technical team had very good aware of ASC standard and received a strong support from BENTRE AQUAPRODUCT IMPORT AND EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY 's steering committee in applying ASC Pangasius standards. Farm has a strong management systems & ready to get certify with ASC Pangasius standards.

Background on the Applicant Farm:

BENTRE AQUAPRODUCT IMPORT AND EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY, a well-known frozen Pangasius producer, certified HACCP, ISO9001 and BRC, IFS food standrad, was established in 2003 in BEN TRE Province.

AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FARM located at Hamlet No. 1, Son Phu Commune, Giong Trom District, Ben Tre Province, Viet Nam.

AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FARM is divided into eight (14) grow-out ponds and three sedimentatio pond and four sluge repository ponds, re-built on 2007.

Farm have farm offices, fish feed stores, chemical and antibiotic warehouses and worker accommodations in the farm. The farms share water from Ham Luong river with local communities.

There are 30 employees working in the farm. Most of workers can stay in the farm and get enough accommodation and food. AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FARM is also Global GAP certified.

The farms use Viet Thang J.S.C who has Global GAP certified to supply fish feed, use Aquatex Ben Tre - Tien Thuy Fisheries Breeding Centre - Global GAP certified from May 2011 for the seed supplier.

	Scope:
STANDARD	ASC Pangasius Standard Version 1,0 - Jan 2012.
Activity & scope of the audit:	Farming of Pangasius species
Species :	Pangasianodon hypophthalmus / Pangasius hypoththalmus
Description of receiving water body:	Ham Luong river.

Audit Plan:									
Desk reviews and other activities undertaken before or after any site	visits.	Pre-Audit, Preview of Quality Manual, Fish Health Plan & all calculations of Harvested Ponds.							
Stakenoider submissions, including written or other documented information and CAB written responses to each submission.		Bureau Veritas will notify potential stakeholders of the planned and invite their participation in writing prior to the audit or in person during the on-site visit. All stakeholders, even if not directly addressed by Bureau Veritas are Invited to become involved							
	Name :	AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FARM.							
	Address :	Hamlet No. 1, Son Phu Commune, Giong Trom District, Ben Tre Province, Viet Nam							
	Contact :	Mr BUI KIM HIEU - Vice General Director							
	Other certifications held :	Global GAP Certified							
Sites of the Company concerned by the ASC. For each site show:	Names and affiliations of individuals consulted or otherwise involved in the audit (representatives of the client, employees, contractors, stakeholders and any observers that participated in the audit):	 * Ông Bùi Kim Hiếu - Phó TGĐ Công Ty CP XNK Thủy Sản Bến Tre. * Ông Nguyễn Đình Huân - trưởng phòng Nhân Sự công ty. * Ông Phạm Chí Trung - Trại Trưởng * Ông Võ Thành Rô - Chuyên viên Thú Y * Ông Võ Thành Rô - Kỹ thuật trại * Ông Lương Hoàng Việt - phòng Kế Hoạch. * Ông Trần Minh Tuấn - Trại Phó. 							
	Date & Duration of the visit :	27 Feb 2013.							
	Previous Audits (if a	applicable):							
N/A, This in the initial audit.									

		<u>Findings</u>	1			
	PREVIOUS ASSESSMENTS REVIEW			CURRENT ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION		
	Number	NON-CONFORMANCES REFERENCES	Open/closed	Number	N-CONFORMANCES REFERENC	Open /closed
Observations	NA	NA	NA	1	Ob-SC1	CLOSED
Minor NC	NA	NA	NA	3	NC-EV1/NC-SC1/NC-SC2	CLOSED
Major NC	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA
Summary of Conditions :		All Non conformities and obsse	rvations raised on initi	ial audit 27th Feb 2012 v	vere closed	
Certification status of the applicant:		NEW AP	PLICANT - NOT YET	CERTIFIED		
•		Evaluation Re	oulto.			

Evaluation Results:

Please see Audit Grid attached

Determination of the start of the CoC

Determination of the eligibility of aquaculture products to enter further Chains of Custody and the points at which they can enter

Evaluation of the system of tracking, tracing and segregation in the aquaculture operation is sufficient to make sure all aquaculture products identified and sold as certified by the operation originate from the unit of certification certified

Item		Risk Level	comments of the auditor and evidences	
		Medium risk	high risk	comments of the additor and evidences
The tracking, tracing and segregation systems in use	X			Harm had clear system for tracking, tracing and segregation.
2. The opportunity of substitution of certified with non-certified product prior to and at harvesting	×			Farm only product one kind of product, all will be certify
The possibility of introducing product from outside the unit of certification	×			Farm have good traceability & recording system, it is not easy for introducing product from outside the unit of certification.
4. The robustness of the applicant or certificate holders' management system	X			Management system were good.
Any transshipment activities taking place	X			When harvesting fish, use boat to transport fish alive from farm to processing plan.
Any subcontracted post-harvest handling or processing	X			Only use subcontracted when harvesting.

3

Advice of the auditor	YES	NO	JUSTIFICATION
the systems are sufficient, aquaculture products from the operation may enter into further certified chains of custody and be eligible to carry the ASC label.	X		Traceability systems are sufficient
Determination of the eligibility of aquaculture products to enter further Chains of Custody and the points at which they can enter	apply to carry the ASC label. Considerations for the decision: - Tracking, tracing and segregation systems of the decision: - Tracking, tracing and segregation systems of the decision systems of the decision of the decis	ems within the aquaculture open of fish such as grow out pond a nent, all product harvested is procured. This factory are also certified AS origin of the fish are sent to the Ament. The both farms use well-beng: There are only one point of his fied with non-certified product produced by the same legal entity tification is required: Chain of coing Factory which also owned by a March 2013.	sustody certification is required after harvested when fish AQUATEX BEN TRE and already certified ASC CoC by
Describe points of change of ownership after which chain of custody certification is needed	The scope of the certification includes the g Coc certification is required from the point o Only products harvested on or after the date	f first sale to the processing plan.	

	CERTIFICATION DECISION								
BUR	EAU VERITAS CERTIFICATION determines that all the requirements of the standard are sufficiently met and has certified AQUATEX Farm.								
	A certificate has been issued for the scope specified in the section "scope" above in the report . Any outstanding non-conformities and their status are listed in the section "Findings" above in the report.								
Date of issuing: 15/04/2013									
Date of expiring:	14/04/2016								
Scope of the certificate:	Aquaculture operations for Pangasius								
List of all outstanding non- conformities:	All Non conformities and obsservations raised on initial audit 27th Feb 2012 were closed								
	Non-conformity Report(s)								
	Please see non-conformity reports attached								
	Confidential data for commercially sensitive information								
This report is not contain confide	ential annexes for commercially sensitive information. Bureau Veritas had been agree the content of commercially sensitive information with the applicant.								

PRI	ICIPLE 1. LOCATE AND OPERATE FARMS WITHIN ESTABLISH	IED LOCAL AND NATIONAL LEGAL FRAMEWORKS		С	Major NC	Minor NC NA	COMMENTS -RATIONALE
1.1	Criteria: Local and national regulations	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):				
		a. Maintain records to show the farm has all registrations as required by local and national authorities.	A. Verify farm has all registrations as required by local and national authorities.	С			Farm has the land renting decision issued by Committee of people of Ben Tre province on 23 Nov 2012, with total land area 203.365,1 m2, land use permission is Aquaculture farming Land using allow until Nov 2032.
	Indicator: Presence of all pertinent permits and	b. Obtain an aquaculture farming licence (as applicable).	B. Verify farm has aquaculture farming licence (as applicable).	С			- Commercial License including farming license for farms Eligible certificate of Veterinary Hygiene and Fisheries by the Veterinary Department of Bn Tre province for "BENTRE AQUAPRODUCT IMPORT AND EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY - Con Ban Farm on 24 Nov 2010, valid until 24 Nov 2015
1.	registrations required by local and national authorities Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	c. Obtain a commercial licence (as applicable).	C. Verify farm has a commercial licence (as applicable).	С			Commercial License number 1300376365 by Ben Tre Business Department, first issued on 26/12/2003, 07th revised 04/04/2011.
		d. Obtain any other contracts, licences, or permits as required by local and national authorities (also see 1.1.3. and 1.1.4).	D. Verify compliance.	c			No other licenses required Company have confirmation letter from Ben Tre province and Son Phu ward: - No regulations limit for using of water, waste water for farming fishConfirm Con Ban area is planned for farming Basa fish of Ben Tre Provine - Confirm no tax rules apply to the use of river water for Tra/ Basa fish.
1.	Indicator: Presence of documents proving compliance with pertinent tax laws	a. Maintain records of tax payments to appropriate authorities (e.g. land use tax, water use tax, revenue tax) for the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months	A. Verify client has records of tax payments to appropriate authorities. [Note: For integrated systems, tax may only apply at the processing level. Nonetheless clients must show evidence of tax payment]	С			- Company has the payment receipt of land using fee on 26 Mar 2012 Water abstract & discharge fee: NA (see 1.1.4.b)
	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Keep updated information on applicable tax laws for the jurisdiction in which the farm is operating.	B. Verify client has current tax law information and a basic understanding of tax requirements.	С			Interview Mr Nguyễn Đình Huân - HR Manager, Mr Bùi Kim Hiếu - Vice General Director: good aware of tax law applying for aquaculture farming.
		Indicator 1.1.3 requires the farm to show compliance with all water discharge regulat imposed limits on farm water discharge (i.e. by issuing a discharge permit or other co compliance. Four types of evidence are acceptable: a. Statement by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory showing that b. Results of water testing from a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laborator. Relevant legal documents showing compliance; or d. Statement from local authorities with competence on water quality and capacit Where regulations require monitoring of farm water discharge, that monitoring shall national regulations. If there is insufficient evidence to show that the farm complies very compliance is the state of the farm complies very constitution of the farm constitution of the far	a. Statement by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory showing that their staff collected samples at discharge; b. Results of water testing from a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory;				
1.	Indicator: Presence of documents proving compliance with pertinent water discharge (including water effluents) regulations Requirement: Yes	a. Submit a statement by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory showing that their staff collected samples at discharge	A. Verify compliance. If (b), (c) or (d), then enter 'not applicable' for (a).	С			There are statements by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Trung tâm ứng dung và chuyển giao công nghệ tính Kiên Giang- VILAS 494" showing that their staff collected intake & discharge water samples.
	Applicability: Ponds	b. Submit results of water testing from a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory.	B. Verify compliance. If (a), (c) or (d), then enter 'not applicable' for (b).	С			Water testing was done by ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Trung tâm ứng dụng và chuyển giao công nghệ tinh Kiên Giang- VILAS 494"

		c. Submit relevant legal documents showing compliance.	C. Verify compliance. If (a), (b) or (d), then enter 'not applicable' for (c).	С				According to TT44/2010-BNNPTNT issued 22.07.2012, testing had been done yearly, check results of testing done on 20 Dec 2012 with result OK.
		d. Obtain a statement from local authorities with competence on water quality and capacity to test water quality parameters stating compliance.	D. Verify compliance. If (a), (b) or (c), then enter 'not applicable' for (d).				NA	NA .
		a. For ponds, maintain copies of land ownership or contract of lease. For pens or cages, maintain permits showing allowance to farm in the designated location.	A. Verify client has documents to show legal access to and use of land and water.	С				See 1.1.1
1.1.4	Indicator: Presence of documents proving compliance with local and national legal regulations on land and water use Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Obtain required permits to use and discharge water for the purposes of operating a farm. Comply with any and all permit restrictions stated therein (e.g. maximum capacity of production, water allocation volumes, etc).	B. Verify farm has obtained permits and complies with the terms.					- Cicurlar 105/2010/TT-BTC issued on 23Jul2010 confirmed that fish farming activities not subject to pay fees for industrial waste water environment, so the company do not have to pay a fee for this farming environment.
		c. If the farm operates in a country and region with no permitting system for land and water use, provide documentary evidence (e.g. letter from authoritaties) attesting to this fact.	C. As applicable, review evidence to confirm that the farm does not need permits for land and water use in the country and region of operation.				NA	NA, see 2.4.1.b
		TED AND MANAGED TO AVOID (OR, AT LEAST, MINIMIZE) THEIR NEGATIVE IMPACTS O	ON OTHER USERS AND THE ENVIRONMENT	<u>'</u>	Major NC	Minor NC	NA	
2.1 Crite	eria: Meeting official development plans	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):					
		a. Provide a detailed map of the farm with at least 4 GPS coordinates.	A. Review map to confirm farm location and accuracy of GPS coordinates. If possible, verify spatial information using Google Map, satellite images or similar means.	С				* Farm GPS: A 10°08′58″ N; 106°21′41″ E B 10°14′4″ N; 106°20′0″ E C 10°8′58″ N; 106°21′41″ E D 10°11′32″ N; 106°19′52″ E
2.1.1	Indicator: Farms [4] located in approved aquaculture development areas Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Provide official plans that identify approved aquaculture development areas. If there are none, obtain a statement from the authorities as confirmation.	B. Review plans. If farm states there is no plan, confirm that the country and region of operation does not have approved aquaculture development areas.	С				There Decision of Ben Tre Provine on 12 Dec 2008 about Approving for Aquaculture developing are up to year 2020, it is clarify address of many area for aqua farming developing area and "AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FARN" address is including in this plan. Have confirm letter of Ben Tre province on 19/10/2012 farm AQUATEX BEN TRE - Con Ban Pangasius Farm in the area is planned for farming Tra/ Basa fish of Ben Tre Provine.
		c. Show that the farm is located in an area approved for aquaculture using evidence from maps or list of officially designated locations.	C. Verify farm is located in an approved aquaculture area. If there are no such areas, auditor response is 'not applicable'.	С				See 2.2.1.b
Footnot	[4] Pond, cage and pen-based facilities							
	eria: Conversion of natural ecosystems							
	T	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Provide a declaration that identifies the month and year of farm construction, and	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):					- Farm construction contract and commissioning records for ponds
		specify dates of any subsequent farm expansions.	expansions. Identify any ponds established after August 31, 2010.	С				in farm, other instructions on Oct 2010.
2.2.1	Indicator: For ponds [5], evidence [6] that only land that has been allocated to agriculture or aquaculture for 10 years prior is used for new pond development or for farm expansion	b. If the farm (or any of its expansions) was constructed after August 31, 2010, obtain a statement/historical land use map from a government organization indicating that the land was agriculture or aquaculture land for 10 years prior to their construction.	B. Review evidence from government organizations. Where land-use maps or spatial information is provided, cross-check against map of farm (see 2.1.1).	С				Check land renting contract, farms construction contract maps & present map: all information were correct.
	Requirement:: Yes Applicability: Ponds established after August 31, 2010		C. Verify accuracy of (a) and (b) above during interviews with local community members to confirm there is no evidence for conversion of wetlands or any other ecosystem (other than agriculture or aquaculture land) as applicable under Indicator 2.2.1.	С				Community interview: farms had been construction 5-6 years ago.
Footnot	[5] For Ponds established after the publication of the PA	AD standards.						
Footnot								

Language Fundamental teacher of the composition of	_							
Appendixy of the control of the cont			USD \$0.50 per ton of fish produced has been paid to the environmental and social restoration fund [7]		A. Verify the farm has signed a letter stating commitment to contribute to the fund.	С		get certified, sign by Aquatex Ben Tre 's General Director - Mr
Market Security Company Comp	1	2.2.2		b. Retain the receipt from ASC showing that farm's signed letter was received.	B. Verify evidence that ASC has received the letter.	С		
** Amount as extraction state gind to the family to the fa			Applicability: All	c. Retain evidence of all payments made into the fund.		С		NA. Fund is not yet established.
Sequence 1 (a) and one of the time of the control o	Fo	otnot e	[7] To be identified by the Aquaculture Stewardship Cou	uncil (ASC). If a fund has yet to be created and recognized by ASC at the time of auditin	ng, then requirement 2.2.2 will not be considered.			
Applicability Food coalstanced after the published of the Application of the Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal Coal			Indicator: Evidence [8] that no earth has been		A. Verify the farm has made a declaration.		NA	NA, Ponds were established before August 31, 2010
Configuration continues for receive of your face of of your	1	2.2.3	Requirement: Yes	occurred after August 31, 2010, provide a statement indicating where the earth was	B. Review list of construction activities and means for disposing of earth.		NA	NA, Ponds were established before August 31, 2010
Page department for the production of collaboration to appeal to soften and willout registro impact to other water resource stance. Page department Page Page department Page			Applicability: Ponds established after August 31, 2010	-			N/	NA, Ponds were established before August 31, 2010
Recipion from the formal and management and decided and group (e.g., local newspapers, magazines) literature to the search results for adequate and comprehenses. C Recipion from the property of the p	Fo		[8] For ponds established after the publication of the PA	AD standards.				
Applicability: All Distrimine whether any packs executing in the area libidial as endangered species. Corruptive with results for adequacy and completeness. C Affective search results for adequacy and completeness. C Against National Search of exhibiting and parts in correct too have no expective impact on the search of packs of the search of packs of the search of packs of the search of the search of packs of the search	Fo	otnot	[9] Exception made for discharge into water bodies belo	onging to the farm and without negative impacts to other water resource users.				
Requirement: Yes A propose a start national authorities. C. Periew list for completeness, Completeness, Compare with results from search of IUCN database search (see 6.6.2). C. Review list for completeness, Compare with results from search of IUCN database search (see 6.6.2). D. Review procedures for adequacy. E. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that:		2.2.4	Indicator: Evidence [10] of no negative impacts on endangered species [11] Requirement: Yes		A. Review search results for adequacy and completeness.	С		Aquafish Viet Nam Company about the "Identification of endangered and IUCN red listed species occur at "AQUATEX BEN TRE - Con Ban Pangasius Farm" with content including: - Identification of endangered species occur at Mekong delta area Identification of endangered species occur in the area of "AQUATEX BEN TRE - Con Ban Pangasius Farm" - Risk assessment for all farming practice that can be danger to these species Apply new farming practice in order to have no negative impact
C. Prépare a last of all enlangered species occurring in the area by combining results from 2.2.4(b), with classase search (its correct from 2.2.4(b) and 2.2.4(b) with classase search (its correct from 2.2.4(b) and					B. Review the source and accuracy of the list.	С		Source & accuracy confirmed.
endangered species that may occur on the farm. D. Newer procedures for adequacy. E. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that: - the farm is presently having an negative impact on endangered species - the farm has recently had a negative impact (since August 2010). Footnot of the farm has recently had a negative impact (since August 2010). Farm has recently had no negative impact. Farm is presently having no negative impact on endangered species - the farm has recently had a negative impact (since August 2010). Farm has recently had no negative impact. Farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - the farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on endangered species - farm has recently had no negative impact on						С		compare with results from the IUCN database search: it is correct
E. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that: - the farm is presently having a negative impact on endangered species - the farm has recently had a negative impact of endangered species - farm is presently having no negative impact on endangered species - farm is presently having no negative impact. Footnot e 10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. 10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. 10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. 10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. 10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. 10] Farmer shall submit the result of a negative impact of search state from local community interviews. State or verify that person does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. 2.3 Citizence: State connectivity 2.3 Citizence: State or verify that person (season and or verify that the magazine or similar mans (if detailed information is available). If current farm layout differs from the most recent available image, verify that the map or diagram reflects the actual farm layout. 2.3 Citizence: State or verify that person does not necessarily and acquire or security and acqui					D. Review procedures for adequacy.	С		Procedure was available & adequate.
Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a sea by IUCN and national authorities. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a sea by IUCN and national authorities. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a sea by IUCN and national authorities. Italy Farmer's shall submit the result of a sea by IUCN and national submit the state of the				-	- the farm is presently having a negative impact on endangered species	С		- Farm is presently having no negative impact on endangered species
Early Note and national authorities. 2.3 Criteria: Site connectivity Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Indicator: Farm does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement 2.3.1 Requirement: Yes Applicability: Pens and Cages Indicator: Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) Requirement: ≥ 50% Requirement: ≥ 50% Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): A uditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A lonspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. NA N/A. Pond	Fo	otnot e	[10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of publis	shed and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local co	mmunities and organizations shall also be produced.			
Indicator: Farm does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement a. Obtain community testimonials or similar evidence to show the farm does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. A. Inspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. NA N/A. Pond	Fo	otnot e	[11] As set by IUCN and national authorities.					
Indicator: Farm does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement 2.3.1 Requirement: Yes Applicability: Pens and Cages Indicator: Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) Requirement: ≥ 50% Requirement: ≥ 50% A. Inspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. A. Inspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. A. Inspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. NA N/A. Pond	2	3 Criter	ia: Site connectivity	Compliance Calculate (D. 1912) and the	A. Physical Letter 1			
animals or water movement impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. 2.3.1 Requirement: Yes Applicability: Pens and Cages Indicator: Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) Requirement: ≥ 50% A. Cross-check the current farm map or diagram using Google Map, satellite images or similar means (if detailed information is available). If current farm layout differs from the most recent available image, verify that the map or diagram reflects the actual farm layout. b. Provide measurements and calculations sufficient to show compliance (see			Indicator: Farm does not impede navigation. aquatic	a. Obtain community testimonials or similar evidence to show the farm does not	A. Inspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not		NI.	A N/A Pond
Requirement: Yes Applicability: Pens and Cages Indicator: Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) Requirement: ≥ 50% Requirement: Yes B. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that the farm impedes navigation, aquatic animals or water movement. A. Cross-check the current farm map or diagram using Google Map, satellite images or similar means (if detailed information is available). If current farm layout differs from the most recent available image, verify that the map or diagram reflects the actual farm layout. D. Provide measurements and calculations sufficient to show compliance (see				impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement.	impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement.		INA	1975.1 010
Indicator: Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) Requirement: ≥ 50% A. Cross-check the current farm map or diagram using Google Map, satellite images or similar means (if detailed information is available). If current farm layout differs from the most recent available image, verify that the map or diagram reflects the actual farm layout. D. Provide measurements and calculations sufficient to show compliance (see	1			-			N	A N/A. Pond
	1		Indicator: Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C) Requirement: ≥ 50%	water body.	or similar means (if detailed information is available). If current farm layout differs from the most recent available image, verify that the map or diagram reflects the		N/	A N/A. Pond
					B. Verify that calculations are accurate and confirm compliance.		N/	A N/A. Pond

Indicator: Maximum width a farm can occupy					
calculated when the water body level/width is at its	a. Provide a map or diagram showing measurements of pens and width of the water body.	A. Cross-check the accuracy of the farm map or diagram using Google Map, satellite images or similar means (if detailed information is available).		N/	N/A. Pond
minimum (see Diagram 2, Annex C)	b. Provide measurements and calculations sufficient to show compliance (see Diagram 2 from Annex C of the ASC Pangasius Standard)	B. Verify that calculations are accurate and confirm compliance.		N/	N/A. Pond
2.3.3 Requirement: ≤ 20% percent of the width of the water body	- Uniquality a title Act of the Act Paligosius Scandardy	C. Inspect site to verify that farm diagrams accurately show the size and position of pens within the water body.		N	A N/A. Pond
Applicability: Pens		,			
Indicator: Maximum number of contiguous pens allowed (see Diagram 3, Annex C)	 a. Provide a map or diagram showing the size and number of pens, and showing the shoreline distance between pens. 	A. Inspect site to verify the farm's diagrams accurately show the size and position of pens, and the shoreline distance between pens.		N/	N/A. Pond
2.3.4 Requirement: Two, only if a stretch of river bank that is at least the length of the two pens is left free from farms on both sides of the pens	b. On the map, show how the arrangement of pens complies with the requirement for number and separation distance (see Diagram 3, Annex C)	B. Verify the farm's arrangement of pens is in compliance.		N	x N/A. Pond
Applicability: Pens					
.4 Criteria: Water use	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):			
	Maintain records of water intake. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Verify the farm keeps complete records of water intake.	С		Farm had record of water intake daily for individual pond & calculated for 3 harvested pond.
Indicator: Farm complies with water allocation [16] limits as set by local authorities or a reputable	b. Obtain a statement from local authorities indicating the water allocation limits (units given) for the farm. If local authorities do not set water allocation limits for farms operating in the region, obtain a statement from local authorities attesting to this fact.	B. Review the water allocation limits set for the farm by local authorities. If local authorities do not set water allocation limits, confirm the farm has an attestation.	С		See 1.1.4.b
independent institution [17] 2.4.1 Requirement: Yes	c. If water allocation limits are not set by local authorities (see 2.4.1b), obtain a statement from a reputable independent institution (see Footnote 17) indicating the water allocation limits (units given) for the farm.	C. Review evidence that water allocation limits have been set for the farm by a reputable independent institution (as applicable).	С		See 1.1.4.b
Applicability: Ponds	d. Demonstrate the reputability of the $$ authority/institution identified in 2.4.1(b) by providing peer reviewed articles and/or reports on water allocation (if applicable).	D. Review evidence for reputability of the authority/institution responsible for water allocation (as applicable).	С		See 1.1.4.b
	e. Calculate the farm's water intake on a crop-by-crop basis to show compliance with water allocation limits.	E. Check the farm's water intake against the water allocation limits. Verify compliance with limits set by local authority. Cross-check against reported values for total water abstracted (see 2.4.2).	С		Cross-check against reported values for total water abstracted (2.4.2): Conformity
	rface water is defined as "water collecting on the ground or in a stream, river, lake, we	tland or ocean." Groundwater is defined as "water beneath the earth's surface that			
	soull to see all the see to refer to the contribution of the second short contribution of the first fi	and the Association of Colombia Characteristics			
	tter" is used here in place of the original term "surficial water" that appeared in the Par ernment organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked spec				
ootnot [17] A reputable independent institution can be a gove		ifically to the aquaculture sector, but has generated water use parameters for the			
ootnot [17] A reputable independent institution can be a gove	ernment organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked spec	Ifically to the aquaculture sector, but has generated water use parameters for the les and/or reports on water allocation. Documents produced for a sector other than acted per Ton of Fish Produced is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform ty-crop basis) and then using those results to determine a farm-wide average across the production cycle;			
control [17] A reputable independent institution can be a gow region, or is responsible for water allocation. Reputab Indicator: For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in	erment organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specility of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed artice. Instruction to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstrances Of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a cropball ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond: - compute the total volume of water abstracted ("EV") in cubic meters (m 3 during compute the total weight of fish produced ("A") in metric tons at harvest time; and -calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until Q has been deter Q ₃ Q _n) to compute the farm-wide average, or Q _{avg} . a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1.	Ifically to the aquaculture sector, but has generated water use parameters for the les and/or reports on water allocation. Documents produced for a sector other than acted per Ton of Fish Produced is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform ty-crop basis) and then using those results to determine a farm-wide average across the production cycle;	C		There are water intake record for all ponds. Check record of 3 harvested ponds in total 14 ponds: pond C7, C8 and C14, all records are accuracy.
indicator: For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in	erment organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specility of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed articlinstruction to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstrances Of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a cropball ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond: - compute the total volume of water abstracted ("TEV") in cubic meters (m 3) during - compute the total weight of fish produced ("A") in metric tons at harvest time; and - calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until Q has been deter Q_3Q_n) to compute the farm-wide average, or $Q_{\rm avg}$. a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1	ifically to the aquaculture sector, but has generated water use parameters for the les and/or reports on water allocation. Documents produced for a sector other than acted per Ton of Fish Produced is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform y-crop basis) and then using those results to determine a farm-wide average across the production cycle; mined for each pond that was harvested. Use the Q values from each pond (Q 1/2).	c		harvested ponds in total 14 ponds: pond C7, C8 and C14, all records are accuracy. Available harvesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds, checking harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14, record detail with
Indicator: For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in Annex D) Requirement: 5,000 m3/metric ton of fish produced	rement organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specifity of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed artic Instruction to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstr Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a crop-tall ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond: compute the total volume of water abstracted ("TEV") in cubic meters (m 3) during compute the total weight of fish produced ("A") in metric tons at harvest time; and calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until Q has been deter Q_3Q_n) to compute the farm-wide average, or Q_avg. a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Review calculations against intake records to confirm accuracy.			harvested ponds in total 14 ponds: pond C7, C8 and C14, all records are accuracy. Available harvesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds, checking harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14, record detail with number of harvest days, harvesting quantity for each day, quanti of each transportation boat per day. Farm have calculated harvesting quantity for three harvested
Indicator: For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in Annex D) Requirement: 5,000 m3/metric ton of fish produced	rement organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specility of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed artic Instruction to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstr Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a crop-tial ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond: compute the total volume of water abstracted ("TEV") in cubic meters (m ³) during recompute the total volume of water abstracted ("TEV") in cubic meters (m ³) during recompute the total weight of fish produced ("A") in metric tons at harvest time; and -calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until Q has been deter Q ₃ Q _n) to compute the farm-wide average, or Q _{avg} . a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). b. Maintain records showing amount of fish harvested from each pond.	acted per Ton of Fish Produced is the ratio of Fish Produced is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of Fish Produced is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform sy-crop basis) and then using those results to determine a farm-wide average across the production cycle; Mined for each pond that was harvested. Use the Q values from each pond (Q 1, Q2, Q3) A. Review calculations against intake records to confirm accuracy. B. Verify the farm keeps records showing the amount of fish harvested. C. Review calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. If needed, reconcile the totals with the weight of any fish that	С		harvested ponds in total 14 ponds: pond C7, C8 and C14, all records are accuracy. Available harvesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds, checking harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14, record detail with number of harvest days, harvesting quantity for each day, quanti of each transportation boat per day. Farm have calculated harvesting quantity for three harvested
Indicator: For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in Annex D) Requirement: 5,000 m3/metric ton of fish produced	rement organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specility of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed artic Instruction to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstr Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a crop-tial ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond: compute the total volume of water abstracted ("TEV") in cubic meters (m³) during recompute the total weight of fish produced ("A") in metric tons at harvest time; and -calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until Q has been deter Q ₃ Q _n) to compute the farm-wide average, or Q _{avg} . a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). b. Maintain records showing amount of fish harvested from each pond. c. Calculate the total weight of fish produced (in metric tons) from each pond. d. For each pond, calculate the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced (see above instructions and Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard as an	A. Review calculations against intake records to confirm accuracy. B. Verify the farm keeps records showing the amount of fish harvested. C. Review calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. If needed, reconcile the totals with the weight of any fish that were farm's calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. D. Review Calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. D. Review Calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. C. Review calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. C. Review farm's calculations for accuracy. Cross-check that water volumes (2.4.2a) and harvest weights (2.4.2b) from individual ponds can be reconciled with total	C C		harvested ponds in total 14 ponds: pond C7, C8 and C14, all records are accuracy. Available harvesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds, checking harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14, record detail with number of harvest days, harvesting quantity for each day, quanti of each transportation boat per day. Farm have calculated harvesting quantity for three harvested pond, check data pond C7, C8 and C14: calculation were accuracy. Cross check calculation of pond C7, C8 and C14 with water volumes (2.4.2a) and harvest weights (2.4.2b): showing
Indicator: For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in Annex D) Requirement: 5,000 m3/metric ton of fish produced Applicability: Ponds	rement organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specility of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed articular to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstr Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a cropball ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond: - compute the total volume of water abstracted ("EV") in cubic meters (m 3) during - compute the total volume of water abstracted ("EV") in cubic meters (m 3) during - calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until Q has been deter Q ₂ Q _n) to compute the farm-wide average, or Q _{avg} . a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). b. Maintain records showing amount of fish harvested from each pond. c. Calculate the total weight of fish produced (in metric tons) from each pond. d. For each pond, calculate the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced (see above Instructions and Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard as an example).	and/or reports on water allocation. Documents produced for a sector other than acted per Ton of Fish Produced is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform the rough of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform the rough of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform the production cycle; Make the produc	c c		harvested ponds in total 14 ponds: pond C7, C8 and C14, all records are accuracy. Available harvesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds, checking harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14, record detail with number of harvest days, harvesting quantity for each day, quanti of each transportation boat per day. Farm have calculated harvesting quantity for three harvested pond, check data pond C7, C8 and C14: calculation were accuracy cross check calculation of pond C7, C8 and C14 with water volumes (2.4.2a) and harvest weights (2.4.2b): showing conformity. Check farm-wide average calculation of 3 harvesting ponds, resu

3.1 Criti	eria: Nutrient utilization efficiency							
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):					
		Instruction to Clients for Indicators 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 - Laboratory Analysis of TP and 1 a. Maintain records showing the type of feed and the amount used. This requirement applies to all feed used in the crops that are included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Confirm the farm has complete and accurate records for feed used.				NA	N/A. Pond
	Indicator: Maximum amount of total phosphorus (TP) [19] added as feed per metric ton of fish produced.	b. Obtain relevant declarations of TP content from feed suppliers for all feed used in the crops included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Verify the farm has obtained declarations for TP content in feed.				NA	N/A. Pond
3.1.1	Requirement: 20 kg/t Applicability: Pens and Cages	c. Provide evidence that the farm tested TP from a representative sample of feeds (see instructions) to verify that declarations from the feed supplier are accurate and that the feed is within limits stated in declarations (as applicable).	C. Review evidence to confirm that farm checks whether TP content is reported accurately by feed suppliers (if applicable).				NA	N/A. Pond
		d. Use results of 3.1.1a and 3.1.1b to calculate the amount of TP in kilograms (kg) added to each enclosure. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	D. Review farm's calculations. Cross-check purchase records against the feed quantities reported by the farm.				NA	N/A. Pond
		e. Using total weight of fish produced (answer from 2.4.2c), calculate the amount of TP added as feed per metric ton of fish produced. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	E. Review farm's calculations to confirm the farm complies with the Requirement.				NA	N/A. Pond
Footno	[19] TP includes all forms of phosphorus found in the sa	imple (Adapted from Australian Government, Department of Meteorology).						
		Note: see instructions for Indicator 3.1.1		><	><	> <	\times	
		 a. Maintain records showing the type of feed and the amount used. This requirement applies to all feed used in the crops that are included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	A. Confirm the farm has complete and accurate records for feed used.				NA	N/A. Pond
	Indicator: Maximum amount of total nitrogen (TN) [20] added as feed [21] per metric ton of fish produced.	 b. Obtain relevant declarations of TN content from feed suppliers for all feed used in the crops included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	B. Verify the farm has obtained declarations for TN content in feed.				NA	N/A. Pond
3.1.2	Requirement: 70 kg/t	c. Provide evidence that the farm tested TN from a representative sample of feeds (see instructions) to verify that declarations from the feed supplier are accurate and that the feed is within limits stated in declarations (as applicable).	C. Review evidence to confirm that farm checks whether TN content is reported accurately by feed suppliers (if applicable).				NA	N/A. Pond
	Applicability: Pens and Cages	d. Use results of 3.1.2a and 3.1.2b to calculate the amount of TN in kilograms (kg) added to each enclosure. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	D. Review farm's calculations. Cross-check purchase records against the feed quantities reported by the farm.				NA	N/A. Pond
		 Using total weight of fish produced (answer from 2.4.2c), calculate the amount of TP added as feed per metric ton of fish produced. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	E. Review farm's calculations to confirm the farm complies with the Requirement.				NA	N/A. Pond
Footno	[20] TN means the measure of all forms of nitrogen fou	nd in the sample, including nitrate, nitrite, ammonia N and organic forms of nitrogen	(Australian Government, Department of Meteorology).	><	><	><	X	
Footno		where or how they are produced, and applies to all farms seeking certification. Farms	s that meet the requirements should be able to demonstrate compliance, regardless					
е	of whether their feed is made by a commercial feed mil				_	$/ \setminus$		
		Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.1.3 and 3.1.4 - Sampling and Laboratory Analys Determination of the concentration of total phosphorus (TP) in water samples shall be concentration of total nitrogen (TN) in water samples shall be made using the metho laboratory that is accredited to perform these analyses in accordance with ISO 17025 Farms will measure the amount of TP and TN disharged from a minimum of 1 pond in record the number and identity of selected ponds before sampling. Required proced - two water samples are taken: one from the pond (=pond water) and one from the i all water samples collections are done following the methodology provided by a fully the day of the audit. The accredited laboratory will be required to verify that samplin - all water samples are collected in second half of crop production (i.e. ≥ 90 days after pond water samples are collected at 55% of pond depth - all water samples are collected before 11:00am - pond water samples are collected before 1	he made using the method: Kejidahl and Indo-phenol Blue. Determination of the di: Kejdahl and Ascorbic acid. Determinations will be made by a fully independent is. In production, at least one of these ponds shall be randomly selected. The farm must ures for collecting water samples are as follows: Intake (=intake water). The two samples are taken on the same day. Independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory and will be available to the certifier at gw was conducted in accordance with this methodology.					
3.1.3	Indicator: Amount of TP discharged per metric ton of fish produced (See TP measurement methodology and calculation in Annex D) Requirement: 7.2 kg/t Applicability: Ponds	 - If samples are out of compliance, farm takes corrective actions prior to ASC audit - in case of non-compliancies, farm does have the water sampled by accredited laborator - all sampling results are supplied to auditor by the accredited laboratory to show the Standard 						
		a. Specify the name and relevant qualifications/accreditations of the independent laboratory that is used to perform water quality monitoring and a copy of the contract specifying that water sampling and analyses are to be conducted in line with instructions for 3.1.3	A. Confirm the laboratory is suitably qualified and briefed to conduct water sampling and analyses.	С				There are statements by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Trung tâm ứng dung và chuyển giao công nghệ tinh Kiên Giang: VILAS 494" showing that their staff collected pond water, intake & discharge water samples OK.
		b. Obtain laboratory results for TP concentration in pond water samples and intake water samples.	B. Review laboratory results for TP concentration.	С				Lab result preview: conformity

be total volume of seat of discharged planes from A. 34, of sing the crop problems of the cold volume of seat of planes of local action for the Table for th
of the AC Programs Standard to calculate amount of 17 discharged period. In Standard to calculate amount of 17 discharged period. In Standard to a calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide. It is required to the calculate the form wide the calculate the calcul
word amount of TD distrates per metric to of find produced. Mote is envirous in Strategy and the control of the produced per metric to of find produced.
a. Specify the name and relevant qualifications/accreditations of the independent shortsory is unitably qualified to conduct water sampling and analyses. A Confirm the laboratory is unitably qualified to conduct water sampling and analyses. A Confirm the laboratory is unitably qualified to conduct water sampling and analyses. A Confirm the laboratory is unitably qualified to conduct water sampling and analyses. A Confirm the laboratory is unitably qualified to conduct water sampling and analyses. A Confirm the laboratory is unitably qualified to conduct water sampling and analyses. A Confirm the laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and that was an analyses and instale analyses. A Confirm the laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Confirm the laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Confirm the laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Confirm the laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and samples and instale analyses. A Review laboratory results for TV concentration. C C Unitable samples and sample
a. Specify the name and relevant qualification/accreditations of the independent and adoption. Indicator: Amount of TN discharged per motit tour of fish produced (See TN measurement methodology and adoption). Indicator: Amount of TN discharged per motit tour of fish produced (See TN measurement methodology and adoption). Indicator: 2.75 kg/t Applicability: Ponds Appl
acticulation in Annex D) acticulation in Annex D) c. For each point, dientify the total weight of fish produced janswer from 2.4.2c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.2c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c), and the total volume of water discharge glanswer from 2.4.3c). b. Le the FM values from band c (above) into the roal TM discharge formula (lance to the water security to of fish produced per pond. Repeat for each pond that was sampled. b. Le the FM values from band c (above) into the roal TM discharge formula (lance to control to of the ASC Passagus standed) to calculate an extension of the manufacture for the values from band c (above) into the values from band c (above) into the values from band c (above) into the roal TM discharge was <27.5 kg / 16 glanswer from 2.4.2c), and the values from band c (above) into the values from band c (above) into the values from band c (above) into the values of the values
Requirement: 27 5 kg/f Applicability: Ponds Applicability: Ponds 6 Enter the values from band c (above) into the Total TN discharge formula (Annex Or of the ASC Pagalosis Standard) to coloidate amount of TN discharged per metric ton of fish produced per pond. Repeat for each pond that was sampled. 2 On the ASC Pagalosis Standard to coloidate amount of TN discharged per metric ton of fish produced per pond. Repeat for each pond that was sampled. 3.2 Otternix Measuring water quality in necessing water quality in necessing water against in the pond of the development of the produced. 3.2 Otternix Measuring water quality in necessing water against in the pond of the po
d. Eiter the values from band c (above) into the Total TN discharge Formula (Annex. Or the XAC Pragasis Standard) to calculate more for M discharged per metric ton of fish produced per pond. Repeat for each pond that was sampled. e. Use the TN values [answer of Thor different ponds and to calculate the farm-wide part of the Requirement.] 3.2 Citerios: Measuring water quality in receiving water body Compliance Citeria (Required Client Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required Cli Actions): Intrituction to Clients for Indicator 3.2.1. Measuring Percent Change in Diurnal Dissolved Oxygen Farms shall monitor the percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving waters. Dissolved oxygen (DQ) concentration is reported relative to DQ as saturation for percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving waters below the water surface. For each shall monitor the percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving waters below the water surface. To one each sample quity vivo Do on measurements are taken at 10 a meters below the water surface. The percentage change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving water body and as close as practical to the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 2000 from the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 2000 from the point of discharge in addition, the percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving water body and as close as practical to the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 2000 from the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 2000 from the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 2000 from the point of discharge in addition, the following procedures are followed: One each sample quity vivo Do one sasurements are taken at 10 a meter before survive and 22 hours before survive for the value of the farm TP and TN is lower than that of the intake water. This applies reg
average amount of TP discharged per metric ton of fish produced. Requirement. Sequired Claim Actions Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):
Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.2.1 - Measuring Percent Change in Diurnal Dissolved Oxygen (DO) concentration is reported relative to DO at saturation for the water's specific salinity, temperature and altitude. DO is measured using a hand-held oxygen meter or a more accurate (chemical) method, with accuracy established in peer-reviewed documents. The location of measurements rate receiving water body and as close as practical to the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 200m from the point of discharge. In addition, the following procedures are followed: - Do monitoring is conducted forthightly (i.e. once very two weeks) - On each sampling day, two DO measurements are taken at 3.1 hour before sunrise and at 2 hours before sunrise and at 2 hours before sunset (+/- 30 min). - Do measurements are taken at 0.3 meters below the water staken at 1.0 hour before sunrise and at 2 hours before sunrise and at 2 hours before sunset (+/- 30 min). - Do measurements are taken at 0.3 meters below it where the value of the farm TP and TN is lower than that of the intake water. - Trial sapplies regardless of whether the receiving water is eutrophic. See Indicators 3.3.1 and 3.3.2 for more information about measuring differences in TN and TP between pond inlet and outlet. - Porvide DO measurements. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe.
Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.2.1 - Measuring Percent Change in Diurnal Dissolved Oxygen Farms shall monitor the percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in creeking waters. Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration is reported relative to DO at saturation for the water's specific salinity, temperature and slatifue. Do is measured using a hand-held oxygen meter or a more accurate (chemical) method, with accuracy established in peer-reviewed documents. The location of measurements should be the first natural receiving water body and as close as practical to the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding. In addition, the following procedures are followed: - Do monitoring is conducted forthightly (i.e. once every two weeks) - On each sampling day, two DO measurements are taken at 0.3 meters below the water surface Temperature and salinity is recorded at the same time that DO is measured. Note 1: An exemption to Indicator 3.2.1 is made for farms that have "cleaner" water (i.e. where the value of the farm TP and TN is lower than that of the intake water. This applies regardless of whether the receiving water is eutrophic. See Indicators 3.3.1 and 3.3.2 for more information about measuring differences in TN and TP between pond inlet and outlet. a. Provide DO measurements. a. A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. C Available of DO measure one per two week, during 8 months temperature. An exception is made for prodist that discharge water with TN and TP lower than the TN and TP lover than the TN
Farms shall monitor the percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving waters. Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration is reported relative to DO at saturation for the water's specific sainity, temperature and altitude. DO is measured using a hand-held oxygen meter or a more accurate (chemical) method, with accuracy established in peer-reviewed documents. The location of measurements should be the first natural receiving water body and as close as practical to the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 200m from the point of discharge. In addition, the following procedures are followed: - DO monitoring is conducted fortnightly (i.e. once every two weeks) - On each sampling day, two DO measurements are taken at 3.1 hour before sunrise and at 2 hours before sunset (+/- 30 min). - DO measurements are taken at 3.3 afters below the sarry sarface. - Temperature and salinity is recorded at the same time that DO is measured. Note 1: An exemption to Indicator: Percentage change in diurnal dissolved oxygen [22] (DO) of receiving waters [23] relative to DO at saturation for the water's specific salinity and temperature. An exercitor is made for ponds that demperature. An exercitor is made for ponds that demperature. An exercitor is made for ponds that discharge water with TN and TD lower than the TN and TP of the intake water respectively (see DO measurements.) - Provide DO measurements. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset of confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe. - A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required.
oxygen [22] (DO) of receiving waters [23] relative to DO at saturation for the water's specific salinity and temperature. An exception is made for ponds that discharge water with TN and TP lower than the TN and Six and the water respectively (see DO measurement methodology in Annex D) 3.2.1 TP of the intake water respectively (see DO measurement methodology in Annex D) 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required. 8. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required.
temperature. An exception is made for ponds that discharge water with TN and TP lower than the TN and Ts lower than the T
discharge water with TN and TP lower than the TN and TP lower the TN and TP lower than the TN and TP lower than the TN and TP lower than the TN and TP lower the TN and TP lower the TN and TN an
A SPECIFIC ALL
Applicability: All c. Calculate percent change in DDO for each monitoring date using the equation in Annex D. C. Review calculations to confirm accuracy. C. Review calculations to confirm accuracy. C C Checking data & formula for individual calculations, results was accuracy.
d. Use results of 3.2.1c to calculate the average percent change in DDO over the entire 12-month monitoring period. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. C C C C C C C C C C C C C
E. Witness the farm measuring DO to confirm compliance with procedures. On-site values should fall within range of farm data for DDO. If an out of range measurement is observed, raise a non-conformity. E. Witness the farm measuring DO to confirm compliance with procedures. On-site values should fall within range of farm data for DDO. If an out of range measuremeth is observed, raise a non-conformity. Additor has witness farm staff to measure DO at 5:05 am & 4 pm: measure method was apply following standard guideline DDO results were within range of value of previous 8 months
122] DO is the concentration of oxygen dissolved in water, expressed in mg/l or as percent saturation, where saturation is the maximum amount of oxygen that can theoretically be dissolved in water at a given altitude and
[23] "Receiving water" is the first natural water body that receives the water from the farm and does not belong to the farm. 3.3 Criteria: Measuring quality of pond effluents Water quality of pond effluents [24]
5.5 Cineria. Weassuring quanty of portal efficients water quanty of portal efficients water quanty of portal efficients (Required Client Actions): Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):
Footnot e [24] This criteria is not pertinent to either cage or pen cultures.

3	3.3.1 F	ndicator: Maximum average percentage change of P between inlet and outlet (See TP measurement nethodology and TP discharge formula in Annex D). tequirement: 100%	Instruction to Clients on Indicators 3.3.1 and 3.3.2 - Measuring Change In TP and TN Determination of the concentration of total phosphorus (TP) in water samples shall be concentration of total nitrogen (TN) in water samples shall be made using the method laboratory that is accredited to perform these analyses in accordance with ISO 17025 the methodology set in the ASC Pangasius Standard and this Audit Manual. Farms will measure the change in TP and TN from only a subset of the total number o number). At least one of these ponds shall be randomly selected. The farm must reco collecting water samples are as follows: - samples are collected by staff from the fully independent accredited laboratory; - samples are collected by staff from the fully independent accredited laboratory water. For farms using a water treatment system this co - samples are collected from the 'inlet' and the 'outlet' (inlet = the water in the intake car discharged, not the receiving water. For farms using a water treatment system this co - samples are collected from pond inlets and outlets during the second half of crop pr - on each sampling day, at least two samples are collected from the outlet and these at - at a minimum the farm must sample from one pond per year. Percent Change in TP = (Outlet TP Conc.) - (Inlet TP Conc.) / (Inlet TP Conc.) x 100 Percent Change in TN = (Outlet TN Conc.) - (Inlet TP Conc.) / (Inlet TP Conc.) x 100 When more than one pond is sampled, determine a "farm-vide average" by calculatif for first audits, farm records for monitoring percent change in TP and TN must cover:	e made using the method: Kejldahl and Indo-phenol Blue. Determination of the it Kejdahl and Ascorbic acid. Determinations will be made by a fully independent Laboratory results will be accompanied by a statement that indicates compliance to f ponds in production: 15% of all ponds (value rounded up to the nearest whole rd the number and selection of ponds before sampling. Required procedures for hal, as close as possible to the farm being certified. Outlet = the actual water being uld be the water in the final part of the treatment system before being discharged); oduction (i.e. ≥ 90 days after stocking); are taken at least 1 hour apart (use the average value in calculations below); and		
			a. Provide laboratory results for TP in water samples from inlet and outlet.	A. Review laboratory results for TP.	С	Three ponds were sampling for testing of TP. Check results for TP testing on pond C7, C8 and C14 on 23 Jan 2013, result were accuracy.
			 b. For each pond, calculate the percent change of TP between inlet and outlet on each sampling day using the equation shown above. 	B. Review calculations to verify accuracy.	С	Check TP calculations for 3 pond, data were accurate
			c. Use results of 3.3.1(b) to calculate the average percent change in TP over the entire monitoring period.	C. Confirm the average percent change in TP is ≤ 100%. If any single value falls outside limits, raise a non-conformity.	С	Check TP calculations for 3 ponds, all value were <100%.
			d. Provide evidence of the on-site visit for the sampling of pond effluents for TP and TN by staff from the accredited laboratory.	·	С	Witness Lab staff sampling inlet & outlet water samples for TN testing: sampling method was compliance with standards guideline.
			Note: see instructions for Indicator 3.3.1			Three ponds were sampling for testing of TN. Check results for TP
	1	ndicator: Maximum average percentage change of N between inlet [25] and outlet [26] (See TN neasurement methodology and TN discharge formula	a. Provide laboratory results for TN in water samples from inlet and outlets.	A. Review laboratory results for TN.	С	testing on pond C7, C8 and C14 on 23 Jan 2013, result were accuracy.
3		n Annex D).	 For each pond, calculate the percent change of TN between inlet and outlet on each sampling day using the equation shown above. 	B. Review calculations to verify accuracy.	С	Check TN calculations for 3 pond, data were accurate
	F	tequirement:: 70%	c. Use results of 3.3.2(b) to calculate the average percent change in TN over the entire monitoring period.	C. Confirm the average percent change in TN is ≤ 70%. If any single value falls outside limits, raise a non-conformity.	С	Check TN calculations for 3 ponds, all value were <70%.
	ļ	Applicability: Ponds	d. During the on-site vist, arrange for the auditor to observe sampling of pond effluents for TP and TN.	D. Witness sampling for TP and TN to confirm compliance with procedures.	С	Witness Lab staff sampling inlet & outlet water samples for TN testing: sampling method was compliance with standards guideline.
Fo	otnot e	25] Inlet: The water in the intake canal, as close as pos	sible to the farm or pond being certified.			
Fo	otnot e	26] Outlet: The actual water being discharged, not the	receiving water.			
		ndicator: Minimum dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration	Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.3.3 - Measuring DO in Water Discharged See Indicator 3.2.1 for a general description of the equipment and method used to m discharged (i.e. measure DO in the actual water being discharged, not in the receiving part of the treatment system before being discharged). Test DO at least once per wee	water. For farms using a water treatment system this could be the water in the final		
	i	n water discharged (See DO measurement methodology on Annex D)	a. Provide records of DO in water discharged to the natural environment. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months	A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe.	С	Measure DO of waste water channel near discharge point 1/week. Measure was done during 7 months
3	i.3.3	sequirement: 3 mg/l	b. Use data from all weekly measurements to calculate the average DO in water discharged over the entire monitoring period. For first audits, farm records must cover 2 3 months.	B. Confirm DO in water discharged by farm is ≥ 3 mg/l. If any single value falls outside limits, raise a non-conformity.	С	There is no single value fall under 3 mg/l.
			c. During the on site visit, make arrangements for the auditor to observe calibration of equipment and measurements.	C. During the on-site visit, observe how the farm calibrates equipment and takes DO measurements (or takes samples for chemical analysis) to confirm compliance.	С	On-site visit: observe farm technician calibrates equipment and takes DO measurements, all was compliance.
3.4	1 Criteri	a: Sludge disposal for ponds and pens, not cages [27]	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):		
			nthic monitoring included, as cages account for a small percentage of production. This			
	e <mark>s</mark>	ignificantly.	a. Provide a detailed sludge management plan (also see 3.5.1). The plan will ensure that no sludge in any form is discharged directly into receiving waters or natural ecosystems.	A. Review the farm's sludge management plan.	С	- Farm had sludge management plan QLCT ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12" and fish health management plan which is modify that the sludge will be storage at farm. Sludge in ponds were schedule for emptying one per two month & after harvesting.
- 1	- 1			I.		

		Indicator: Evidence that sludge is not discharged directly into receiving waters or natural ecosystems	 b. Maintain records of sludge disposal to show volume or weight and condition (i.e. fresh or dried) when disposed. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 3 months. 	B. Review records to confirm appropriate disposal according to plan.	С		l l	These are sludge disposal records for all pond, check record of 03 harvested pond: pond C7, C8 and C14, have record of date, volume of sludge disposal & storing destination.
3	.4.1	[28] Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	c. If sludge is transferred (e.g. for agricultural use), obtain a declaration from the receiving party that specifies the sludge volume, delivery date, and expected use. The party shall declare that the sludge will not be discharged directly into receiving waters or natural ecosystems.	C. If yes to (c), confirm farm has appropriate documentary evidence.	С		f -	- There are contracts "Công ty Công trình đô thị tỉnh Bến Tre": that sludge with be disposal into fruit garden, sludge will use to made fertilizer. - Available of sludge disposal volume calculation of all ponds for one cycle and calculation of all sludge storing area volume. Checking these calculation showing conformity.
			d. If a sludge repository is used, provide a map showing its location within the farm or documents showing legal access to the repository (either ownership or a statement from the owner of right of use).	D. If yes to (d), inspect sludge repository during on-site visit.	С			On-site visit: there are 04 sluge repository pond with some area already have sludge on.
			-	E. During local community and employee interviews, verify there is no evidence that the farm discharged sludge directly into receiving waters on natural ecosystems	С			Community interview: no evidence of farm discharge sludge directly into receiving waters on natural ecosystems.
Foo		[28] "The complex of a community and its environment aquatic ecosystems are considered.	functioning as an ecological unit in nature." More simply, it's both living and non-livi	ng things that interact with each other. In these standards, both the terrestrial and				
3	12	Indicator: Evidence of a sludge repository of appropriate size (See Sludge Repository formula in Annex D)	A Sludge Repository Formula is given in Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard. Farm (minimum volume) of a sludge repository. Farms may, for example, document their must be considered in the calculation. For 'Area of Pond', consider only the area of the	calculations in the sludge management plan (see 3.4.1a). All sludge areas and volumes				
	ľ	Requirement: Yes Applicability: Farms managing the sludge using a	a. Provide calculations showing the sludge repository is of appropriate size.	A. Review farm's calculations to verify accuracy. Confirm compliance.	С			There are calculation volume of sludge repository areas, calculation result were conformity.
	ı	repository	b. Provide evidence of legal access to the sludge repository (see 3.4.1c).	B. During on-site visit, inspect the farm's sludge repository.	С			On-site visit: there are 04 sluge repository pond with some area already have sludge on.
3.5	Criteri	ia: Waste managerment	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):	$\times >$	<>><	\times	
			a. Prepare a plan for farm solid waste management. The plan may encompass other forms of farm-generated wastes (see 3.4.1, 3.5.2, 3.5.3, and 3.5.4).	A. Review the farm's solid waste management plan.	С		l l	There is a Solid wastes management plan QLCT ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 and it is include management plan for all kind of wastes (see 3.4.1, 3.5.2, 3.5.3, 3.5.4).
		Indicator: Evidence of farm solid wastes being	b. During the on-site visit, arrange for the auditor to inspect the farm's solid waste	B. Inspect the farm for any evidence of solid waste (e.g. bags, containers) being	С			On-site visit: no evidence of solid wastes discharged into the
					C			natural environment surrounding the farm.
3	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All	management system.	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges.	С		-	natural environment surrounding the farm. - Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK.
3	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment		discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges.			-	- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect &
	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All Indicator: Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment	management system. a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges. A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid	С		1	- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK. Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid
	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All Indicator: Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None	a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system for removal of human and animal solid waste. Allow the auditor to inspect. b. For septic systems, provide a schedule for emptying and maintenance (see	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges. A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment.	С		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK. Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid waste discharge into the environment. - Septic toilet empty schedule modify in ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 detail about frequency Maintenances schedule of septic version 01 isued 01 June 2012.
	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All Indicator: Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All	a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system for removal of human and animal solid waste. Allow the auditor to inspect. b. For septic systems, provide a schedule for emptying and maintenance (see 3.5.4c). c. During the on-site visit, provide the auditor with locations of all septic toilets and	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges. A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment. B. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule. C. Inspect septic toilets to verify there is no leakage or direct discharge into the	c c c		11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK. Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid waste discharge into the environment Septic toilet empty schedule modify in ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 detail about frequency Maintenances schedule of septic version 01 isued 01 June 2012. Available daily record of septic toilet maintenance.
	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All Indicator: Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All	a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system for removal of human and animal solid waste. Allow the auditor to inspect. b. For septic systems, provide a schedule for emptying and maintenance (see 3.5.4c). c. During the on-site visit, provide the auditor with locations of all septic toilets and a schedule for their emptying and maintenance.	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges. A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment. B. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule. C. Inspect septic toilets to verify there is no leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment. Verify that empying and maintenance follow the schedule.	c c c		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt. - Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK. - Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid waste discharge into the environment. - Septic toilet empty schedule modify in ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 detail about frequency. - Maintenances schedule of septic version 01 isued 01 June 2012. - Available daily record of septic toilet maintenance. - Septic toilet inspect: Toilet are clean, no evidence of leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment.
	.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All Indicator: Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All	a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system for removal of human and animal solid waste. Allow the auditor to inspect. b. For septic systems, provide a schedule for emptying and maintenance (see 3.5.4c). c. During the on-site visit, provide the auditor with locations of all septic toilets and a schedule for their emptying and maintenance. d. Provide evidence for burial of animal feces (as applicable).	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges. A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment. B. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule. C. Inspect septic toilets to verify there is no leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment. Verify that empying and maintenance follow the schedule. D. Inspect site to verify that the farm buries any animal feces (if applicable).	c c c c c			- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK. Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid waste discharge into the environment Septic toilet empty schedule modify in ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 detail about frequency Maintenances schedule of septic version 01 isued 01 June 2012 Available daily record of septic toilet maintenance Septic toilet inspect: Toilet are clean, no evidence of leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment OK, No animal at farm. The contract to build the camp office and store food, including the
3	5.5.1	discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All Indicator: Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment Requirement: None Applicability: All	a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system for removal of human and animal solid waste. Allow the auditor to inspect. b. For septic systems, provide a schedule for emptying and maintenance (see 3.5.4c). c. During the on-site visit, provide the auditor with locations of all septic toilets and a schedule for their emptying and maintenance. d. Provide evidence for burial of animal feces (as applicable). e. Identify septic toilets in construction contracts if possible.	discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm. C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges. A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment. B. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule. C. Inspect septic toilets to verify there is no leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule. D. Inspect site to verify that the farm buries any animal feces (if applicable). E. Review construction contracts (if applicable).	c c c c c c			- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK. Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid waste discharge into the environment Septic toilet empty schedule modify in ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 detail about frequency Maintenances schedule of septic version 01 isued 01 June 2012. Available daily record of septic toilet maintenance. Septic toilet inspect: Toilet are clean, no evidence of leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment OK, No animal at farm. The contract to build the camp office and store food, including the toilet There is a Solid wastes management plan QLCT, ver 1, issued 01 Jun 2012, all chemical & medicine wastes are collect & treatment

			-	C. Confirm that the farm's plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges.	С		Farm has storing room for chemical & medicine wastes. Available receipts of chemical & medicine wastes collect by suppliers.
			Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.5.4 - Preparing a Plan for Disposal of Dead/Mor Prepare a plan for the proper disposal of dead/moribund fish that specifies the mean regular burning, as not allowed); burial; fermentation and use as fertilizer; septic tank statement from aquatic animal health specialist, see Principle 6); sold. Dead fish should never be used for human consumption unless specifically slaughtere	s of disposal using one or more of the following categories: incineration (excluding ;; production of fish meal or fish oil; feed for animals other than pangasius (requires			
			a. Provide auditor with the farm's plan for disposal of dead/moribund fish.	A. Review the farm's plan for compliance with Indicator 3.5.4.	С		There are plan for disposal of dead/moribund fish in SSOP, ver 1, issued 01 Jun 2012": - Dead fish Typically: be sold as fertilizer - Fish die from the disease: Burial.
		Indicator: Evidence of proper disposal [30] of	b. <u>burial, incineration, fermentation:</u> plan identifies processes, location(s) and containers.	B. Verify by inspection (as applicable).	С		There are some areas for dead/moribund fish burial with lime cover above and no evidence of pollution.
3	3.5.4	dead/moribund fish Requirement:: Yes	 c. <u>septic tank</u>: plan gives procedures for disposal of fish in septic tanks, specifies the schedule for emptying tanks, and identifies personnel involved (e.g. contracts with external parties). 	C. Verify by review of documentary evidence (as applicable).		NA	N/A, no use of septic tank.
		Applicability: All	d. <u>production of fish meal or fish oil</u> : specified in plan (if done by farm). Note that this option is allowed only if aquatic animal health specialist rules out pesticides.	D. Verify by inspection (as applicable).		NA	NA, no use dead/moribund fish for production of fishmeal or fish oil
			e. feed for animals other than pangasius (excluding fish meal and fish oil as covered in "d"): Option is allowed only if an aquatic animal health specialist concludes that mortality was not caused by an infectious agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant.	E. Verify that farm obtains written statement(s) from aquatic health specialist (as applicable).		NA	NA, no use dead/moribund fish to made feed for other animals.
			f. <u>sold</u> ; Plan identifies the option of sales. For all sales, the farm must prepare a contract that states how the buyer will use the dead fish. If intended as animal feed (either directly or as fish meal/oil) the contract and the statement of the specialist confirm compliance with requirements.	F. Verify by review of documentary evidence (as applicable).	С		Check records pond No. C7 and C8: fish disease, treatment with antibiotics, recommended by health professionals: all fish dead are buried filled with records.
			-	G. Confirm the farm's plan is effectively implemented. Evidence will include	С		On-site inspect & worker interview: confirm disposals plan was
				interviews with farm workers who confirm that disposals followed the plan.			followed.
Fo			Durial, fermentation and use as fertilizer and production of fish meal or fish oil. Dead fi	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong			Tollowed.
	е		uurial, fermentation and use as fertilizer and production of fish meal or fish oil. Dead fi ious agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant, the fish can be used as feed for animals of	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong			tollowed.
	e 6 Criter	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infec- ria: Energy consumption	ious agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant, the fish can be used as feed for animals of Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong			Tollowed.
	e 6 Criter	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infec- ria: Energy consumption Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per- year per farm in the certification unit):	clous agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant, the fish can be used as feed for animals of	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the	С		There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months.
3.1	e 6 Criter 3.6.1	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infection: Energy consumption Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per	ious agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant, the fish can be used as feed for animals of Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):	c		
3.1	e 6 Criter 3.6.1	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infection. Energy consumption Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong ther than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption.	С		There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full
3.1	e 6 Criter 3.6.1	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infection: Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All E 4. CONSERVE SPECIES DIVERSITY AND WILD POPULAT	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g., receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong ther than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption.	С	Major NC Minor NC NA	There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full
3.1	e 6 Criter 3.6.1	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infection. Energy consumption Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). IONS Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption. B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals. Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):	С	Major NC Minor NC NA	There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full
3.1	e 6 Criter 3.6.1	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infection: Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All E 4. CONSERVE SPECIES DIVERSITY AND WILD POPULAT	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption. B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals. Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):	С	Major NC Minor NC NA	There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full
3.1	e 6 Criter 3.6.1	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infection: Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All E 4. CONSERVE SPECIES DIVERSITY AND WILD POPULAT	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). IONS Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption. B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals. Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):	С	Major NC Minor NC NA	There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full
3.1	e 6 Criteri	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infectia: Energy consumption Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All E-4. CONSERVE SPECIES DIVERSITY AND WILD POPULA in: Presence of pangasius in the water drainage system	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). IONS Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Note: If the farmed species is not indigenous to the river basin and the species does in a Provide a declaration from farm and seed supplier identifying the species (Latin	sh should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption. B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals. Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): ot have a self-recruiting stock established, then Indicator 4.1.1. does not apply. A. Review declarations. Confirm that the farmed species is accurately identified in	c	Major NC Minor NC NA	There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full crop. There is a declarations from seed supplier "Aquatex Ben Tre - Tien
3.1 PP 4.	e 6 Criter 3.6.1 1 Criter	evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infectia: Energy consumption Indicator: Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method. Requirement: Yes Applicability: All - CONSERVE SPECIES DIVERSITY AND WILD POPULATIO: Presence of pangasius in the water drainage system	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Maintain records (e.g., receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Note: If the farmed species is not indigenous to the river basin and the species does reprovide a declaration from farm and seed supplier identifying the species (Latin name) of pangasius farmed. Maintain records of seed purchases.	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption. B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals. Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption. B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals. Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): Ot have a self-recruiting stock established, then Indicator 4.1.1. does not apply. A. Review declarations. Confirm that the farmed species is accurately identified in purchase records.	c	Major NC Minor NC NA	There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months. There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full crop. There is a declarations from seed supplier "Aquatex Ben Tre - Tien Thuy" that fingerling species is "Pangasius hypophthalmus" GPS checking on map, showing farm located in Mekong river

		d. If the species is not indigenous and has a self-recruiting stock established in the river basin, provide documentary evidence (peer-reviewed papers, official government [competent authority] statements or other comparable references on multiple incidences of different age classes at different times and location) indicating that the stock was self recruiting before 1st January 2005.	D. Confirm that documentation shows the farmed species has a self-recruiting stock that was established in the river basin before 1st January 2005.				A NA, Farmed species is indigenous to river basin
		-	E. Verify the identity of the farmed species by direct observation during on-site visit.	С			Check Species during on-site visit showing conformity.
4.1.2	Indicator: If a self-recruiting stock is established, evidence of no negative impacts on the environment [33] Requirement: Yes Applicability: Farms in a river basin where the species is not indigenous and a self-recruiting stock is established	a. Provide documentary evidence: peer-reviewed papers, official government (competent authority) statements or other comparable references indicating no negative impacts. Negative impact by a self-recruiting stock includes but is not restricted to: -changing the genetic diversity of wild pangasius through interbreeding -competition (e.g. displacement of local species) - habitat destruction	A. Review evidence of no negative impact. If a self-recruiting stock has not become established in the river basin, or if the species is indigenous to the river basin, Indicator 4.1.2 is not applicable.			1	A NA, Farmed species is indigenous to river basin
Footnot	[32] Self-recruiting is defined as naturally reproducing.	Peer-reviewed papers, official government (competent authority) statements or other	comparable references on multiple incidences of different age classes at different				
e Footnot	times and location are necessary as evidence.			\longleftrightarrow	\iff	$< \times$	
e		etent authority) statements or other comparable references are necessary as evidence		\times	\nearrow		
4.1.3	Indicator: If the species is not indigenous and does not have a self-recruiting stock established, evidence that the species cannot establish in the river basin [34] Requirement: Yes Applicability: Farms in a river basin where the species	a. Provide peer-reviewed papers based on field data. Theoretical analysis is not acceptable.	A. Review evidence provided by the farm to confirm that the farmed species cannot establish in the river basin.				A NA, Farmed species is indigenous to river basin
	is not indigenous and does not have a self-recruiting stock established						
Footnot	[34] Peer-reviewed publication in a reputable journal is	s required as evidence that the species cannot be established.					
4.2 Crite	ria: Genetic diversity			<u> </u>	<u></u>		
	,	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):				
	Indicator: Demonstration [35] that the seed [36] has	a. Obtain evidence for either of the following: the species is indigenous to the river basin (result from 4.1.1); or a self recruiting stock has established in the river basin (result from 4.1.2).	A. Review evidence to confirm pangasius is indigenous to the river basin or else has a self-recruiting stock established there.	С			See 4.1.1.c
	been generated from the pangasius population naturally reproducing in the river basin [37]	b. Provide a map of the river basin showing the location of the farm (see 2.1.1).	B. Review map to confirm the farm's location coincides with an indigenous pangasius population or a self-recruiting stock that has established in the river basin.	С			See 4.1.1.b
4.2.1	Requirement: Yes Applicability: Farms in a river basin where the species is either indigenous or has a self-recruiting stock	c. Obtain a declaration from seed supplier(s) stating that the seed was generated from broodstock deriving (even if through several generations of spawning in captivity) from the pangasius population naturally reproducing in the river basin.	C. Review declarations. Confirm that the source of the seed is accurately identified in purchase records.	С			There is a declarations from seed supplier "Aquatex Ben Tre - Tien Thuy Fisheries Breeding Centre" that fingerling species is "Pangasius hypophthalmus"
	established	d. For all seed purchases, maintain sufficient records (e.g. receipts) to indentify the river-basin source of broodstock. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	D. Verify that sourcing of seed is in compliance with the Requirement.	С			Checking fingerling source of pond C7, C8 and C14: showing compliance.
Footnot	[35] A thorough map of pangasius establishment that i	indicated the range of the species, as well as distinct stocks, will be necessary.		\times	> <		
Footnot	[36] Throughout these standards, the word "seed" is u	sed for pangasius seed only.					
Footnot e	[37] This standard is applicable to all farms using seed	sourced from either populations which are indigenous or populations which are established	shed before January 2005.				
4.3 Crite	ria: Source of seed			> <	><		
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):				
	Indicator: Allowance for use of wild-caught seed for grow out	a. Provide a declaration that the farm does not use wild-caught seed for grow out.	A. Verify declaration of no wild-caught seed for grow out.	С			There is a declaration signed by farm manager on 25 Feb 2012 confirm that farm does not use wild-caught seed for grow out.
4.3.1	Requirement: None	b. Obtain statement from seed supplier(s) that the seed is not wild-caught (e.g. seed is derived from a broodstock held in captivity).	B. Verify that farm has statements from seed suppliers.	С			There is a statement from seed supplier on 10 Sept 2012 that no use of wild-caught seed.
	Applicability: All	. Maintain seed receipts for all stocking events. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C. Verify the farm maintains accurate records for sourcing of seed.	С			Available records for source of seed stock for each individual pond. Check record of pond C7, C8 and C14: showing conformity.
4.4 Crite	ria: Genetically engineered and hybridized strains			><	><		
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):				
	Indicator: No use of genetically engineered (transgenic) or hybrid seed	a. Provide a declaration that the farm does not use genetically engineered (transgenic) or hybrid seed.	A. Verify declaration of no use of genetically engineered or hybrid strains.	C			There is a declaration signed by farm manager on 25 Feb 2012 confirm that farm does not use of genetically engineered or hybrid strains.
111							

4.4.1	Requirement: Yes		I	l	1
	Applicability: All	b. Obtain statement from seed supplier that the seed is not genetically engineered (transgenic) or hybrid. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	B. Verify that farm maintains statements from seed suppliers.	С	There is a statement from seed supplier on 10 Sept 2012 that no production & sale of engineered or hybrid seed.
Footnot		lism, with the exception of human beings, in which the genetic material has been alter	d in a way that does not occur naturally by mating and/or natural recombination		
4 5 Crite	(Directive 2001/18/EC). eria: Escapees.				
4.5 CITE	ria. Escapces.	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):		
	Indicator: Evidence that inlets and outlets to culture systems and all confinements are equipped with net mesh or grills appropriately sized to retain the stocks	a. Provide farm records indicating fish sizes (e.g. average weight recorded monthly). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Review records for fish size in different holding units.	С	Check the size of fish farms 2 week / time, full record size for all pond fish. Check records pond C7, C8 and C14: sufficient information for whole crops.
4.5.1	in culture preventing fish of any size (in the holding unit being assessed) to escape Requirement: Yes	 b. Maintain records indicating the size of net mesh or grills for the entire farm. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. 	B. Review records for mesh or grill size.	С	Farm diary have record of fish size & mesh size apply for all ponds: 1.5 cm.
	Applicability: All	-	C. During the on-site visit, inspect the size of net mesh or grills to confirm compliance.	С	on-site inspect: ask for farm staff to made diving for mesh checking at pond C8, it is showing compliance.
	Indicator: Evidence of regular, timely inspections (at least once a day); mitigation and repairs are performed on net mesh or grills and recorded in a	a. Provide farm records for daily inspection of net mesh or grills used in production (e.g. grow-out) units.	A. Review records to verify inspections are regular and timely.	С	There are record of mesh size checking & maintenances for all ponds. Check record of pond C7, C8 and C14: mesh checking maintenance had been done daily for full crop.
4.5.2	permanent register (available for inspection) Requirement: Yes	b. Keep records of mitigation and repairs in a permanent register. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Review the register to verify repairs are performed and recorded.	С	See 4.5.2.a
	Applicability: All	c. Arrange for the auditor to observe an inspection during the on-site visit.	c. Witness the farm performing an inpection of meshes and grills to confirm that the program is effective.	С	on-site inspect: ask for farm staff to made diving for mesh checking at pond C8, it is showing compliance.
		a. Provide official records or statement showing local maximum water level (river levels, tide levels, flooding levels, etc) in the previous 10 years.	A. Review records covering ≥ 10 years or statement to establish the maximum height of high water when flooding occurs.	С	Report of "Hydrometeorological Center in Ben Tre Province" with information on the maximum height of the water when the flood occurred during 11 years in the position of regional river farm
4.5.3	Indicator: Bund [38] height sufficient [39] to prevent water spillage, along with escapees, in the rainy season when flooding occurs Requirement: Yes Applicability: Ponds	b. Obtain a statement from local authorities or reputable organisation reporting the altitude (m above sealevel) of the bund in its lowest point. Show location of bund low-point on a map of the farm (see 2.1.1).	B. Review statement and map. During the on-site visit, inspect farm to verify that bund height is sufficient to prevent spillage when flooding occurs. Note: dyke, dike, bund and berm all have the same meaning for this criteria.	С	- On-site inspect: there is a precast concrete point. Check & compare with the statement: showing conformity.
		c. Provide a written statement that there were no incidents of significant spillage or escapement due to flooding in the last 12 months.	C. During local community and employee interviews, verify there is no evidence for significant spillage or escapement from the farm in the last 12 months.	С	Local community interview: no incident of fish escape.
Footnot e	[38] Bund: berm containing the water in the pond.				
Footnot	[39] Consider 10 years maximum water level (including	cases of storms).			
е	Indicator: Presence of trapping devices [40] placed	a. Identify the quantity and location of all trapping devices. The term 'trapping device' does not include mesh or grid barriers (see 4.5.1).	A. Review how the farm uses trapping devices to monitor escapees. Verify that trapping devices do not injure/compromise fish (e.g. gill nets).	С	Trap was place only in wastes water channel with mess size 1.2 cm
	in effluent/drainage canals or on water outlets to capture escapees, a record of findings and actions	b. Maintain a record of regular (at least weekly) trap inspections and observed escapees.	B. Review records of inspection and observed escapees.	С	Daily check, record are available for full crop.
4.5.4	taken (available for inspection) Requirement: Yes	 When escapees are detected, record any actions taken to reduce or eliminate escapement. For first audits, these records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	C. Review the suitability of any actions taken by the farm to reduce escapement.	С	No escape found but procedure have guideline for action when escape fish had been found.
	Applicability: All		D. During the on-site visit, inspect to verify that traps are configured properly and located suitably to ensure effective farm-wide monitoring of escapees.	С	On-site inspect: - Trap was placed in wastes water channel Witness farm staff to check the trap: it is working properly.
Footnot e	[40] These devices should not injure or compromise fish	h health (e.g., gill nets).			
4.6 Crite	eria: Pond Maintenance	Compliant Otherical Device Compliant	Author Fordon In 1997		
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): a. Prepare a procedure for the monitoring and repair of damaged bunds.	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): A. Review farm's procedure for bund monitoring and repair.	С	There is a procedure for bund monitoring and repair. Bund had been checking daily.
4.6.1	Indicator: Evidence that the bund has remained intact [41] throughout the culture cycle	b. Maintain a record of bund monitoring and repair that identifies date of damage detection and when the farm initiated and completed repairs.	B. Review records for evidence that the bund has remained intact in the last 12 months. If a bund was found to be compromised, there shall be evidence that repairs were completed as soon as practical.	С	There are bund checking & maintenance records daily for full crop.

nequirement. 103	c. During the on-site visit, arrange for auditor to inspect farm's bunds.	C. Inspect bunds to confirm compliance. Examine for any signs of collapse and note	С				On-site check: bund system was in good condition.
Applicability: All	-	evidence of repairs. D. During local community and employee interviews, verify that bunds have	С				Community interview: no evidence of bun collapsed.
otnot		remained intact throughout the culture cycle.					
e [41] Has not been affected in such a way to allow the	escape in part or all of the farmed stock.						
Indicator: Evidence assuring there has been no intentional release [42]	a. Prepare a declaration that the farm has made no intentional releases in the last 12 months.	A. Review declaration to confirm compliance.	С				There is a declaration signed by Farm Manager on 25/02/2012 confirm that Farm does not made intentional releases in the la: 12 months.
Requirement:: Yes Applicability: All	 b. Maintain records and receipts to show that all crops stocked have been harvested and sold (see 2.4.2 and 5.2.1) or properly disposed (see 3.5.4). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	B. Review records to confirm that all stockings can be accounted for by harvest or disposal.	С				Check record of pond C7, C8 and C14: seed import record, daily dead fish record, harvesting receipt, results were conformity.
Appreciation of the second of	c. Prepare a written justification for any periods of inactivity lasting longer than 3 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	C. Review annual production records to determine if there are significant discrepancies that could idicate the possibility of intentional release.	С				Review annual production summary showing conformity.
	sius Aquaculture Dialogue Standards has been clarified here for auditing purposes. It no					•	
e and the number (or biomass) of fish sold in the absence INCIPLE 5. USE FEED AND FEEDING PRACTICES THAT ENSURE	ce of disease outbreaks, major theft or escapes would indicate the possibility of intentic	nal release."		Major NC	Minor NC	NΑ	
Criteria: Sustainability of feed ingredients	THE TEES IN CITY WE SOUTH WILL AND MINIMINEES			Iviajoi ive	IVIIIIOI IVC		
	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):					
Indicator: Use of uncooked or unprocessed fish and/or fish products [43] (including trash fish) as feed	a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) for all purchases of commercial feed in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Review farm records for commercially sourced feeds.	С				There are feed received receipt for feed use of the whole cycle. Feed use is "Viet Thang feed"
Requirement: No	 b. If any farm-made feed was used, provide a description of ingredients and preparations. Maintain evidence of purchase (e.g. receipts) or ownership of all ingredients. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. 	B. Review ingredients to verify that farm-made feed had no unooked or unprocessed fish and/or fish prodcuts (including trash fish).				NA	N/A, no use of farm-made feed.
Applicability: All	-	C. Verify that farm records are sufficient to account for all feed used. There should be no indication of unexplained sources of feed.	С				Only Viet Thang compound feed is used.
etnot e [43] Fish products are defined as all forms of fish or pr	roducts derived from fish (e.g., whole fresh, frozen, minced, dried, meals, oils, and proce	essing by-products).					
Indicator: Use of pangasius fish processing by-	a. Prepare a declaration that no by-products of pangasius fish processing were used as feed for pangasius at any time during the last 12 months.	A. Review farm's declaration to confirm that no by-products of pangasius fish processing were used as feed for pangasius.	С				Farm use only Viet Thang compound feed which is declaration a available.
products [44] as feed or feed ingredients 1.2 Requirement: No	 b. For all feed used in the last 12 months, obtain a declaration from the manufacturer showing compliance. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site. 	B. Review manufacturer's declaration to confirm no pangasius by-products were in feed.	С				There is a statement from Viet Thang CFM: No use of pangasius product as ingredient for feed.
Applicability: All	c. If farm-made feed was used in the last 12 months, prepare a declaration that no pangasius by-products were used as feed ingredients. If fish meal or fish oil was used, obtain a statement from the respective supplier confirming compliance. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C. Review farm documentation to confirm that no pangasius by-products were used in feed preparation (if applicable).	С				- NA, no use of farm-made feed. - Check farm's documentation & records showing compliance.
	rocessing of fish—either wild or farmed—are processing by-products. Generally, these a						
e equivalencies, as this helps promote the best use of th	ne wild-caught fish. However, it is not acceptable to use pangasius by-products in panga instructions to Clients for Indicator 5.1.3 - Confirm there are no IUCN Red List Speci For the purposes of this Indicator, the ASC definition of fish products' shall encompashimp, crab, squid). Farms must be aware that feeds which contain any IUCN Red List use by-products (e.g. trimming) or aquacultured products of IUCN Red Listed species.	2s in Feed is all wild-capture marine resources, including finfish and invertebrate species (e.g. ted species do not comply with the Standard. This restriction extends to feeds that					
Indicator: Fish products used in feed are not in the "threatened categories" [45] on the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Red List of	For each fish product used as a feed ingredient, determine whether the species is on - go to http://www.iucnredlist.org/ - in the primary search field enter the genus and species - click on "run search" and record the status of the species.	the IUCN Red List as follows:					
Threatened Species [46]	Note: The IUCN Red List uses nine categories for ranking species according to threat, purposes of determining whether the feed complies with Indicator 5.1.3, consider on						
Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	numoses of netermining whether the treat commisses with indicator. \$1.3.c.nonsier on a. Obtain a statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). For first audits, farm records must cover 2 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.	A. Confirm that farm has records of ingredients from all commercially sourced feeds.	С				There is a statement from Viet Thang CFM: No use of fish meal content species in IUCN as ingredient for feed.
	b. Verify that none of the species identified in 5.1.3(a) are in "threatened categories" on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.	B. Repeat search of IUCN database to verify that farm obtained an accurate result.	С				Search of IUCN database and verify fish species which were use fish meal ingredient provide by Viet Thang producer, result showing compliance.
	c. If farm-made feed was used, verify that no species are in "threatened categories" on the IUCN Red List. If fish meal or fish oil were used, obtain a statement from the respective supplier confirming compliance.	C. Confirm that farm has provided sufficient evidence of compliance.				NA	NA, no use of farm-made feed
[45] Vulnerable, Endangered and Critically Endangered	d.						
e ptnot raci							
e [46] www.lucnredlist.org Use latest version. A period	of one year is allowed for adaptation to any new amendment, therefore if a new anima	i is added to the IUCN list, producers have one year to meet the standards.					

	Indicator: Fish products used in feed are not from species listed in the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) Appendices I, II and III [47]	a. Obtain a statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). [See Indicator 5.1.5 about sourcing of trimmings and aquacultured products as feed ingredients]. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site	A. Confirm that farm has a statement from the feed manufacturer verifying the origin of all fish products used as ingredients in all commercial feeds.	С		There is a statement from Viet Thang CFM: No use of fish meal content species in CITES appendix I, II, III as ingredient for feed.
5.1.4	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Determine if any species identified in 5.1.4(a) is listed in CITES appendix I, II, or III by doing the following: - go to http://www.cites.org/eng/resources/species.html - select option "Species", enter genus and species, and click "find it"	B. Repeat search of CITES database to verify that farm obtained an accurate result.	С		Search of CITES database and verify fish species which were use as fish meal ingredient provide by Viet Thang Feed producer, result showing compliance.
	,	C. If farm-made feed was used, verify that no species are listed in CITES Appendix I, II or III. If fish meal or fish oil were used, obtain a statement from the respective	C. Confirm that farm has provided sufficient evidence of compliance.		N/	NA, no use of farm-made feed
Footno	pt [47] http://www.cites.org/eng/app/appendices.shtml	supplier confirming compliance.				
е	[47] http://www.cites.org/eng/appyappendices.shtml	Note 1: "becoming available in a region" means being commercially available in the r	agion (LIN regions) by at least two independent suppliers and indicated in grey			
	Indicator: ISEAL-certified fishmeal and fish oil products must be used in feed	literature (the date of appearing in grey literature is to be used).				
	Requirement: Within 3 years of becoming available in	Note 2: "products" does not apply to trimmings and aquacultured products used as for a. Obtain a statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish				
5.1.5	a region Applicability: All, after 3 years of ISEAL-certified fishmeal and fish oil becoming available in the region	products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.	 A. Confirm that farm has statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). 	С		NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal & fish oil are not available in the region.
		b. Provide evidence that fish meal and fish oil products used in feed are from sources certified as compliant to the standards of an ISEAL member.	B. Review evidence and confirm compliance.	С		NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal & fish oil are not available in the region.
5.1.6	Indicator: ISEAL certified fishmeal and fish oil products must be used in feed Requirement: Within 5 years from the publication	 a. Obtain statement from feed manufacturer as for Indicator 5.1.5. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site. 	A. Confirm that farm obtains information about feed ingredients.	С		See 5.1.5.a
5.1.0	date of the PAD standards Applicability: All, after August 2015. Not applicable if only trimming and aquaculture products are used	b. Provide evidence of certified fish feed ingredients as for Indicator 5.1.5.	B. Review evidence and confirm compliance.	С		NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal & fish oil are not available in the region.
	Indicator: Interim Option A: Fishmeal or fish oil products used in feed have been sourced from fisheries with an average FishSource (FS) score Interim Option B: Fish Products used in feed have been sourced from facilities certified as being in	Instruction to Clients for Indicator 5.1.7 - FishSource Score of Products Used in Feed To determine FishSource scores of fish species used as feed ingredients, do the follow - go to http://www.fishsource.org/ - select "Species" drop down tab to the left - select the species that is utilized by the farm as a source of fish meal or oil - confirm that the search identifies the correct species, then select the top tab that re - Review scores to verify average FS scores ≥ 6.0; no individual score < 6.0, and no "N, If results show the species does not meet all three of the above criteria, then the feet been assessed (i.e. it is not listed on the FishSource website), then the feed does not Partnerships to identify the species as a priority for assessment.				
	(Traceability), and 3 (Responsible Manufacturing) of the International Fishmeal and Fish Oil Organisation's	 a. Obtain statement from feed manufacturer as for Indicator 5.1.5. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site. 	A. Verify that farm obtains information about feed ingredients.	С		See 5.1.5.a
5.1.7	(IFFO) "Responsible Sourcing Program for Certification of Responsible Practice for Fishmeal and Fish Oil Production Requirement: ≥ 6.0 with no individual score < 6.0 or an N/A in the stock assessment category Yes Applicability: Up to when standard 5.1.5 or 5.1.6 can be met. Not applicable if only trimming and aquaculture products are used	b. Provide an FS score or verification of IFFO certification for each species used as a feed ingredient in all feeds used by the farm during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.	B. Review FS scores and IFFO certification for species used in feed. Cross check against species listed in feed supplier declarations (see 5.1.3a).	С		NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal & fish oil are not available in the region.
5.2 Cri	teria: Efficient management of feed use on the farm					
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):			

A State records to quick and supple and straight control register to the state of control and								
March Martinum variety (Fig land gree Security			of seed and numbers. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and	A. Review records to confirm that farm has records for all seed.	С			
Empire production cycle Empire production cycle Empire production of the November (20 ± 2.3) Empire production of the November (20 ± 3.3) Empire production				B. Confirm that farm has complete and accurate records for feed.	С			
Applicability Al S. Colinar of Clin on June 10 for Programs and the Clin of the Clin o	5.2.	complete production cycle		C. Verify the farm keeps records showing amount of fish harvested.	С			
Significant for the conducted by the amount of this processor of the form of the processor of the form of the processor of the conducted by the amount of this processor of the conducted by the amount of this processor of the conducted by the amount of the processor of the conducted by the amount of this processor of the conducted by the amount of the processor of the conducted by the conducted by the amount of the processor of the conducted by		·	the formulas given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard. For first audits, records	D. Review calculations for accuracy and completeness.	С			calculation were correctly: Pond C7 = 1.47, Pond C8 = 1.54, pond
A way frequence to a construction of the amount of the amount of the process of feed most of the frequency of from read with the first of the seeds, down cross of most cover 8 months. 1. Collaborate the STR using the terms of pion and a view of the read of feed most of feed most of the frequency of feed most of fee				E. Review calculations for accuracy. Confirm compliance.	С			Check average eFCR of all harvested ponds = 1.54
A Clean statements from free demandant storm redicting the manamen inclination percentage of the mean and retail and in such they defined and fail and in sinch they defined and fail and in ship will be defined by the fail of the fail	Footi	ot [50] Weighting to be conducted by the amount of fish	produced in different farming units (e.g. ponds, pens and cages).					
Fifth	<u>e</u>		percentage of fish meal and fish oil in each type of feed used. For first audits, farm		С			feed: - TC01 = 28%P: fish meal 8%, fish oil: 0.5%.
Fifth								
Registrement: 0.5 Applicability: All Applicability:								
Applicability: All Applicability	E 2	, ,						- No fish oil use to made feed for feed, FFER calculations result for
Applicability: All Applic	3.2.	Requirement: 0.5	b. Calculate the FFER using the formula given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard.					
Boots - Authorise from Scale (C HZS mix Scale or tokes also for the actual artificity of the act		Applicability: All		B. Review calculations to verify accuracy. Confirm compliance.	С			
PRINCIPLE 6. Milemate ecosystem and human health impacts, while massimizing flash health, welfare and ensuring flood safety 6. Corticon-Mortaphites Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Instructions to Clients for Indicator 6.1.3 - Calculating Average Real Percentage Mortality (IPM) Calculate the weighted average of Real Percentage Mortality (IPM) Calculation per rectiouse as follows: 1) Determine the number of finish accided. This number may be obtained from -direct counts of fine-grienings or computed by taking the total weight of harvested finish and dividing by the everage weight of the finish harvested. 2) Determine the number of finish harvested finish and dividing by average weight of the finish harvested. 3) Using the formula in Annex D, Compute the weighted average (PM for all inchours) over the last 12 months as follows: andicator: Maximum average real percentage mortality, from the closure of the finish and dividing by average weight of the finish harvested. 5) Requirement: 20 %. Applicability: All App								Bonito - Authynnus affinis, Figate Tuna - Auxis thazard. These
Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):								
Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):								
Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions): Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):								
hstructions to Clients for Indicator 6.1.1 Calculating Average Real Percentage Mortality (RPM) Calculate the weighted average of Beal Percentage Mortality using the stocking & harvesting data from every enclosure used by the farm in the last 12 months. Do one calculation per enclosure as olious. 1) Determine the number of fish stocked. This number may be obtained from - direct counts of fingerlings, or - computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked 2) Determine the number of fish sharvested. This number may be obtained from - direct counts of fingerlings, or - computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by average weight of the fish stocked 3) Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage Mortality for the enclosure (Note 1). 4) Repeat steps: 1 for every other enclosure used by the farm. 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months and for statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of the fish stocked fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of stocke			vnile maximizing fish health, welfare and ensuring food safety			Major NC	Minor NC N	
Calculate the weighted average of Real Percentage Mortality using the stocking & harvesting data from every enclosure used by the farm in the last 12 months. Do one calculation per enclosure as follows: 1) Determine the number of fish stocked. This number may be obtained from edirect counts of fingerings, or computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked 2) Determine the number of fish havested. This number may be obtained from edirect counts of harvested fish havested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish stocked 2) Determine the number of fish havested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested dividing by average weight of the fish harvested 3) Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage worth of the fish in Annex D, compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPME1 x YieldE1) + (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) worth period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D. Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, fram records are sufficient to determine number of seed attribute. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. - Fingerling stocking for each pond day. - There are fingerling to chain gray. - The			Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):				
Calculate the weighted average of Real Percentage Mortality using the stocking & harvesting data from every enclosure used by the farm in the last 12 months. Do one calculation per enclosure as follows: 1) Determine the number of fish stocked. This number may be obtained from edirect counts of fingerings, or computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked. 2) Determine the number of fish havested. This number may be obtained from edirect counts of havested fish, or computed by taking the total weight of shavested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish havested. 3) Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage Mortality for the enclosure used by the farm. 5) Compute the weighted average RPM of all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows. Weighted Average RPM = [RPME1 x YieldE1] + (RPME2 x YieldE2] + (RPME2 x YieldE2] + (RPME1 x YieldE1) + (YieldE1 + YieldE2] + YieldEn) where E1, E2, En are the 1st enclosure, the 2nd enclosure and the nth enclosure and the nth enclosure. Annex D. Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, fram records are sufficient to determine number of seed attributed into each enclosure. - There are fingering stocking for each pond and service of an order of the farm diary. - There are fingering stocking for each pond and service of seed attributed into each enclosure. - There are fingering stocking for each pond and service of a fingering stocking for each pond and service of a fingering stocking for each pond and service of a fine diary. -								
calculation per enclosure as follows: 1) Determine the number of fish stocked. This number may be obtained from - direct counts of fingerlings, or - computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked 2) Determine the number of fish harvested. This number may be obtained from - direct counts of harvested fish, or - computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested 3) Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow- out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D. Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of the fish harvested dishy. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. - Fingerling stocking for each pond and been record on the farm disky. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. - Fingerling stocking for each pond and Early compare record on farm diary. - Cockey or C. C. Sand CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and CL4: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C. C. CR and								
- direct counts of fingerlings, or - computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked 2) Determine the number of fish harvested. This number may be obtained from - direct counts of harvested fish, or - computed by taking the total weight of harvested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested 3) Using the formula in Annex D. compute the least 12 months as follows 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows 4 Weighted Average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows 6.1.1 Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 2: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. A period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Applicability: All Note 2: Only use information from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm seed stocked into each enclosure. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on farm diary Check pond C7, C8			calculation per enclosure as follows:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
- computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked 2) Determine the number of fish harvested. This number may be obtained from - direct counts of harvested fish, or - computed by taking the total weight of harvested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested 3) Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage Mortality for the enclosure (Note 1). 4) Repeat steps 1-3 for every other enclosure used by the farm. 5) Compute the weighted average RPM of all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Indicator: Maximum average real percentage mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow-out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Applicability: All Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of the fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months for first audits, from records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see \$2.1.8). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover a tleast 1 full crop per site (see preamble). A Review receipts. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on farm diary Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary &								
direct counts of harvested fish, or computed by taking the total weight of harvested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested 3] Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage Mortality for the enclosure (Note 1). 4] Repeat steps 1-3 for every other enclosure used by the farm. 5] Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Indicator: Maximum average real percentage mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow-out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D). Requirement: 20 %			- computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average w	eight of the fish stocked				
- computed by taking the total weight of harvested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested 3) Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage Mortality for the enclosure (Note 1). 4) Repeat steps 1-3 for every other enclosure used by the farm. 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Meighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPMEn x YieldE1) + (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow- out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. Applicability: All Note 3: Only use information from complete crops. A Dotain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover a tensor 1 full crop per site (see A Review receipts. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. C C There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary. C C despond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary. C C eleck pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary.								
4) Repeat steps 1-3 for every other enclosure used by the farm. 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPMEn x YieldE1) - (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Where E1, E2, En are the 1st enclosure, the 2nd enclosure and the nth enclosure Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Applicability: All a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records and fish when determinen number of seed stocked into each enclosure. C			- computed by taking the total weight of harvested fish and dividing by average wei					
Indicator: Maximum average real percentage mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow- out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months and records must cover ≥ 6 months and records on the farm diary. 5) Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE1)] / (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPMEn x YieldEn)] / (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPMEn x YieldEn)] / (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPMEn x YieldEn)] / (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldE1) + (RPME2 x YieldE2) + (RPMEn x YieldEn)] / (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn) Where E1, E2, En are the 1st enclosure, the 2nd enclosure and the nth enclosure For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of stocked fish or number of stocked fish. - There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. - Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary. - Ceed pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on fa				osure (Note 1).				
mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow- out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, fram records must cover ≥ 6 months and records on farm diary. **Review receipts.**Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. **There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. - Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary. - Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary.				follows				
mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow- out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, fram records must cover ≥ 6 months and records on farm diary. **Review receipts.**Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. **There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. - Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary. - Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary. - Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary.		Indicator: Maximum average real percentage	Weighted Average RPM = [(RPME1 x YieldF1) + (RPMF2 x YieldF2) + (RPMFn x YieldF2)	eldEn)] / (YieldE1 + YieldE2 + YieldEn)				
Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Applicability: All Anote 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Applicability: All Applicability: All Dotain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, fermer records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. Annex D). Requirement: 20 % Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records show the total number of fish when determining number of stocked fish. Applicability: All -There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. -Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary. a. Review receipts. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. C -There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. -Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary. -C beck pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary &		mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow-		,,,				
For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). Requirement: 20 % Applicability: All Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond. Fingerling stocking for each pond and been record on the farm seed stocked into each enclosure. C		Annou D)	Where E1, E2, En are the 1st enclosure, the 2nd enclosure and the nth enclosure					
Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish. Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover ≥	6.1.	· '	For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).					
Applicability: All Note 2: Only use information from complete crops. a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover ≥ 6 months		Requirement: 20 %	Note 1: Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dea	ad fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish.				
of seed and numbers (see S.2.1.a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. A. Review receipts. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure. C		Applicability: All						
stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records are sufficient to determine number of must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see								
must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see — Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary &				A. Review receipts. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of	c			
preamble). fingerling purchase receipt, data were accuracy.			must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see	seed stocked into each enclosure.				- Check pond C7, C8 and C14: compare record on farm diary &
			preamble).					fingerling purchase receipt, data were accuracy.

		b. Maintain harvest records for each crop (e.g. selling receipts or processing plant receipts) that are sufficient to show the total number of fish harvested from each enclosure. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). c. Calculate the weighted average of the Real Percentage Mortality (see above) using the formula given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard. Provide calculations	B. Review records. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of fish harvested from each enclosure. C. Review farm's calculations to verfiy accuracy. Confirm that average real percentage mortality is ≤ 20%.	С	harvesting re number of h quantity of e * Preview RF	vesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds. Checking cord of pond C7, C8 and C14 record detail with arvested days, harvesting quantity for each day, ach transportation boat per day. M calculation: ond RPM: pond C7 = 8,4%, Pond C8 = 4.4%, pond C14
		to the auditor.	percentage mortality is 2 20%.			m's RPM = 7,5 %
6.2 Criterio	a: Veterinary medicines and chemicals	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):			
		a. Prepare a list of all veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products used on the farm in the past 12 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Review list of medicines, chemicals and biological products.	С	using at farm chemicals ar	t of medicines, chemicals and biological products for a, and it is conformity compare with list of medicines, d biological products approved for use in aquaculture available at farm).
lı lı		 b. Provide records detailing the use of any veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products on the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	B. Review records to confirm farm usage of products. During on-site inspection, verify there is no evidence for unrecorded use of any veterinary medicines, chemicals or biological products (i.e. no empty containers or non-inventoried warehouse supplies).	с	products rec C14: record	veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological ord on farm diary. Check record of pond C7, C8 and available for full crop. ck: showing compliance.
a r	nd biological products approved for aquaculture by elevant national authorities and not banned for food	c. For the list provided in 6.2.1a, identify suppliers and contact information.	C. Review list.	С	Had medicin on 2 Feb 201	e supplier list with detail contact information issued 2.
6.2.1	ish use in the potential importing country.	 d. For the list provided in 6.2.1a, show that each item is approved for aquaculture by relevant national authorities. 	D. Confirm that listed products used are approved for aquaculture.	С	See 6.2.1.a	
	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	e. Provide a list of the farm's exports (i.e. sales to parties in foreign countries) over the last 12 months.	E. Review list and compare to farm's sales receipts.	С	Review list a compliance.	and compare to farm's sales receipts: showing
		f. If the farm cannot determine the country of export (6.2.1e), prepare a list of the top five countries importing pangasius from the country where the farm operates (regions operating within the same legislation on this matter, e.g. the EU, are considered as a single country).	F. Review list (as applicable).	С		ries export is available with the chemical & medicine anned and Regulation 1471 & 2864.
		g. For each country identified in 6.2.1e (or 6.2.1f as applicable), provide a list of veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products that are banned from imports of pangasius for human consumption.	G. Review list.	С	20/06/2012	t of export market no. 1471/QD-BNN-QLCL issued and 2864/QD-BNN-QLCL issued 14/11/2011 by aartment of Agriculture & Rural Development.
		h. Show that in the last 12 months, the farm did not use any veterinary medicines, chemicals or biological products that are banned or non-approved in the importing country.	H. Review evidence. Cross-check the farm's export markets (i.e. the importing countries) against the list of products that are banned (see 6.2.1e) in those countries.	С	Cross-check:	conformity.
c	ndicator: Use only veterinary medicines and hemicals for therapeutic use prescribed by an aquatic	a. Provide records of prescriptions, or the written advice of a suitably qualified aquatic animal health specialist [55], for veterinary medicines and chemicals used on the farm. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Review records of prescriptions or written advice for veterinary medicines and chemicals.	С	Check record	of pond C7, C8 and C14 result compline.
6.2.2 t	animal health specialist [55] based on a verified condition; follow the label specifications concerning the use of the substance for the given purpose [56]. Requirement: Yes	b. For each application of veterinary medicines and chemicals for therapeutic use, provide a description of condition and evidence showing endorsement (prescription) from an aquatic animal health specialist. For first audits, farm records must cover 2 6 months.	B. Review written descriptions. Confirm use approved by AAH Specialist.	С		atment, prescriptions were approved by AAH neck record of pond C7, C8 and C14, all records info ance.
	Applicability: All	 c. If application differs from the label specification, obtain written justification from aquatic animal health specialist. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. 	C. Review justifications from AAH Specialist as applicable.	С	Prescriptions the applicati	s were Issued & approved by AAH Specialist prior to on.
		d. Provide copies of the title(s) of the aquatic animal health specialist showing how s/he is suitably qualified for the position.	D. Review evidence. Confirm that AAH Specialist is suitably qualified.	С		st Mr Vo Thanh Ro had achieve Bachelor degree & ee for "Fish health Doctor"
	55] Aquatic animal health specialist defined following g pecialists:	government's regulations, if such regulations exist in the producing country. If the gov	vernment does not regulate on this, the following people can be considered as			
Footpot		mmendations of the aquatic animal health specialist when justification for the decision	in is documented in the farm book or approved in the animal health plan			
e	and the reco	and a second sec	The state of the s			

			T		
6.2.3	Indicator: Follow the aquatic animal health specialist recommendations on: 1- how to apply the veterinary medicine and chemicals prescribed 2 - how to handle & store the veterinary medicines and chemicals prescribed 3 - who needs to be informed about the disease and how	a. For veterinary medicines or chemicals applied and for all mortality events notified, provide statements of the specialist indicating his/her recommendation on: - how to apply the veterinary medicine and chemicals prescribed; - who needs to be informed about the disease; and - how to limit the spread of the disease to neighboring wild or farmed populations. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Review health events to verify that the farm has written recommendations from the AAH Specialist addressing each of these four points.	С	Health events - GAP 05-CB version 1 isued on 01 Jun 2012 was check during the Audit: compliance
	4 - how to limit the spread of the disease to neighboring wild or farmed populations	b. Provide a declaration that the farm followed the recommendations of the aquatic animal health specialist.	B. Review farm's declaration to confirm following recommendations of the AAH Specialist.	С	There is declaration signed by farm manager 25 Feb 2012, check declaration: complaint
	Requirement: Yes	_	C. During on-site visits, inspect to verify proper storage according to the AAH Specialist's recommendations.	С	On-site visit, checking storage of Medicines & chemical: the storage was apply following AAH Specialist's recommendations.
	Applicability: All	-	D. During on-site visits, make direct observations to confirm there is no evidence of any of the recommendations not having been followed.	С	On-site check: showing conformity.
	Indicator: Allowance to sell fish or fish products before the completion of the withdrawal period specified on veterinary medicine or chemical labels or	 a. For chemical/medicinal treatments in the last 12 months, provide daily records of product use and water temperature during withdrawal periods. For first audits, records must cover ≥ 6 months and at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	A. Review records from all withdrawals.	С	Records from all withdrawals record on "Medicines use management - issued 01 Jun 2012. Check record of Pond C7, C8 and C14: OK.
6.2.4	750 °D if no withdrawal is specified on label Standard: None	 b. Provide labels indicating duration of withdrawal periods. If labels do not specify a withdrawal period, provide evidence that withdrawal periods were > 750 degree days. 	B. Review labels and completion dates of withdrawal periods.	С	Check record of pond C7, C8 and C14: Compare control of withdraw period time with product label guideline, results were conformity.
	Applicability: All	 Provide evidence (e.g. receipts) to show no fish were harvested before completion of withdrawal period during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. 	C. Evaluate evidence to verify that no fish were harvested before completion of withdrawal period.	С	Check harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14, results were conformity.
		 a. Maintain a list of all antibiotics used on the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	A. Review list of antibiotics used.	С	There is a list of all antibiotics used at farms issued 01 Jun 2012.
6.2.5	Indicator: Allowance for the use of antibiotics critical for human medicine, as categorized by the World Health Organization [57]. Requirement: None Applicability: All	b. Prepare declaration stating that farm did not use any antibiotics critically important for human medicine as categorized by the WHO in the last 12 months.	B. Review declaration. Cross check list of antibiotics used by the farm (see 6.2.5a) against the WHO list of antibiotics critical to human medicine.	С	* There is a copy of WHO list of antibiotics critical to human medicine at farm. * Available of Farm's Declaration signed by AAH specialist & Farm manager . * Cross check list of antibiotics used by the farm (see 6.2.5a) against the WHO list of antibiotics critical to human medicine, result showing conformity.
		c. Provide the up-to-date list of the WHO [57]	C. Verify farm holds an up-to-date copy of the WHO list [57]	С	Farm has holds an up-to-date copy of the WHO list
			D. During on-site visits, verify there is no evidence of use of antibiotics critical for human medicine through direct observation and inspection.	С	On-site checking: compliance.
		Illy Important Antimicrobials for Human Medicine: Categorization for the Developmen who.int/entity/foodborne_disease/resistance/antimicrobials_human.pdf	t of Risk Management Strategies to Contain Antimicrobial Resistance due to Non-		
		Provide declaration stating that farm does not use any unauthorized prophylactic veterinary medicines (prior to evidence of a specific disease problem)	A. Verify farm holds declaration	С	There is a Farm declaration sign by Farm manager & AAH specialist on 25 Feb 2012.
6.2.6	Indicator: Allowance for prophylactic use of veterinary medicines (excluding vaccines) prior to any evidence of a specific disease problem. Standard: None	b. Obtain a declaration from the aquatic animal health specialist indicating that s/he is not aware of any unauthorized prophylactic use of veterinary medicines (prior to evidence of a specific disease problem) by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, the period covered by the declaration must be 2 6 months.	B. Verify the AAH Specialist declarares there is no known unauthorized prophylactic use of veterinary medicines.	С	Verify farm declaration on 25 Feb 2012: conformity.
	Applicability: All	c. Maintain receipts for all purchases of veterinary medicines. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	C. Verify farm maintains records of all purchases of veterinary medicines.	С	Medicine purchase receipts were records. Check record: available records from April 2012 until now.
		-	D. During on-site visits, inspect the inventory of veterinary medicines to verify that all supplies are accounted for.	С	On-site check: conformity
		-	E. Reconcile the quantities purchased against stocks held on-site and records for usage (e.g. 6.2.5a) based on reviewing a sample of medicines.	С	Check record of medicines used at Pond C7, C8 and C14 and compared with purchased quantity & inventory quantity held onsite: conformity
6.2.7	Indicator: Allowance for use of veterinary medicine (excluding vaccines) to serve as growth promoters [58].	a. Obtain a declaration from the applicant, endorsed by an aquatic animal health specialist indicating that there has been no use of veterinary medicines (excluding vaccines) as growth promoters by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, the period covered by the declaration must be ≥ 6 months.	A. Verify the AAH Specialist supports the declaration that there is no use of veterinary medicine as growth promoters.	С	Verify AAH specialist declaration on 25 Jun 2012: conformity
	Requirement: None Applicability: All	-	B. Reconcile the quantities of veterinary medicines purchased against stocks held on- site and records for usage (e.g. 6.2.5a) based on reviewing a sample of medicines.	С	Check record of medicines used at Pond C7, C8 and C14 and compared with purchased quantity & inventory quantity held onsite: conformity
Footnot	[58] Growth promoters: Veterinary medicines, such as a	entibiotics, to be given to healthy fish for the sole purpose of making them grow faster	(i.e., not to treat a specific disease).		
6.3 Crite	eria: Pangasius health plan				
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):		

	Indicator: Presence of a written pangasius health	a. Prepare the farm's written pangasius health plan containing all required elements	A. Review health plan for compliance with Annex E.	С		Health Plan is available & covering all points in annex E and it had
	plan reviewed yearly, updated and approved by a specified aquatic animal health specialist [59] (See	(Annex E). b. Obtain review and written approval of the pangasius health plan by the farm's	B. Confirm that the farm's aquatic animal health specialist has reviewed and			been implemented at the farm. Health Plan is reviewed & signed by AAH specialist Mr Vo Thanh
6.3.1	Annex E for Health Plan.	aquatic animal health specialist.	approved the pangasius health plan.	С		Ro.
	Requirement: Yes	 Review the health plan at least once every 12 months. Update as needed and obtain approval by the farm's aquatic animal health specialist. 	C. Confirm that farm has health plan reviewed, updated, and approved every 12 months. For first audits, the response is 'not applicable'.	С		N/A, first farming cycle
	Applicability: All	-	D. During on-site visit, verify that the plan is implemented and effective.	С		On-site check: Health Plan had been implemented.
Footno	[59] GlobalG.A.P. AB 5.2.3 was taken as reference and	amended to fit with the requirements of the PAD stakeholders.				
6.4 Crit	eria: Holding-unit specific record-keeping					
		Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):			
		a. Maintain records that identify all the veterinary medicines and chemicals used at the grow-out facility. For first audits, farm records must cover \geq 6 months.	A. Verify the farm maintains purchase records.	С		See 6.2.6.c
	Indicator: Availability of records of the name,	b. Maintain copies of labels showing withdrawal times at the grow-out facility. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Verify the farm maintains records showing withdrawal times at the grow-out facility.	С		See 6.2.4.a
6.4.1	reasons for use, dates, amounts and withdrawal times of all veterinary medicines and chemicals used in hatchery and grow-out facilities	c. Maintain signed declarations by the farm's aquatic animal health specialist stating the date, diagnosis, treatment and withdrawal times (if different from the label) of all veterinary medicines and chemical used at the grow-out facility. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C. Verify the farm maintains relevant declarations from the AAHS at the grow-out facility.	С		Check AAH prescriptions: conformity
	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	d. Obtain a signed declaration from seed suppliers identifying any chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	D. Verify the farm obtains declarations from all seed suppliers.	С		There are declarations from seed supplier for chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed. Check record of 3 harvested pond seed, available of declaration signed by seed supplier on 10 Sept 2012.
6.4.2	Indicator: Availability of records of the source, size and quality of the seed stocked. Records of seed quality should include: 1 - Description of gross signs and any abnormalities 2 - List of veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products used in earlier life stages 3 - Results of pathogen testing as legislated Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	a. For all stocking events in the last 12 months, obtain a signed letter from the seed supplier reporting: - the source, size and quality of seed supplied; - the date supplied; - the date supplied; - a description of any external signs of abnormalities at the time of sale; - list of veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products used in earlier life stages (i.e. used at any time from spawning onwards); and - results of pathogen testing following legislation (as applicable). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Verify the farm maintains records for seed quality as required.	С		* There are records for seed import to individual pond. * Check record of pond C7, C8 and C14: available record of seed import checking for quantity & quality as requirement. * There are declarations from seed supplier for chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed.
6.4.3	Indicator: Daily records showing regular monitoring of fish for signs of stress [60] or disease are kept Requirement: Yes	a. Maintain daily records (e.g. diary) of monitoring for stress or disease. Records shall identify: - date; - presence of behavioural and external signs of abnormalities (i.e. feeding behaviour, swimming behaviour, lesions, spots, large ecto-parasites, fin erosion,	A. Review daily records to confirm that all reporting elements are included. Verify compliance.	С		Daily monitoring record on Farm diary. When fish have symptom of disease or increasing of mortality, AAH specialist will made diagnostic & record on AAH prescription.
	Applicability: All	etc); and - number of dead fish. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).				
Footno	t [60] Signs of stress or disease include abnormal behavi	iour (e.g., swimming), reduced appetite and external abnormalities (e.g., lesions, spots	 s and fin erosion).		1	
е	Indicator: All mortality events with daily mortality above the average daily mortality in the farm are	Instructions to Clients for Indicator 6.4.4 - Establishing a Threshold for the Reportil Indicator 6.4.4 requires that farms report all significant mortality events to the aqua threshold value for all farms to apply across all circumstances. Instead, the Pangasiu	ng of Mortality Events tic animal health specialist. The ASC Pangasius Standard does not prescribe a specific s Standard requires farms to confer with their aquatic animal health specialist to significant or "above average" mortality events based on farm data. In establishing a arm information from at least 1 randomly selected pond; e 1st week, the 1st month, and any month after that; the farmer, and			
6.4.4	reported to the aquatic animal health specialist Requirement: Yes	a. Maintain a daily record of monitoring farm enclosures for mortality (see 6.4.3). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Review daily mortality records.	С		Daily mortality records available on farm diary.
	Applicability: All	b. Have the farm's aquatic animal health specialist review the farm's daily records for mortality. Ask the AAH Specialist to specify a threshold for the reporting of mortality events based on review of farm mortality rates (see instructions).	B. Verify the farm's AAH Specialist has reviewed daily mortality records before specifying a threshold for the reporting of mortality events.	С		AAH Specialist has reviewed daily mortality records & signed on farm diary.
		c. Describe how the threshold was established in the farm's Pangasius Health Plan (see 6.3.1).	C. Review the proposed mortality threshold in the farm's Pangasius Health Plan to confirm compliance with requirements.	С		Proposed mortality threshold was modify in the "Fish Health Plan Management" and have a surveying carry out to have basis for this threshold set up.

	d. Maintain records to show that the farm reports all mortality events exceeding threshold to the AAH Specialist. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	D. Review reporting records and cross-check against daily mortality records to confirm compliance with requirements.	С		Review reporting records and cross-check against daily mortality records of ponds C7, C8 and C14: result was compliance.
6.5 Criteria: Fish welfare.	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):			
	Instructions to Clients for Indicator 6.5.1 - Calculating Average Growth Rate Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides formulas for calculating yield and av stocking data from individual ponds (i.e. it is calculated on a crop-by-crop basis). It sh Yield (from Pond1) = total weight of fish harvested (from Pond1) - total weight of AGRP1 = YieldP1 / duration of production cycle (Pond1)	erage growth rate (AGR). Farms must perform these calculations using harvest and build be done as follows:			
	Where weights are given in grams (g), duration is given in number of days (d), AGR is P1, P2, P3 etc.	computed in units of grams per day (g/d), and enclosures are identified by subscripts			
	Repeat the AGR calculations for the second pond, third pond etc. until an AGR has t cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). Next calculate the farm-wide weight	ed average AGR using the following formula:			
Indicator: Minimum average growth rate 6.5.1 Requirement: 3.85 g/day	Weighted Average AGR = [(AGRP1 x YieldP1) + (AGRP2 x YieldP2) + (AGRPn x	ieldPn)] / (YieldP1 + YieldP2 + YieldPn)			
Applicability: All	Given that specific growth rates of Pangasius are variable with body size (i.e. size and harvested at a substantially smaller size than 1 kg. (e.g. farms that harvest fish at 600 Auditors are instructed as to evaluate Indicator 6.5.1 as follows. Farms must provide fish weight at harvest, and average duration of production cycle. Auditors shall review	.700g average body weight). auditors with sufficient information to verify average fish weight at stocking, average			
	compliance. a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts from seed suppliers) showing the weight of fish stocked into each enclosure (e.g. see 6.1.1). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Verify farm maintains records of the weight of fish stocked in each enclosure.	С		Weigh of fish stocked were recorded on farm diary for each pond.
	 b. Maintain records showing the weight of fish harvested from each enclosure (see 2.4.2b). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	B. Verify farm maintains records of the weight of fish harvested from each enclosure.	С		Weigh of harvested fish record on the harvesting receipt.
	c. Calculate the average growth rate of fish in each enclosure as described above (see instructions).	C. Review calculations to confirm accuracy and completeness.	С		AGR Calculations were available for 3 harvested pond. Check calculations, result Pond C7 = 4.38 g/day ; Pond C8 = 3.99 g/day , pond C14 = 4.19 g/day .
	d. Using results of 6.5.1c, calculate the farm-wide weighted average AGR.	D. Verify that the farm-wide weighted average AGR complies with requirements.	С		Farm Average AGR of farm = 4,16 g/day.
	a. Provide a plan of the farm showing surface area (m ²) of each enclosure.	A. Review farm's calculation of surface area for each enclosure and confirm by inspection during on site audit.	С		Surface area for each Pond was record on farm map & farm diary.
Indicator: Maximum fish density at any time	b. Maintain records of the total weight (kg) of fish harvested from each pond and/or pen (see 2.4.2b). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Confirm the farm keeps accurate record of total weight of fish harvested from each pond and/or pen.	С		Available harvesting receipt for 3 harvested ponds. Checking harvesting record of pond C7, C8 and C14 record detail with number of harvested days, harvesting quantity for each day, quantity of each transportation boat per day.
6.5.2 Requirement: 38 kg/m2 for ponds and pen Applicability: Ponds and Pens	c. For each enclosure, divide the weight of fish harvested (result from 6.5.2b) by the surface area of the enclosure (results from 6.5.2a) to calculate fish density (kg/m2). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	C. Review calculations for fish density at harvest to verify compliance.	С		There are a maximum fish density calculation for 3 harvested pond. Check all calculations, results were 28.22 kg/m2 & 28.07 and 26.83 kg/m2.
	d. In addition to calculating fish density at harvest (6.5.2.c), farms shall record monthly estimates of fish density for each enclosure using estimated biomass (e.g. from farm diaries) and surface area (see 6.5.2a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	D. Review monthly estimates of fish density to verify compliance.	С		Review monthly estimates of fish density of ponds C7, C8 and C14: Compliance
	 a. Provide a description of the system specifying the total number of cages and volume (m³) of each cage. 	A. Review farm's calculation of volume for each cage and confirm by inspection during on site audit.		N	A NA, Pond
Indicator: Maximum fish density at any time	 Maintain records of the total weight (kg) of fish harvested from each cage. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). 	B. Confirm the farm keeps accurate record of total weight of fish harvested from each cage.		N	A NA, Pond
6.5.3 Requirement: 80 kg/m3 for cages Applicability: Cages	c. For each cage, divide the weight of fish harvested (result from 6.5.3b) by the volume of the cage (results from 6.5.3a) to calculate fish density (kg/m3). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	C. Review calculations for fish density at harvest to verify compliance.		N	A NA, Pond
	d. In addition to calculating fish density at harvest (6.5.3.c), farms shall record monthly estimates of fish density for each cage using estimated biomass (e.g. from farm diaries) and cage volume (see 6.5.3a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	D. Review monthly estimates of fish density to verify compliance.		N	A NA, Pond
6.6 Criteria: Predator control					
	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):			

Indicators the of label and date (CA)					1	1	
Indicator: Use of lethal predator [61] control 6.6.1 Requirement: No	a. Prepare a list of all predator control devices and their locations.	A. Review list.	С				Only rat traps are applied at farm, No use of other lethal devices.
Applicability: All	-	B. Inspect sites to verify no use of lethal predator controls.	С	1			Only rat traps are applied at farm, No use of other lethal devises.
Footnot [61] Predators are defined as animals which have the p	potential to kill healthy pangasius. These standards include all types of predators during						
e preparation of the holding units (e.g., ponds, cages and	d pens). Rats and mice are excluded from consideration as they are unlikely to harm fish	on the farm, be endangered or pose a conservation concern.	<u>.</u>				
	Instruction to Clients for Indicator 6.6.2 - Presence of IUCN Red Listed Species					1	
Indicator: Mortality of IUCN red listed species. 6.6.2 Requirement: 0 (zero) Applicability: All	a. Perform analysis. Record all IUCN red listed species occuring in the area of the farm.	A. Repeat analysis to verify that client obtained an accurate result.	С				There is a Scientific Report done by technical expert from Aquafish Viet Nam Company about the "Identification of endangered and IUCN red listed species occur at "AQUATEX BEN TRE - Con Ban Pangasius Farm" with content including: - Identification of endangered species occur at Mekong delta area Identification of endangered species occur in the area of "AQUATEX BEN TRE - Con Ban Pangasius Farm" - Risk assessment for all farming practice that can be danger to these species Apply new farming practice in order to have no negative impact on these endangered species.
	 b. If any IUCN red listed species are identified in the area of the farm (including receiving and source waters), write a procedure which describes how the farm will avoid causing mortality. 	B. Verify that farm procedures are appropriate and implemented (as applicable).	С				See 6.6.2.a
	-	C. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence of the farm causing mortality of IUCN red listed species [also see Indicator 2.2.4(E)].	С				Community interview: no evidence of the farm causing mortality of IUCN red listed species
	ts in the standards shall be audited by an individual who is a lead auditor in conformit			Major NC	Minor NC	NA	
PRINCIPLE 7. DEVELOP AND OPERATE FARMS IN A SOCIALLY RES 7.1 Criteria: Labor law	SPONSIBLE MANNER THAT CONTRIBUTES EFFECTIVELY TO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT	AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION.					
7.1 Citicad. Edibor Idw							
	Compliance criteria (Re	equired Client Actions):					
Indicator: Compliance with labor laws in the country where pangasius is produced 7.1.1 Requirement: Yes	a. Obtain all national and local labor regulations applicable to the farm. Regulations sf working/living conditions, minimum wage and benefits/allowance, health and safety,		С				- Nmber of workers: 30 in which 25 workesr and 05 security guards. - Working regilation issued 08 Sep, 2011 and registered for the change with Local Authorization in 05 Dec, 2012
Applicability: All	b. Ensure that the farm and all employees on the farm comply to the labor regulations	s.					All workers's rights was shown on the labour contract and Farm regulation. Contracts were provided for the workers .
7.2 Criteria: Child labor [62] and young workers [63]							
	Compliance criteria (Re	equired Client Actions):					
	years of age in accordance with developing country exceptions under it. O convention 138, the lower age will apply. Child labor does not include children helping their parents on their own farm, provided that working does not						
toothoot e [63] Young worker: Any worker between the age of child as defined and under the age of 18.							
a. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm indicating date of birth							List of workers at the farm had been identified the age as Vietnam labour law for them.
Indicator: Minimum age of workers	b. Maintain copies of the official ID of all the employees listed showing date of birth		С				Farm had maintainted the official ID card and on the labour

1	L			
7.2.1	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	c. Ensure that no employee is younger than 15 years old (use birthdate to calculate exact age), see footnote [62]	С	Hiring posted are clear . All of employees are hired to conducted at farm and all record are maintain well at the farm. Farm has policy not recruiting the child labour and also have remedy action for the child of labour if any
		d. Provide a declaration stating that the farm is against child labor and will not employ anybody younger than 15 years old.	С	Showed on the hiring poster and farm policy
	Indicator: For workers under 18 years olds	a. Ensure that the contracts for workers below 18 years old state the rights of young workers (as indicated in this Requirement) and job descriptions are detailed enough to allow auditors to assess that, for such workers, work is restricted to light work and is not hazardous	С	There is no worker under the age of 18 at the tim of audit
7.2.2	- Work does not jeopardize schooling - Work, when added to the hours of schooling, does not exceed 10 hour/day - Work is restricted to light work [64] - Work is restricted to non-hazardous work [65]	b. Maintain records of schooling commitments of each employee younger than 18 years old	С	Farm has policy not recruiting the child labour and also have remedy action for the child of labour if any
	Requirement: Yes	c. Maintain daily records of working hours for all workers younger than 18 years old. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С	There is no worker under the age of 18 at the tim of audit
	Applicability: Farms with employees younger than 18 years old	d. Ensure that young workers' rights as indicated in this Requirement are duly respected in the farm	С	Interview workers who are working at the farm and no found any signal child labour.
Footno	[64] Light Work: (ILO convention 138, article 7.1) Light orientation or training programs, or diminish their capa	work is work that is 1) not likely to be harmful to a child's health or development and 2) not likely to prejudice their attendance at school, participation in vocational acity to benefit from instruction received.		
Footno e	[65] Hazardous work: Work which, by its nature or circ	umstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health, safety or morals of workers.		
7.3 Criti	eria: Forced and compulsory labor [66]			
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):		
Footno		t is extracted from any person under the menace of any penalty for which a person has not offered him/ herself voluntarily or for which such work or service is demanded sanctions, physical punishment, or the loss of rights and privileges or restriction of movement (withholding of identity documents).		
		a. Ensure that all contracts clearly state workers' freedom to terminate their employment and receive full payment until the last day of their employment	С	Farm had signed the labour contract for all employees and the contract included the termintaion of the contract in complicance with the labor Code
	Indicator: Workers are free to terminate their	b. Ensure that workers' rights as indicated in this Requirement are duly respected.	С	All workers's rights was shown on the labour contract and Farm regulation.
7.3.1	employment and receive full payment until the last day of their employment, based on reasonable [67] notice given to their employer [68] Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	c. Ensure that nobody in the farm or on behalf of the employer withholds employee's original identity papers	С	Interview workers feedback have received labour contract after signed labour contract with Farm manager. No hold ID paper of other paper of employees
		d. Ensure that the farm does not withhold any part of workers' salaries, benefits, property or documents in order to oblige them to continue working for the employer	С	Checked payments and interview workers they satisfied all benefit of Farm. No any violation of hold money of employees.
		e. Ensure that no employee is obligated to work at the farm to repay debt	С	Interview worker and checking document there is no any signal violation.
Footno	[67] As stated in the contract.			
Footno	[68] Employers are those workers who, working on the period) have engaged one or more persons to work for	eir own account or with one or a few partners, hold the type of job defined as a self-employed job, and in this capacity, on a continuous basis (including the reference r them in their business as employees.		
7.4 Crite	eria: Health and safety			
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):		

		a. Maintain a list of all the health and safety hazards in the working and living environment of employees	С			Safety instruction procedure are available at the farm. In this year, there is no 03 accidents in the farm according to the report submitted to Local Labor Department. Health examination as been conducted in Dec 27-28 2012 at the H.O of the company for all workers of the farm.			
		b. Provide Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) or Safe Practice guidelines (SOP) for all health and safety hazards listed	С			The farm have emergency procedure for 08 SOP (Water control, Health & safety employees, Preventive polluted products, Chemical control, animal control, waste control & Hygiene farm, hazard animal control, electric safety)			
7.4	Indicator: The employer provides a non-hazardous working and living environment	c. Ensure that employees are complying to the farm SOP on health and safety and that are adequately protected against hazards	С			The farm manager was conducted training for all workers			
7.4	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	d. Ensure that employees have constant access to potable/safe drinking water	С			- There is one kitchen on the farm Drinking water is supplied by suppliers and and controlled by the farm in compliance with the law.			
		e. Ensure that sanitary conditions for the safe disposal of human waste are in practice.	С			Clasified dustbins for human waste há bên equipped and farm had contracted with subcontractor "Tổ xử lý rác xã Sơn Phú- Giồng Trồm" for human waste treatment and collection.			
		f. Ensure that the employees' housing is constructed of materials able to withstand local conditions	С			Farm has provided the houses which is ensure the hygene and safety for workers Have four 06 employees stay at farm in nights with full registered with local audthirities.			
7.4	Requirement: Yes	a. Ensure that all workers are aware of the hazards listed on 7.4.1a and of the SOP in 7.4.1b	С			Interview worker are good aware and full provided free PPE Have list of distributed PPE and farm managers will periodic checked PPE statust using			
Foot	Applicability: All, Farm-Wide [69] Hazard: The inherent potential to cause injury or d	amage to people's health—for instance unequipped to handle heavy machinery safely/unprotected exposure to harmful chemicals.							
е									
7.4	Indicator: The employer records all accidents, even if minor [70], and take preventive and corrective action for each action for each Requirement: Yes	a. Maintain records of of all accidents and corrective actions taken. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С			In this year, there is no 03 accidents in the farm according to the report submitted to Local Labor Department. Health examination as been conducted in Dec 27-28 2012 at the H.O of the company for all workers of the farm.			
	Applicability: All	b. Ensure that corrective actions are in place as relevant	С			The farm have the corrective and preventive action procedure to maintain system.			
Foot	[70] Accidents that could not be handled in-house, the	person was taken to the closest clinic							
	Indicator: Employer ensures that all permanent workers have health insurance [71]	a. Maintain a list of all permanent workers	С			All permanent workers and new workers are received one year the health isurance by employer			
7.4	4 Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Provide evidence showing health insurance coverage for all permanent workers	С			Farm had provided original labour contract to workers. Farm was showed the health insurance card of all workers on the farm and the health insurance card kept by the workers			
Foot		employed for >3months/year. If not covered under national law employers must provide insurance to cover 100% of any job-related accident/injury for permanent es generated from a job related accident is, however, not included.							
7.5 C	iteria: Freedom of association and collective bargaining [7:	2]							

	Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):						
Footnot e [72] Collective bargaining: Voluntary negotiation between	reen employers and organizations of workers in order to establish the terms and conditions of employment by means of collective (written) agreements.						
	a. Maintain copies of employees' contracts and ensure that contracts explicitly state the right of freedom of association.	С		Collective bargaining: dated Sep 14, 2011 and registered for the amendment in 05 Dec. - Chairman TU: Ms.Chau Thanh Van - Worker rep: Lam Thanh Dieu			
Indicator: Workers [73] have the right to form or join organizations to defend their rights (including their right to collective bargaining), without interference from the employer and without suffering	b. Ensure that workers have the freedom to form and join any trade union, are free of any form of interference from employers or competing organizations set up or backed by the employer. ILO specifically prohibits "acts which are designated to promote the establishment of worker organizations or to support worker organizations under the control or employers or employers' organizations.	С		Trade Union dated 11 Aug, 2012 and trade union meeting of Con Ban was conducted in monthly basic and the latest time in Feb 02, 2013 Interview worker good aware human rights and freedom. Chairman TU: Ms. Chau Thanh Van			
7.5.1 negative consequences as a result of exercising this right [74]. Requirement: Yes	c. Ensure that trade unions and/or civil society organizations involved in Labor rights, are able to access/inform all workers directly (posters, pamphlets, visits).	С		Interview worker good aware human rights and freedom			
Applicability: All	d. Ensure that trade union representatives have access to their members in the workplace at reasonable times.	С		Interview worker good aware human rights and freedom.			
	e. Provide a declaration explicitly stating the employer's commitment to freedom of association and collective bargaining rights of all.	С		Trade Union dated 11 Aug, 2012 and trade union meeting of Con Ban was conducted in monthly basic and the latest time in Feb 02, 2013 Interview worker good aware human rights and freedom. Chairman TU: Ms. Chau Thanh Van			
	y duration with an enterprise to work for the enterprise in return for remuneration in cash or in kind. Immediate family members of the farm owner (i.e., children, spouse, and be considered as workers, unless they express their desire to be workers.						
Footnot [74] Workers must not be prohibited from accessing a representative structure freely elected by the worker	uch organizations when they exist. If they do not exist or are illegal, companies must make it clear that they are willing to engage in a collective dialogue through a						
7.6 Criteria: Discrimination							
	Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):						
Indicator: Workers do not suffer any discrimination [75] from the employer or other workers 7.6.1	a. Provide and ensure the implementation of an anti-discrimination policy, stating that the company does not engage/support discrimination in hiring, remuneration, access to training, promotion, termination or retirement based on race, caste, national origin, religion, disability, gender, sexual orientation, union membership, political affiliation, age or any other condition that may give rise to discrimination.	С		Issued anti-discrimination policy and posted this policy in farm Interview workers, they said that aware about this policy.			
Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Maintain records of employees' salary changes, promotions and training opportunities. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С		All salary records are full maintained at farm. No found any signal violation.			
	c. Provide and ensure the implementation of a policy protecting pregnant and lactating mothers.	С		At now, No found any pregnant woman on the farm.			
Footnot e [75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, color, gender, age, disability, religion, sexual orientation, resident or migrant, union and political affiliations.							
Footnot e [75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, co	lor, gender, age, disability, religion, sexual orientation, resident or migrant, union and political affiliations.						
Footnot e [75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, co 7.7 Criteria: Fair and progressive practices toward workers(incl							
e [75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, or							
e [75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, or 7.7 Criteria: Fair and progressive practices toward workers(incl Indicator: Employers treat all workers with dignity and respect	uding disciplinary practices)	С		Interview workers that no found any signal violation			
e [75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, or 7.7 Criteria: Fair and progressive practices toward workers(incl Indicator: Employers treat all workers with dignity	Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):	c		Interview workers that no found any signal violation Interview workers and no found any signal violation			

		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			
7.8.1	Indicator: Maximum number of regular working hours Requirement: 8h/day or 48h/week (although these	a. Maintain timesheets for all employees. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С		Checked timesheet from Sep to Dec 2012 and the first two month of 2013 . It was clear defined about annual leave and day off per month for all workers
	do not have to be consecutive hours) Applicability: All	b . Ensure that the regular time worked by farm workers does not exceed 8h/day or 48h/week	С		Timsheet shown clearly that the working hours does not exceed 8h/day or 48h/week and interviewed workers also not find any case of violation
7.8.2	Indicator: Workers have the right to leave the farm after completing the standard work-day	a. Ensure that workers can leave the farm during their allocated free time (i.e. any time when they are not working).	С		Checking in interview workers so no found any signal violation.
7.6.2	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All, Farm-Wide	b. Maintain copies of employees contract and ensure that labor contracts clearly state workers' right to leave	С		Labour contract was clear shown and defined.
	Indicator: Minimum time off	a. Ensure that all workers residing at the farm have the right to 2 nights off/week	С		Checking in interview workers so no found any signal violation.
7.8.3	Requirement: Two nights/week off if residing on the	b. Ensure that all workers have at least 4 days/month off	С		On the timesheets, clear the 4 days off for each workers. (From Jun to Dec/2012 and Jan -Feb 2013) Interview workers are no comments.
		c. Maintain timesheets for all employees (as in 7.8.1a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С		The time sheet of six month are available.
7.8.4	Indicator: Overtime hours 1- Are voluntary 2- do not exceed a maximum of 12 hours per week 3- occur on an exceptional (not regular) basis 4- are paid at a premium rate [76], (i.e. an	a. Ensure that for all employees, overtime hours: - are voluntary - do not exceed a maximum of 12h/week - occur on an exceptional basis - are paid at a premium rate (following the local/national regulation and at least 20% more than normal salary)	С		Payment for worker is compliance with Labor Law. Interview workers, they said that they did understand how to calculate monthly salary.
	additional 20% is paid to the normal salary) Requirement: Yes	b. Maintain timesheets for all employees (as in 7.8.1a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С		The time sheet of six month are available.
	Applicability: All, Farm-Wide	c. Maintain copies of employees' contracts and ensure that employees' contracts state the overtime conditions and associated rights	С		Labour contract was clear shown and defined.
		d. Maintain records of payments for overtime hours	С		Payment records was full maintained from Jun to Dec/2012 and Jan-Feb of March.
Footno e	t [76] Premium rate: A rate of pay higher than the regula	or work week rate. Must comply with national laws/ regulations and / or industry standards. Must be 120% of normal rate or higher.			
7.9 Cri	eria: Fair and decent wages				
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			
		a. Obtain legal documents showing minimum wages for the location where the farm operates.	С		Area Minimun Salary was defined 1.050.000vnd/month (Local Labour Dept Infoming Decree No. 70/2011/NDCP) At now, Farm had signed labour contract with 3.000.000 VND monthly salary not including meals.
7.9.1	Indicator: The employer pays at least minimum wages as defined by law, or ensures that wages cover basic needs [77], plus some discretionary income [78], whichever is higher Requirement: Yes	b. If minimum wage has not been established by law, calculate basic needs wages, in consultation with workers and their representative organizations, and cost of living assessments from credible sources. Document the process and ensure that all workers have access to it at reasonable times.		NC	The minimun salary cancovered the BNW. However the Farm had wrong caculated BNW is 613.500 VND. At now, BNW is about 1.900.000 VND for this area Farm had signed labour contract with 3.000.000 VND monthly salary not including meals.

	Applicability: All, Farm-Wide	c. Maintain copies of employees' contract and ensure that at least minimum wages are paid to employees	С		Farm had signed labour contract with 3.000.000 VND monthly salary including meals. The salary will be paid on 10th of each month.
		d. Maintain receipts of salary payments. For first audit, receipts must cover ≥ 6 months.	С		The payment records was full maintained from Jun to Jan 2013 Interview worker, they feedback that all payments is on time and by cash.
Footno e	average size of a household in a given country. Recogn capable of sustaining 50% of an average-sized family w shall minimally pay a full-time worker the basic needs	to the basic shopping basket needed for an adequate diet, the percentage of an average household's budget that goes to food and other necessary expenses, and the lized representative shopping basket surveys include those undertaken by national authorities and multi-lateral developmental agencies. A basic or living wage should be ith food, clean water, clothing, housing, transportation, schooling, obligatory tax payments, health care and an additional 10% discretionary income (SA8000). An employer wage (without financial deductions) or national legal minimum wage; whichever is higher. The basic needs wage/living wage refers to "take home payment". Any er (e.g., uniform, tools and lunches) will not bring "take home" pay below a basic needs standard.			
Footno	[78] For guidance and methods for basic needs wage of	alculation, see SA8000 Guidance Document.			
	Indicator: Workers have the right to know the mechanism for setting the wages and benefits	a. Provide a declaration stating the mechanism used for setting wages	С		Mechanism used for setting wages has been registered with Local Labor Dept in 8 Sep 2011 with defined clearly .
7.9.2	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Ensure that employees are aware of the mechansim used for setting wages	С		Interview workers, all of workers has been aware the way salary caculation.
	Indicator: Wages shall be paid in cash or in a	a. Maintain records of the preferred method of payment for each employee	С		The payment records was full maintained from Jun to Dec/2012 and Jan 2013
7.9.3	manner most convenient to workers Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Maintain records of payments indicating the method of payment	C (OBS)		Records of payments indicating the method of payment were maintained well and interviewed workers, all of workers been aware the way salary caculation. Payment for sick leave of the worker of the farm should be paid in a timely manner.
7.10 Cri	teria: Labor contracts				
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			
7.10.1	Indicator: Workers have copies of, and can understand, their labor contract [79] Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	a. Ensure that employees have copies of their labor contracts	С		Interview workers, all feedback have received original labour contract after signed labour contract with Farm's Manager.
		b. Ensure that employees understand their labor contracts	С		Interview workers are aware about that.
Footno e		e rural locations, cases of illiteracy and small family farms), extra care needs to be taken that the contents of the agreement are fully agreed to and well-understood. Cross yer and the employee understand in the same way the terms of the verbal agreement.			
7.10.2	Indicator: Maximum length of probation period stated in the contract for workers, other than farm managers and workers with an university degree	a. Maintain copies of contracts of employees (other than farm managers and workers with a university degree) and ensure that the probation time is clearly stated and does not exceed 1 month		NC NC	There is no evidence to proved that workers had been provided labor contract or any written agrrement for the right and responsibility during the probation time.
	Requirement: 1 month Applicability: All	b. Ensure that probation times are understood by employees and respected	С		Interview workers are understand about contents of their labour contract

		-			
7.10.3	Indicator: Maximum length of probation period stated in the contract for farm managers and workers with an university degree	a. Maintain copies of contracts of farm managers and workers with a university degree) and ensure that the probation time is clearly stated and does not exceed 2 months	С		Maintained one hardcopy labour contract at farm Interview workers are understand about contents of their labour contract
	Requirement: 2 months Applicability: All	b. Ensure that probation times are understood by employees and respected	С		Interview workers are understand about contents of their labour contract
7.11 Cri	teria: Management system				
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			
7.11.1	Indicator: The employer ensures all workers have appropriate channels to communicate anonymously with employers on matters relating to labor rights and working conditions Requirement: Yes	a. Maintain complaint boxes for employees throughout the farm.	С		Have 04 complaint boxes in the farm. And maintained records to checking this Box monthly to meet with "Giai Quyet Khieu Nai" TT06 issued .
	Applicability: All	b. Ensure that workers are aware of the use of complaint boxes and are encouraged to use them by farm management	С		Interview workers, all of them aware the complaint procedure
7.11.2	Indicator: Percentage of issues raised by workers which are registered, tracked and responded to by the employer Requirement: 100%	a. Maintain a register recording issues raised by workers (including complaint forms), date and response taken. For first audit, register must contain all records of the previous ≥ 6 months.	С		They have the book to record any issue of complaint box. The farm meeting was conducted monthly with full workers attendance. (The contents of meeting related to health & safety, management farm and workers' problem)
	Applicability: All	b. Ensure that employees have access to the register at reasonable times	С		Interview workers are aware about that.
7.11.3	Indicator: Percentage of complaints that are resolved[80] within one month after being received [81]	a. Maintain evidence of issues raised by workers and being resolved. Evidence may include letters signed by employees or their representatives.	С		The from Jun upto now, there is no complaint via Box. All of workers are joined monthly meeting and discusion about their problem in working. All of this will be resloved in output meeting.
	Requirement: 90%	b. Record the issues being resolved in the register as for 7.11.2a	С		Upto now, No complaint via box
	Applicability: All	c. Maintain monthly summaries and calculations of the percentage of issues resolved within 1 month	С		Upto now, No complaint via box
Footno	[80] Resolution of a conflict is defined as when both pa	rties agree to remove it from the list of conflicts.			
Footno	[81] Complaints include the ones coming from other re	source users, employees and buyers (e.g., middlemen or processors).			
	Indicator: A plan for addressing the yet to be resolved conflicts is developed and complied with	a. Maintain a register recording issues raised by workers (as for 7.11.2a) and including the plan for addressing yet to be resolved conflicts	С		Upto now, No complaint via box
7.11.4	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Ensure that the plan is adhered to	С		Upto now, No complaint via box
7.11.5	Indicator: Timeframe for the contracting[82] of suppliers and service providers that ensure suitable health and safety conditions for their workers [83] Requirement: Within 1 year from achieving	a. For first audit, prepare a declaration of commitment to contract only suppliers and service providers that ensure suitable health and safety condition within 1 year.	С		Farm has totally 06 supplier. They was signed commitment and Health & safety instruction with subcontractor. Have contract to control safety of Subcontractor
	Applicability: All	b. For subsequent audits, ensure that all health and safety conditions as indicated in these Requirements (i.e. within Criteria 7.1, 7.2 and 7.4) are respected by all the employees of suppliers and service providers who are working in the farm	С		same above content.
Footno	[82] Including either written or verbal contracts.				
Footno	[83] As defined in these Requirements.				
7.12 Cri	teria: Record-keeping				
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			

			 T
Indicator: Records of the hours worked by every worker employed in the farm are available	a. Maintain timesheets for all employees. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	С	All of records was keep comply with standard requirements.
7.12.1 Requirement: Yes Applicability: All, Farm-Wide	b. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm	С	Full maintained records and including the list of new workers In this year, there is no any dismissal workers or resigned workers
7.13 Criteria: Participatory social impact assessment for local co	ommunities.		
	Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):		
Indicator: A participatory Social Impact Assessment (p-SIA) [84] is conducted (See Annex F for more information) 7.13.1	a. Provide a p-SIA inclusive of all items reported in Annex F. For large scale farms (e.g. vertically integrated operations) the p-SIA must be commissioned to professional experts. A new p-SIA should be conducted at least every 3-years.	С	It was approved by local governent and residers. This report is available and checked compline.
Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. For large scale farms, provide evidence of the experience of the professional experts commissioned. Evidence must indicate a track record of at least 3 years conducting participatory consultations with rural communities	С	p-SIA contents are clear this point.
	nsequences and risks of a planned or ongoing project (e.g., a farm or farm development) undertaken in such a manner that all stakeholder groups have input in process, steps taken and information gathered is openly accessible to all.		
Indicator: Local communities [85], local government and at least one civil society organization chosen by community have a copy of the p-SIA in locally	a. Maintain records of all the people having received copy of the p-SIA	С	p-SIA contents are clear this point.
7.13.2 appropriate language Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	b. Obtain signatures from at least 50% of the people having received the p-SIA. The people signing must include at least: a representative of the local community (if such a representant can be identified by the majority of the community), a representative of the local government and one civil society organization (if available).	С	p-SIA contents are clear this point.
Footnot e indicators are 1.) a state of organized society in small face-to-face interaction as the main form of contact b	rse characteristics who are linked by social ties, share common perspectives, and are joined by collective engagements within a geographically confined area. Four common form (town, village, hamlet) that recognizes a single representative (leader, formal or informal); 2.) the people inside a confined geographical area; small enough to allow etween the individuals within the group; 3.) having a common good or a common interest and recognizing that, and been recognized as having that; and 4.) A sense of "them" feeling) on either/or social, cultural, economic, ethnic grounds.		
7.14 Criteria: Complaints by local communities			
	Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):		
	a. Prepare and ensure the application of a conflict resolution policy for local communities	С	appendix of p-SIA
Indicator: A verifiable conflict resolution policy [86], [87], for local communities is developed and applied	b. Maintain records of all the people having received copy of the policy	С	appendix of p-SIA
7.14.1 Requirement: Yes	c. Obtain signatures from at least 50% of the people having received copies of the policy. The people signing must include at least: a representative of the local community (if such a representant can be identified by the majority of the community), a representative of the local government and one civil society organization (if	С	appendix of p-SIA
Applicability: All	and agreed action plan and summaries. For first audits records must cover at least one meeting (this could be part of the p-SIA process if the p-SIA was conducted less than 6 months before the audit)	С	appendix of p-SIA
Footnot e [86] The policy shall state how conflicts and complain	rs will be tracked transparently and explain how to respond to all received complaints.		
	etings are summarized. Summaries include an agenda (the list of concerns), resolutions or agreements reached, who shall take what action by when, and a list of ociety or customary organization chosen by the community shall have access to the conflict resolution process and the documentation thereof. A conflict is deemed e agreed to take it off the agenda.		
Indicator: Complaint boxes, complaint registers, and complaint acknowledgement receipts in local	a. Maintain complaint boxes in public locations reachable by the local community.	С	There is one public complaint Box putted at farm's gate near the residence area. Interview the residents of local communities, no any complaints
language(s) are used 7.14.2	b. Retain complaint forms submitted by local communities. For first audits, records must include at least previous ≥ 6 months.	С	No found any signal violation, No any complaint of residence
Requirement: Yes	c. Provide evidence that complaints have been acknowledged to the local community (e.g. through a statement from the local community stating having received acknowledgement or acknowledgement receipts)	С	Interview residences are good comments
Applicability: All	d. Maintain a register of the complaints received. Register should include date, complaint and action taken. For first audits, register must contain records from at least previous ≥ 6 months.	С	Upto now, No complaint via box and Farm have one book to monitor local complaint box

				*
7.14.3	Indicator: Percentage of conflicts resolved within the date of being filed Requirement: Within 6 months 50%	a. Maintain a register of complaints as per 7.14.2d, clearly identifying what complaints have been resolved and the resolution date	С	Refer to "Giai Quyet Khieu Nai" procedure issued 01 Jun 2012.
	Within 1 year 75% Within 2 years 100% Applicability: All	b. Maintain minutes of community meetings as per 7.14.1d showing issues discussed and issues resolved	С	Appendix of p-SIA and upto now no any complaint from residence
7.15 Cri	teria: Preferential employment for local communities			
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):		
		a. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm indicating also place of origin	С	farm have 08/30 workers who are residence.
7.15.1	Indicator: Evidence of advertising positions within local communities before migrant workers are hired	b. For farms where employees are coming from a location other than the location of the farm (based on 7.15.1a) present copies of the dated advertisements posted around the farm to advertise. For first audit copies must cover more than previous ≥ 6 months	С	Interview residences are good comments about the hiring in local.
7.13.1	Requirement: Yes Applicability: All	c. For farms where employees are coming from a location other than the location of the farm (based on 7.15.1a) present a list containing the name, address and contact number of all the people consulted to advertise the position in the local community. For first audit records must cover more than previous ≥ 6 months	С	Have the hiring poster.
	Indicator: An explanation on the reasons for employing each worker is available and the explanation justifies not employing workers from local	a. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm indicating also place of origin as in 17.15.1a	С	List of workers are available
7.15.2	communities Requirement: Yes, if workers outside the local community are employed	b. For farms where employees are coming from a location other than the location of the farm (based on 7.15.1a) provide a written explanation for employing workers outside the local community.	С	Most of employees had worked a long time at farm and 03 employees are residence.



A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

VERITAS								
Company: AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON E	BAN PANGASIUS FARM.		Non Conforn	nity No. 01				
File Number:		CLAUSE: 3.2.1	TEAM LEAD	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY				
Date: 27 Feb 2013		OTHER TEAM MEMBERS	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:					
Major:	Minor: X	Observation)	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE:				
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMIT The company have no evidence about of		r to measure the salinity of	f waste water at receiveing water bodies.					
. ,			·					
Deadline for clearance:			28th Feb 2014					
Actual Clearance Date:		CORRECTIVE ACTION RE	EPORT (to be completed by the Compan Company Representative					
Root Cause Analisys			Company Representative.	•				
During the point of time starting to aqua	2013 and finishes in early of	of April. Therefore, we only	m June 2012 till Feb, 2013, the water at M use the refractometer to measure the sal					
Description of the Corrective Action								
* Correction: ' We are now sending the refractometer	right away on 5th March 2	013 for cabliration.						
* Preventive action: Following crops, we will have schedule	to cablirate the refractome	ter in January, right before	e the season of brackish water enter. (Atta	ached cabliration receipt)				
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed	by BVCertification)							
ACCEPTED				YES				
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS								
- Check records of cabliration receipt o	k.							
- This noncomformity had closed with e	effectiveness actions							
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY			SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 20 March 2013			
CLOSED			1	YES				
					<u> </u>			



A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

VERITAS									
Company: AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FARM. Non Conformity No. 02									
File Number:		CLAUSE: 7.9.1	TEAM LEAD	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY					
Date: 27 Feb 2013		OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:							
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	n	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE:					
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY	':								
Minor: NC 7.9.1 The minimun salary cancovered the BN	W However the Farm had y	wrong caculated RNW is 6	\$13 500 VND						
At now, BNW is about 1.900.000 VND for	r this area	•	710.000 VIID.						
Farm had signed labour contract with 3.	.000.000 VND monthly salar	ry not including meals.							
Deadline for clearance:			28th Feb 2014						
Audit Comments:									
		CORRECTIVE ACTION R	REPORT (to be completed by the Compan	у)					
Actual Clearance Date:			Company Representative	:					
Root Cause Analisys									
As Staff of Human resource dept. does i	not correctly understand th	e ASC standard.							
Description of the Corrective Action									
* Correction:									
Staff of Human resource dept. calculate	and make the sheet of bas	sic need as per ASC stand	lard. (Attached basic need revise)						
. Bernardian and an									
* Preventive action: Training involved staff about new basic	need revised for applying.								
-									
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed	by BVCertification)								
ACCEPTED				YES					
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS									
- Check records of basic need revised of	orrect.								
- This noncomformity had closed with e	ffectiveness actions								
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY			SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 20 March 2013				
			SIGNED. HOT NOOTEN		DATE: 20 MOIGH 2010				
CLOSED				YES					

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		A.S.C. NON-CONFORM	IITY REPORT			
BUREAU VERITAS						
	TRE - CON BAN PANGASIUS FA	RM.	Non Conford	mity No. 03		
File Number:		CLAUSE: 7.10.2	TEAM LEAD	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY		
Date: 27 Feb 2013		OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:				
Major:	Minor: X	Observation		COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE:		
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON	CONFORMITY:			<u> </u>		
Minor NC 7.10.2:						
	oved that workers had been prov	ided labor contract or any written agrrement for t	the right and responsibilit	y during the probation time.		
Deadline for clearance:			28th Feb 2014			
Audit Comments:						
		CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be co		•		
Actual Clearance Date:			Company Representative	:		
Root Cause Analisys						
		ecruitment announcement, discuss with the app or his signature. After probationary period as reg				
		ture. In the past, we do not make apprentice cont				
		while making apprentice contract for each new	worker and submit to gen	eral director for signature is a time	consuming procedures and it mak	
the recruitment activities b	ecomes not effective.					
Description of the Correcti	ve Action					
* Correction:						
	ter of authorization for head of H	uman resource dept. to negotiate and sign appre	ntice contract with new w	orkers so that can avoid too much	time consuming. (Attached letter o	
authorization) * Preventive action:						
	aff about new changes in reruitm	ent procedure for applying.				
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be	completed by BVCertification)					
ACCEPTED	, ,			YES		
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS				ı		
- Check records of letter of	f authorization for HR manager (OK.				

SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN

DATE: 20 March 2013

YES

This noncomformity had closed with effectiveness actions

NGUYEN HUY

AUDITOR:

CLOSED

7828
BUREA
VERITA
Company

A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

B U R E A U V E R I T A S						
Company: AQUATEX BEN TRE - CON B	AN PANGASIUS FARM.			Non Conforn	nity No. Obs 01	
File Number:		CLAUSE: 7.9.3		TEAM LEAD	ER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 27 Feb 2013		OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:				
Major:	Minor:	O	bservation: X		COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE:	
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY	<u>1</u>	L				
Deadline for clearance:				28th Feb 2014		
Audit Comments: Obs: 7.9.3 Payment for sick leave of the worker of	the farm should be paid in	a timely manne	er.			
		CORRECTIVE	ACTION REPORT (to be con	pleted by the Compan	y)	
Actual Clearance Date:			C	ompany Representative	:	
for all the regime occur within a month. some case of delay payment to the regir from them yet.	In case of regime not yet p	aid, it has to wait	t for the company to draw b	alance sheet with Social	nsurance. However with the level of 2%, it insurance competent office before furthe al Insurance competent office but till now	er paid. That is why there are
Description of the Corrective Action						
'We will further report and request Socia	al Insurance competent offi	ce to do payment	nt sooner, ontime for regime	e of workers.		
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed i	by BVCertification)					
ACCEPTED					YES	
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS - Check records of letter send to Social - This Observation had closed with effect		about payment	sooner, ontime for regime	of workers OK.		
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY			SIGNED: HUY N	GUYEN		DATE: 20 March 2013
CLOSED					YES	
					120	

Aquaculture Stewardship Council Farm Audit Report Confidential Annexe

ASC-F-E05-5-12

Confidential data for commercially sensitive information

No content of the report has been removed/ separated because of confidential reasons.

Including Written of other documented information and Bureau Veritas Certification responses to each submission.

If no submission, precise " no submissions received"

Public Consultation period	Stakeholder submission	BV Response
Audit announcement (30 days prior to audit)		
	No submissions received	NA
Draft public report (10 days from publication)	No submissions received	NA

Table 2. A checklist of records that the farm must provide to the auditor to show evidence of compliance of full crops from > 20% of enclosures.

No. Description of Farm Record	Indicator(s)	Record Coverage	Yes / No / NA
1 Records for water intake / water abstraction	2.4.1a, 2.4.2a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
2 Records for type and quantity of feed used	3.1.1a, 3.1.2a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
3 Supplier declarations for TP and TN content in feeds	3.1.1b, 3.1.2b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
4 Records for amount of TP and TN added per ton of fish produced and supporting lab test results	3.1.1d, 3.1.1e, 3.1.2d, 3.1.2e	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
5 Records for weekly DO measurements (to determine minimum DO in water discharged)	3.3.3a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
6 Records for mortality quantities and their disposal method	3.6.1b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
7 Records for fish size	4.5.1a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
8 Register of inspection, mitigation and repair of net mesh or grills	4.5.2b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
9 Record of actions taken upond detection of escapes	4.5.4c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
10 Records to show all crops were accounted for (harvested or properly disposed)	4.6.2b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
11 Written justification for periods of inactivity > 3 months	4.6.2c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
12 Records (receipts, supplier statement) showing average weight of seed and numbers	5.2.1a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
13 Records showing amount of fish harvested	5.2.1c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
14 Calculations for eFCR and yield for each crop	5.2.1d	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
15 Records showing average weight and numbers of seed stocked into each enclosure	6.1.1a, 6.5.1a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
16 Records showing total number of fish harvested from each enclosure	6.1.1b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
17 List of all veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological product and records of their usage	6.2.1a, 6.2.1b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
18 Records of prescriptions/written advice for all veterinary medicines and chemicals used	6.2.2a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
19 Daily records of product use and water temp for all chemicals requiring withdrawal periods	6.2.4a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
20 List of all antibiotics used	6.2.5a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
21 Receipts for purchases of veterinary medicines	6.2.6b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
22 Detailed records of use of veterinary medicines and chemicals (including withdrawals) for hatchery and grow-out facilities	6.4.1b, 6.4.1d	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
23 Records of daily monitoring for stress or disease	6.4.3a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
24 Records of daily monitoring for mortality	6.4.4a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
25 Records showing the total weight of fish harvested from each enclosure	6.5.1b, 6.5.2b, 6.5.3b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
26 Calculated fish density at harvest for each enclosure	6.5.2c, 6.5.3c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES