



BUREAU  
VERITAS

## Aquaculture Stewardship Council Audit Report for Farms Pangasius

### AN GIANG FISHERIES IMPORT & EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY (AGIFISH)- VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM

Date:	30-mai-13	By:	BUREAU VERITAS CERTIFICATION VIET NAM
CLIENT :	AN GIANG FISHERIES IMPORT & EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM	ASSESSORS TEAM :	NGUYEN HUY DO THANH MUON HUYNH VAN THUAN
MAIN CONTACT (Audited person):	Mr. Đào Thanh Hùng		
REPORT REFERENCE :	ASC- PANGASIUS STANDARD V 1.0	REPORT WRITING DATE :	15th Jun 2013
LEAD ASSESSOR :	Mr NGUYEN HUY	REPORT REVIEWING DATE :	01st Jul 2013
ASSESSMENT / MISSION	INITIAL		INITIAL
	SURVEILLANCE		
	COMPLEMENTARY /SUPPLEMENTARY		
<b><u>Summary:</u></b>			
<p>Farms located in a good positions for Aquaculture developing area and has a good investment in management system and facility. Farm technical team had very good aware of ASC standard and received a strong support from AN GIANG FISHERIES IMPORT &amp; EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY in applying ASC Pangasius standards. Farm has a strong management systems &amp; ready to get certify with ASC Pangasius standards.</p>			
<b><u>Background on the Applicant Farm:</u></b>			
<p>AN GIANG FISHERIES IMPORT &amp; EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY, one of the biggest frozen Pangasius producer, certified HACCP, HALAL and BRC food standrad, was established in 2001, located at 1234 Trần Hưng Đạo St., Bình Đức ward, Long Xuyên city, An Giang province, Viet Nam.  AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM located at Hamlet Vĩnh Thành, Vĩnh Trinh commune, Vĩnh Thạnh District, Cần Thơ City, Việt Nam.  AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FAR is divided into four (04) grow-out ponds and one sedimentation pond and one sluge repository ponds, re-built on 2006.  Farm have farm offices, fish feed stores, chemical and antibiotic warehouses and worker accommodations in the farm. The farms share water from Cai San river with local communities.</p> <p>There are 07 employees working in the farm. Most of workers do not stay in the farm and get enough accommodation and food.  AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FAR is just registered to certify ASC standard only at the moment..  The farms use Viet Thang J.S.C who has Global GAP certified to supply fish feed, use An Giang Fisheries Breeding Centre - Global GAP certified from May 2010 for the seed supplier.</p>			
<b><u>Scope:</u></b>			
STANDARD	ASC Pangasius Standard Version 1,0 - Jan 2012.		
Activity & scope of the audit:	Farming of Pangasius species		
Species :	Pangasianodon hypophthalmus / Pangasius hypophthalmus		

Description of receiving water body :	<a href="#">Cai San river.</a>
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<b><u>Audit Plan:</u></b>		
· Desk reviews and other activities undertaken before or after any site visits.	Preview of Quality Manual, Fish Health Plan & all calculations of Harvested Ponds.	
· Stakeholder submissions, including written or other documented information and CAB written responses to each submission.	Bureau Veritas will notify potential stakeholders of the planned and invite their participation in writing prior to the audit or in person during the on-site visit. All stakeholders, even if not directly addressed by Bureau Veritas are Invited to become involved	
· Sites of the Company concerned by the ASC. For each site show:	Name :	AN GIANG FISHERIES IMPORT & EXPORT JOINT STOCK COMPANY - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM
	Address :	Hamlet Vĩnh Thành, Vĩnh Trinh commune, Vĩnh Thạnh District, Cần Thơ City, Việt Nam.
	Contact :	Mr. Đào Thanh Hùng -Asisstant General Director
	Other certifications held :	None.
	Names and affiliations of individuals consulted or otherwise involved in the audit ( representatives of the client, employees, contractors, stakeholders and any observers that participated in the audit):	* Ông Đào Thanh Hùng - Asisstant General Director * Ông Phùng Đức Hùng Dũng - HR deputy Manager * Ông Trần Lý Thiên Phúc - Farm Manager * AAH specialist Tran Thi Vien. * Ông Trần Lý Thiên Phúc - Technical * Ông Nguyễn Hùng Cang - QA vice Manager * Bà Thạch Phương Loan -QA staff *
Date & Duration of the visit :	30 May 2013.	
<b><u>Previous Audits (if applicable):</u></b>		
N/A, This in the initial audit.		

<b>Findings</b>						
	PREVIOUS ASSESSMENTS REVIEW			CURRENT ASSESSMENT CONCLUSION		
	Number	NON-CONFORMANCES REFERENCES	Open/closed	Number	N-CONFORMANCES REFERENC	Open /closed
Observations	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA
Minor NC	NA	NA	NA	7	NC-EV1-4/NC-SC1-3	CLOSED
Major NC	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA
Summary of Conditions :	All Non conformities and observations raised on initial audit 30 May 2013 were closed					
Certification status of the applicant:	NEW APPLICANT - NOT YET CERTIFIED					
<b><u>Evaluation Results:</u></b>						
Please see Audit Grid attached						
<b><u>Determination of the start of the CoC</u></b>						
<b><u>Determination of the eligibility of aquaculture products to enter further Chains of Custody and the points at which they can enter</u></b>						
Evaluation of the system of tracking, tracing and segregation in the aquaculture operation is sufficient to make sure all aquaculture products identified and sold as certified by the operation originate from the unit of certification certified						
Item	Risk Level			comments of the auditor and evidences		
	Low risk	Medium risk	high risk			
1. The tracking, tracing and segregation systems in use	X			Harm had clear system for tracking, tracing and segregation.		
2. The opportunity of substitution of certified with non-certified product prior to and at harvesting	X			Farm only product one kind of product, all will be certify		
3. The possibility of introducing product from outside the unit of certification	X			Farm have good traceability & recording system, it is not easy for introducing product from outside the unit of certification.		
4. The robustness of the applicant or certificate holders' management system	X			Management system were good.		
5. Any transshipment activities taking place	X			When harvesting fish, use boat to transport fish alive from farm to processing plan.		
6. Any subcontracted post-harvest handling or processing	X			Only use subcontracted when harvesting.		
Advice of the auditor	YES		NO	JUSTIFICATION		
the systems are sufficient, aquaculture products from the operation may enter into further	X			Traceability systems are sufficient		

<p>certified chains of custody and be eligible to carry the ASC label.</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">^</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Traceability systems are sufficient</p>
<p>Determination of the eligibility of aquaculture products to enter further Chains of Custody and the points at which they can enter</p>	<p>Products included in the scope of certification detailed in this report may enter further certified chains of custody and are eligible to apply to carry the ASC label.</p> <p>Considerations for the decision:</p> <p><b>- Tracking, tracing and segregation systems within the aquaculture operation:</b> AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM keeps all records related to the origin of fish such as grow out pond and fingerling supplier. VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM owned by AGIFISH at the moment, all product harvested is processed at AGIFISH processing FACTORY (same legal entity – AGIFISH). This factory are also certified ASC CoC by Bureau Veritas Certification, audited on Jun 2013. The information related to the origin of the fish are sent to the AGIFISH processing Factory with the transportation documents.</p> <p><b>- Use of transshipment:</b> Have no transshipment. The both farms use well-boat in order to transport the harvested fish to the processing Factory directly from the farm.</p> <p><b>- Eligible operators and point(s) of landing:</b> There are only one point of harvesting at farms and a unique point of landing at the AGIFISH processing Factory.</p> <p><b>- The opportunity of substitution of certified with non-certified product within the unit of certification:</b> There is no chance of substitution and only certified products are produced by the same legal entity (AGIFISH)</p> <p><b>- Point from which Chain of Custody certification is required:</b> Chain of custody certification is required after harvested when fish is received at AGIFISH processing Factory which also owned by AGIFISH and already certified ASC CoC by Bureau Veritas Certification, audited on Jun 2013.</p> <p>This determination will remain in force until revised by the CAB in a subsequent audit.</p>
<p><i>Describe points of change of ownership after which chain of custody certification is needed</i></p>	<p>The scope of the certification includes the growing, harvesting.</p> <p>Coc certification is required from the point of first sale to the processing plan.</p> <p>Only products harvested on or after the date of initial ASC Farm audit are approved to carry the ASC label.</p>

<b>CERTIFICATION DECISION</b>	
<p><b>BUREAU VERITAS CERTIFICATION determines that all the requirements of the standard are sufficiently met and has certified AGIFISH VINH TRINH Farm.</b></p> <p><b>A certificate has been issued for the scope specified in the section "scope" above in the report .</b></p> <p><b>Any outstanding non-conformities and their status are listed in the section "Findings" above in the report.</b></p>	
Date of issuing:	
Date of expiring:	
Scope of the certificate:	
List of all outstanding non-conformities:	<i>All Non conformities and observations raised on initial audit 30 May 2013 were closed</i>
<b><u>Non-conformity Report(s)</u></b>	
<i>Please see non-conformity reports attached</i>	
<b><u>Confidential data for commercially sensitive information</u></b>	
<i>This report is not contain confidential annexes for commercially sensitive information. Bureau Veritas had been agree the content of commercially sensitive information with the applicant.</i>	

PRINCIPLE 1. LOCATE AND OPERATE FARMS WITHIN ESTABLISHED LOCAL AND NATIONAL LEGAL FRAMEWORKS			C	Major N	Minor N	NA	COMMENTS -RATIONALE
1.1 Criteria: Local and national regulations							
	Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):	Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):					
1.1.1  <b>Indicator:</b> Presence of all pertinent permits and registrations required by local and national authorities  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain records to show the farm has all registrations as required by local and national authorities.	A. Verify farm has all registrations as required by local and national authorities.	C				AGIFISH - Vinh Trinh pure Pangasius Farm rented this farm from Ms. Tong Thi Kim Chi on 01Jun2012 with duration 05 years, Ms Chi has the land owner decision issued by Committee of people of Can Tho city with total land area 28.817 m2, land use permission is Aquaculture farming Land using allow until Nov 2017. The total ponds area about 18.900 m2.
	b. Obtain an aquaculture farming licence (as applicable).	B. Verify farm has aquaculture farming licence (as applicable).	C				- Commercial License including farming license for farms, number 1600583588 on 10Aug2001 and revised No 18 on 30 Jun 2010, issued by An Giang province. - Eligible certificate of Veterinary Hygiene and Fisheries by the Veterinary Department of Can Tho city.
	c. Obtain a commercial licence (as applicable).	C. Verify farm has a commercial licence (as applicable).	C				- Commercial License including farming license for farms, number 1600583588 on 10Aug2001 and revised No 18 on 30 Jun 2010, issued by An Giang province.
	d. Obtain any other contracts, licences, or permits as required by local and national authorities (also see 1.1.3. and 1.1.4).	D. Verify compliance.	C				Company have confirmation letter from Vinh Trinh commune: - No regulations limit for using of water, waste water for farming fish. - Confirm Vinh Trinh pure Pangasius Farm area is planned for farming Basa fish of Can Tho Province - Confirm no tax rules apply to the use of river water for Tra/ Basa fish.
1.1.2  <b>Indicator:</b> Presence of documents proving compliance with pertinent tax laws  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain records of tax payments to appropriate authorities (e.g. land use tax, water use tax, revenue tax) for the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months	A. Verify client has records of tax payments to appropriate authorities. [Note: For integrated systems, tax may only apply at the processing level. Nonetheless clients must show evidence of tax payment]	C				- Company has the payment receipt of land using fee on 26 Jun 2012. - Water abstract & discharge fee: NA (see 1.1.4.b)
	b. Keep updated information on applicable tax laws for the jurisdiction in which the farm is operating.	B. Verify client has current tax law information and a basic understanding of tax requirements.	C				Interview Mr Phung Duc Hung Dung, Tran Bao Anh - HR department, Mr Tran Ly Thien Phuc - Farm manager: good aware of tax law applying for aquaculture farming.
	<b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 1.1.3 - Showing Compliance with Water Discharge Regulations</b> Indicator 1.1.3 requires the farm to show compliance with all water discharge regulations at the local and national level. If the authoritative regulatory agency has imposed limits on farm water discharge (i.e. by issuing a discharge permit or other comparable mechanism) the obligation shall rest with the client to demonstrate compliance. Four types of evidence are acceptable: a. Statement by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory showing that their staff collected samples at discharge; b. Results of water testing from a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory; c. Relevant legal documents showing compliance; or d. Statement from local authorities with competence on water quality and capacity to test water quality parameters stating compliance.						
	Where regulations require monitoring of farm water discharge, that monitoring shall be conducted annually (at a minimum) or more frequently if required under local or national regulations. If there is insufficient evidence to show that the farm complies with water discharge regulations then the auditor will raise a non-conformity.						
	Note 1: The ASC Pangasius Standard also specifies criteria for some water quality parameters. These are considered separately under Principle 3 below.						

1.1.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Presence of documents proving compliance with pertinent water discharge (including water effluents) regulations</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	a. Submit a statement by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory showing that their staff collected samples at discharge	A. Verify compliance. If (b), (c) or (d), then enter 'not applicable' for (a).	C				There are statements by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Agitech- VILAS 480" showing that their staff collected intake & discharge water samples.	
		b. Submit results of water testing from a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory.	B. Verify compliance. If (a), (c) or (d), then enter 'not applicable' for (b).	C				Water testing was done by ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Agitech-VILAS 480"	
		c. Submit relevant legal documents showing compliance.	C. Verify compliance. If (a), (b) or (d), then enter 'not applicable' for (c).	C				According to TT44/2010-BNNPTNT issued 22.07.2012, testing had been done yearly, check results of testing done on 26 Nov 2012 with result OK.	
		d. Obtain a statement from local authorities with competence on water quality and capacity to test water quality parameters stating compliance.	D. Verify compliance. If (a), (b) or (c), then enter 'not applicable' for (d).				NA	NA	
1.1.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Presence of documents proving compliance with local and national legal regulations on land and water use</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. For ponds, maintain copies of land ownership or contract of lease. For pens or cages, maintain permits showing allowance to farm in the designated location.	A. Verify client has documents to show legal access to and use of land and water.	C				See 1.1.1	
		b. Obtain required permits to use and discharge water for the purposes of operating a farm. Comply with any and all permit restrictions stated therein (e.g. maximum capacity of production, water allocation volumes, etc).	B. Verify farm has obtained permits and complies with the terms.						- Cicurlar 105/2010/TT-BTC issued on 23Jul2010 confirmed that fish farming activities not subject to pay fees for industrial waste water environment, so the company do not have to pay a fee for this farming environment.
		c. If the farm operates in a country and region with no permitting system for land and water use, provide documentary evidence (e.g. letter from authorities) attesting to this fact.	C. As applicable, review evidence to confirm that the farm does not need permits for land and water use in the country and region of operation.				NA	NA, see 2.4.1.b	
<b>PRINCIPLE 2. FARMS MUST BE LOCATED, DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED AND MANAGED TO AVOID (OR, AT LEAST, MINIMIZE) THEIR NEGATIVE IMPACTS ON OTHER USERS AND THE ENVIRONMENT</b>						Major N	Minor N	NA	
<b>2.1 Criteria: Meeting official development plans</b>									
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>						
2.1.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Farms [4] located in approved aquaculture development areas</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Provide a detailed map of the farm with at least 4 GPS coordinates.	A. Review map to confirm farm location and accuracy of GPS coordinates. If possible, verify spatial information using Google Map, satellite images or similar means.	C				* Farm GPS: A 10°16'53.34" N; 105°26'36.12" E B 10°16'56.10" N; 105°26'33.68" E C 10°16'58.76" N; 105°26'25.46" E D 10°16'57.32" N; 105°26'24.76" E	
		b. Provide official plans that identify approved aquaculture development areas. If there are none, obtain a statement from the authorities as confirmation.	B. Review plans. If farm states there is no plan, confirm that the country and region of operation does not have approved aquaculture development areas.	C				The Decision 2483/QĐ-UBND of Can Tho City on 31 Oct 2007 about Approving for Aquaculture developing area up to year 2020, it is clarify address of many area for aqua farming developing area and "CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN XNK THỦY SẢN AN GIANG - Vinh Trinh pure Pangasius Farm" address is including in this plan.	
		c. Show that the farm is located in an area approved for aquaculture using evidence from maps or list of officially designated locations.	C. Verify farm is located in an approved aquaculture area. If there are no such areas, auditor response is 'not applicable'.	C				See 2.2.1.b	
Footnote	[4] Pond, cage and pen-based facilities								
<b>2.2 Criteria: Conversion of natural ecosystems</b>									
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>						
		a. Provide a declaration that identifies the month and year of farm construction, and specify dates of any subsequent farm expansions.	A. Verify the declaration gives date of farm construction and any subsequent expansions. Identify any ponds established after August 31, 2010.	C				- Farm construction contract and commissioning records for ponds in farm, other instructions on 2006.	



2.2.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> For ponds [5] , evidence [6] that only land that has been allocated to agriculture or aquaculture for 10 years prior is used for new pond development or for farm expansion</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds established after August 31, 2010</p>	<p>b. If the farm (or any of its expansions) was constructed after August 31, 2010, obtain a statement/historical land use map from a government organization indicating that the land was agriculture or aquaculture land for 10 years prior to their construction.</p>	<p>B. Review evidence from government organizations. Where land-use maps or spatial information is provided, cross-check against map of farm (see 2.1.1).</p>	C			<p>Check land renting contract, farms construction contract maps &amp; present map: all information were correct.</p>
			<p>C. Verify accuracy of (a) and (b) above during interviews with local community members to confirm there is no evidence for conversion of wetlands or any other ecosystem (other than agriculture or aquaculture land) as applicable under Indicator 2.2.1.</p>	C			<p>Community interview: farms had been construction 6-7 years ago.</p>
Footnote	[5] For Ponds established after the publication of the PAD standards.						
Footnote	[6] From government organizations.						
2.2.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence that a contribution of at least USD \$0.50 per ton of fish produced has been paid to the environmental and social restoration fund [7] annually</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Submit a signed letter to the ASC committing to pay a contribution to the fund for all certified fish harvested from the day of first certification.</p>	<p>A. Verify the farm has signed a letter stating commitment to contribute to the fund.</p>	C			<p>Had Commitment letter for contribute 0.5\$/ton of fish after farm get certified, sign by AGIFISH 's General Director - Mr Nguyen Van Ky on April 2013.</p>
		<p>b. Retain the receipt from ASC showing that farm's signed letter was received.</p>	<p>B. Verify evidence that ASC has received the letter.</p>	C			<p>Have confirmation E-mail from ASC from ASC on 17 April 2013.</p>
		<p>c. Retain evidence of all payments made into the fund.</p>	<p>C. Verify farm has made payment(s) into the fund. As soon as ASC has set-up the fund, this information will be posted on the ASC website.</p>	C			
Footnote	[7] To be identified by the Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC). If a fund has yet to be created and recognized by ASC at the time of auditing, then requirement 2.2.2 will not be considered.						
2.2.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence [8] that no earth has been discharged into common [9] water bodies</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds established after August 31, 2010</p>	<p>a. Provide a declaration stating that the farm has not discharged earth into common water bodies after August 31, 2010.</p>	<p>A. Verify the farm has made a declaration.</p>				<p>NA NA, Ponds were established before August 31, 2010</p>
		<p>b. For construction activities listed in 2.2.1a that involved earth moving and that occurred after August 31, 2010, provide a statement indicating where the earth was moved to or how it was disposed of.</p>	<p>B. Review list of construction activities and means for disposing of earth.</p>				<p>NA NA, Ponds were established before August 31, 2010</p>
		-	<p>C. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that the farm has discharged earth into common water bodies.</p>				
Footnote	[8] For ponds established after the publication of the PAD standards.						
Footnote	[9] Exception made for discharge into water bodies belonging to the farm and without negative impacts to other water resource users.						
2.2.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence [10] of no negative impacts on endangered species [11]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Do a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature to identify endangered species that occur in the area.</p>	<p>A. Review search results for adequacy and completeness.</p>	C			<p>There is a Scientific Report done by technical expert from SOFIS about the "Identification of endangered" and IUCN red listed species occur at "CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN XNK THỦY SẢN AN GIANG - Vùng nuôi cá sạch Vĩnh Trinh" with content including: - Identification of endangered species occur at Mekong delta area. - Identification of endangered species occur in the area of "CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN XNK THỦY SẢN AN GIANG - Vùng nuôi cá sạch Vĩnh Trinh" - Risk assessment for all farming practice that can be danger to these species. - Apply new farming practice in order to have no negative impact on these endangered species.</p>
		<p>b. Determine whether any species occurring in the area are listed as endangered by relevant national authorities.</p>	<p>B. Review the source and accuracy of the list.</p>	C			<p>Source &amp; accuracy confirmed.</p>
		<p>c. Prepare a list of all endangered species occurring in the area by combining results from 2.2.4(a) and 2.2.4(b) with results from the IUCN database search (see 6.6.2).</p>	<p>C. Review list for completeness. Compare with results from search of IUCN database for red list species (see 6.6.2).</p>	C			<p>There is a list of all endangered species occurring in the area &amp; compare with results from the IUCN database search: It is correct &amp; only a few species may appear at the area of farm location.</p>
		<p>d. Prepare written procedures describing how the farm avoids negative impacts to endangered species that may occur on the farm.</p>	<p>D. Review procedures for adequacy.</p>	C			<p>Procedure was available &amp; adequate.</p>
		-	<p>E. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that: - the farm is presently having a negative impact on endangered species - the farm has recently had a negative impact (since August 2010).</p>	C			<p>Community interview: - Farm is presently having no negative impact on endangered species - Farm has recently had no negative impact.</p>
Footnote	[10] Farmers shall submit the result of a search of published and grey (e.g. local newspapers, magazines) literature. Statements from local communities and organizations shall also be produced.						
Footnote	[11] As set by IUCN and national authorities.						
2.3 Criteria: Site connectivity		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>			

2.3.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Farm does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Pens and Cages</p>	a. Obtain community testimonials or similar evidence to show the farm does not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement.	A. Inspect site to verify that pens, cages and/or associated farm structures do not impede navigation, aquatic animals or water movement.				NA	N/A. Pond	
		-	B. During local community interviews, verify there is no evidence that the farm impedes navigation, aquatic animals or water movement.				NA	N/A. Pond	
2.3.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Minimum width of the water body [15] without cages (see Diagram 1, Annex C)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> ≥ 50%</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Cages</p>	a. Provide a map or diagram showing measurements of cages and width of the water body.	A. Cross-check the current farm map or diagram using Google Map, satellite images or similar means (if detailed information is available). If current farm layout differs from the most recent available image, verify that the map or diagram reflects the actual farm layout.				NA	N/A. Pond	
		b. Provide measurements and calculations sufficient to show compliance (see Diagram 1 from Annex C of the ASC Pangasius Standard)	B. Verify that calculations are accurate and confirm compliance.				NA	N/A. Pond	
Footnote	[15] Water body: Any pond, lake, canal, river, stream or any other distinct mass of water, whether publicly or privately owned, including the banks and shores thereof.								
2.3.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum width a farm can occupy calculated when the water body level/width is at its minimum (see Diagram 2, Annex C)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> ≤ 20% percent of the width of the water body</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Pens</p>	a. Provide a map or diagram showing measurements of pens and width of the water body.	A. Cross-check the accuracy of the farm map or diagram using Google Map, satellite images or similar means (if detailed information is available).				NA	N/A. Pond	
		b. Provide measurements and calculations sufficient to show compliance (see Diagram 2 from Annex C of the ASC Pangasius Standard)	B. Verify that calculations are accurate and confirm compliance.				NA	N/A. Pond	
		-	C. Inspect site to verify that farm diagrams accurately show the size and position of pens within the water body.				NA	N/A. Pond	
2.3.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum number of contiguous pens allowed (see Diagram 3, Annex C)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Two, only if a stretch of river bank that is at least the length of the two pens is left free from farms on both sides of the pens</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Pens</p>	a. Provide a map or diagram showing the size and number of pens, and showing the shoreline distance between pens.	A. Inspect site to verify the farm's diagrams accurately show the size and position of pens, and the shoreline distance between pens.				NA	N/A. Pond	
		b. On the map, show how the arrangement of pens complies with the requirement for number and separation distance (see Diagram 3, Annex C)	B. Verify the farm's arrangement of pens is in compliance.				NA	N/A. Pond	
<b>2.4 Criteria: Water use</b>									
<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>			<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>						
2.4.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Farm complies with water allocation [16] limits as set by local authorities or a reputable independent institution [17]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	a. Maintain records of water intake. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Verify the farm keeps complete records of water intake.	C				Farm had record of water intake daily for individual pond & calculated for harvested pond No 3.	
		b. Obtain a statement from local authorities indicating the water allocation limits (units given) for the farm. If local authorities do not set water allocation limits for farms operating in the region, obtain a statement from local authorities attesting to this fact.	B. Review the water allocation limits set for the farm by local authorities. If local authorities do not set water allocation limits, confirm the farm has an attestation.	C					See 1.1.4.b
		c. If water allocation limits are not set by local authorities (see 2.4.1b), obtain a statement from a reputable independent institution (see Footnote 17) indicating the water allocation limits (units given) for the farm.	C. Review evidence that water allocation limits have been set for the farm by a reputable independent institution (as applicable).	C					See 1.1.4.b
		d. Demonstrate the reputation of the authority/institution identified in 2.4.1(b) by providing peer reviewed articles and/or reports on water allocation (if applicable).	D. Review evidence for reputation of the authority/institution responsible for water allocation (as applicable).	C					See 1.1.4.b
		e. Calculate the farm's water intake on a crop-by-crop basis to show compliance with water allocation limits.	E. Check the farm's water intake against the water allocation limits. Verify compliance with limits set by local authority. Cross-check against reported values for total water abstracted (see 2.4.2).	C					Cross-check against reported values for total water abstracted (2.4.2): Conformity
Footnote	[16] Valid for both surface water and groundwater. Surface water is defined as "water collecting on the ground or in a stream, river, lake, wetland or ocean." Groundwater is defined as "water beneath the earth's surface that supplies wells and springs." Note the term "surface water" is used here in place of the original term "surficial water" that appeared in the Pangasius Aquaculture Dialogue Standards.								
Footnote	[17] A reputable independent institution can be a government organization, an academic institution or an organization that is not linked specifically to the aquaculture sector, but has generated water use parameters for the region, or is responsible for water allocation. Reputability of the institution shall be demonstrated by the farmer showing peer reviewed articles and/or reports on water allocation. Documents produced for a sector other than								
2.4.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> For ponds. Maximum ratio of total water abstracted [18] (not consumed) per ton of fish produced (calculate abstracted water using formula in Annex D)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 5,000 m3/metric ton of fish produced</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p><b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 2.4.2 - Calculating the Ratio of Total Water Abstracted per Ton of Fish Produced</b></p> <p>Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides a formula for calculating "Q" which is the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced. Farms must perform these calculations using harvest data from individual ponds (i.e. it is done on a crop-by-crop basis) and then using those results to determine a farm-wide average across all ponds. Calculations can be done as described here. For the first pond:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- compute the total volume of water abstracted ("TEV") in cubic meters (m<sup>3</sup>) during the production cycle;</li> <li>- compute the total weight of fish produced ("A") in metric tons at harvest time; and</li> <li>- calculate Q for the first pond using the equation: Q = TEV / A</li> </ul> <p>Repeat the calculations for the second pond, third pond... etc. until Q has been determined for each pond that was harvested. Use the Q values from each pond (Q<sub>1</sub>, Q<sub>2</sub>, Q<sub>3</sub>...Q<sub>n</sub>) to compute the farm-wide average, or Q<sub>avg</sub>.</p>							
		a. Using records of water intake (see 2.4.1a), calculate total water abstracted (m3) for each pond harvested by the farm. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Review calculations against intake records to confirm accuracy.	C					There are water intake record for all ponds. Check record of harvested ponds No 3 in total 04 ponds: all records are accuracy.
		b. Maintain records showing amount of fish harvested from each pond.	B. Verify the farm keeps records showing the amount of fish harvested.	C				Available harvesting receipt for harvested ponds No 3, checking harvesting record of pond No 3 record detail with number of harvest days, harvesting quantity for each day, quantity of each transportation boat per day.	

		c. Calculate the total weight of fish produced (in metric tons) from each pond.	C. Review calculations against sales records and estimates of current stock biomass to confirm accuracy. If needed, reconcile the totals with the weight of any fish that were harvested but not sold (i.e. crops lost after a disease outbreak).	C					Farm have calculated harvesting quantity for harvested pond No 3, check data pond 3: calculation were accuracy.	
		d. For each pond, calculate the ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced (see above instructions and Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard as an example).	D. Review farm's calculations for accuracy. Cross-check that water volumes (2.4.2a) and harvest weights (2.4.2b) from individual ponds can be reconciled with total annual production (2.4.2c) and total annual water intake (2.4.1e).	C					Cross check calculation of pond 3 with water volumes (2.4.2a) and harvest weights (2.4.2b): showing conformity.	
		e. Using results from all harvested ponds, calculate the farm-wide average ratio of total water abstracted per ton of fish produced (see Instructions above).	E. Confirm the farm-wide average Q is ≤ 5,000 m <sup>3</sup> /metric ton of fish produced.	C					Check farm-wide average calculation of harvesting ponds No, result was conformity < 5,000 m <sup>3</sup> / ton of fish produced.	
Footnote		[18] Water abstracted is water removed from the water body and introduced into the farm. It includes both surficial water and groundwater.								
<b>PRINCIPLE 3. MINIMIZE THE NEGATIVE IMPACT OF PANGASIU S FARMING ON WATER AND LAND RESOURCES</b>									Major NC Minor NA	
<b>3.1 Criteria: Nutrient utilization efficiency</b>										
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>						
		<b>Instruction to Clients for Indicators 3.1.1 and 3.1.2 - Laboratory Analysis of TP and TN in Feed</b>								
3.1.1	Indicator: Maximum amount of total phosphorus (TP) [19] added as feed per metric ton of fish produced.  Requirement: 20 kg/t  Applicability: Pens and Cages	a. Maintain records showing the type of feed and the amount used. This requirement applies to all feed used in the crops that are included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Confirm the farm has complete and accurate records for feed used.						NA N/A. Pond	
		b. Obtain relevant declarations of TP content from feed suppliers for all feed used in the crops included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Verify the farm has obtained declarations for TP content in feed.						NA N/A. Pond	
		c. Provide evidence that the farm tested TP from a representative sample of feeds (see instructions) to verify that declarations from the feed supplier are accurate and that the feed is within limits stated in declarations (as applicable).	C. Review evidence to confirm that farm checks whether TP content is reported accurately by feed suppliers (if applicable).						NA N/A. Pond	
		d. Use results of 3.1.1a and 3.1.1b to calculate the amount of TP in kilograms (kg) added to each enclosure. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	D. Review farm's calculations. Cross-check purchase records against the feed quantities reported by the farm.						NA N/A. Pond	
		e. Using total weight of fish produced (answer from 2.4.2c), calculate the amount of TP added as feed per metric ton of fish produced. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	E. Review farm's calculations to confirm the farm complies with the Requirement.						NA N/A. Pond	
Footnote		[19] TP includes all forms of phosphorus found in the sample (Adapted from Australian Government, Department of Meteorology).								
		<b>Note: see instructions for Indicator 3.1.1</b>								
3.1.2	Indicator: Maximum amount of total nitrogen (TN) [20] added as feed [21] per metric ton of fish produced.  Requirement: 70 kg/t  Applicability: Pens and Cages	a. Maintain records showing the type of feed and the amount used. This requirement applies to all feed used in the crops that are included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	A. Confirm the farm has complete and accurate records for feed used.						NA N/A. Pond	
		b. Obtain relevant declarations of TN content from feed suppliers for all feed used in the crops included in the calculation. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Verify the farm has obtained declarations for TN content in feed.						NA N/A. Pond	
		c. Provide evidence that the farm tested TN from a representative sample of feeds (see instructions) to verify that declarations from the feed supplier are accurate and that the feed is within limits stated in declarations (as applicable).	C. Review evidence to confirm that farm checks whether TN content is reported accurately by feed suppliers (if applicable).						NA N/A. Pond	
		d. Use results of 3.1.2a and 3.1.2b to calculate the amount of TN in kilograms (kg) added to each enclosure. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	D. Review farm's calculations. Cross-check purchase records against the feed quantities reported by the farm.						NA N/A. Pond	
		e. Using total weight of fish produced (answer from 2.4.2c), calculate the amount of TP added as feed per metric ton of fish produced. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	E. Review farm's calculations to confirm the farm complies with the Requirement.						NA N/A. Pond	
Footnote		[20] TN means the measure of all forms of nitrogen found in the sample, including nitrate, nitrite, ammonia N and organic forms of nitrogen (Australian Government, Department of Meteorology).								
Footnote		[21] Feed refers to all feeds or feed items, regardless of where or how they are produced, and applies to all farms seeking certification. Farms that meet the requirements should be able to demonstrate compliance, regardless of whether their feed is made by a commercial feed mill or on site. See Principle 5 for further details.								

<p>3.1.3</p>	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Amount of TP discharged per metric ton of fish produced (See TP measurement methodology and calculation in Annex D)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 7.2 kg/t</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p><b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.1.3 and 3.1.4</b> - Sampling and Laboratory Analysis of TP and TN Discharged Determination of the concentration of total phosphorus (TP) in water samples shall be made using the method: Kejidahl and Indo-phenol Blue. Determination of the concentration of total nitrogen (TN) in water samples shall be made using the method: Kejidahl and Ascorbic acid. Determinations will be made by a fully independent laboratory that is accredited to perform these analyses in accordance with ISO 17025. Farms will measure the amount of TP and TN discharged from a minimum of 1 pond in production; at least one of these ponds shall be randomly selected. The farm must record the number and identity of selected ponds before sampling. Required procedures for collecting water samples are as follows: - two water samples are taken: one from the pond (=pond water) and one from the intake (=intake water). The two samples are taken on the same day. - all water sample collections are done following the methodology provided by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory and will be available to the certifier at the day of the audit. The accredited laboratory will be required to verify that sampling was conducted in accordance with this methodology. - all water samples are collected in second half of crop production (i.e. ≥ 90 days after stocking) - pond water samples are collected at 50% of pond depth - all water samples are collected before 11:00am - pond water samples are collected &gt; 6 hours after the intake of water into the pond</p> <p>For first audits farm records for monitoring TP and TN discharged must cover ≥ 6 months. To prepare for first audit: - farm invites accredited laboratory to the farm to have the water sampled - if samples are out of compliance, farm takes corrective actions prior to ASC audit - in case of non-compliances, farm does have the water sampled by accredited labortory after implementation of corrective actions to show compliance - all sampling results are supplied to auditor by the accredited laboratory to show that corrective action has been taken and that farms is now in compliance with the ASC Standard</p>					<p>There are statements by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Trung tâm ứng dụng tiến bộ khoa học và công nghệ - Vilas 480 " showing that their staff collected pond water, intake &amp; discharge water samples. <b>The TP testing method did not follow the method mentioned in the standard.</b></p> <p>Lab result preview: conformity</p> <p>Data review: accuracy</p> <p>Available of TP calculation for harvested ponds No 3, check calculation of pond No 3, calculation were accuracy.</p> <p>Farm's calculations of average TP discharge was &lt;7.2 kg / ton of fish produced.</p>
<p>3.1.4</p>	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Amount of TN discharged per metric ton of fish produced (See TN measurement methodology and calculation in Annex D)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 27.5 kg/t</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p><b>Note:</b> see instructions for indicator 3.1.3</p> <p>a. Specify the name and relevant qualifications/accreditations of the independent laboratory that is used to perform water quality monitoring.</p> <p>b. Obtain laboratory results for TN concentration in pond water samples and intake water samples.</p> <p>c. For each pond, identify the total weight of fish produced (answer from 2.4.2c), and the total volume of water discharged (answer from 2.4.1) during the crop production cycle.</p> <p>d. Enter the values from b and c (above) into the Total TN discharge Formula (Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard) to calculate amount of TN discharged per metric ton of fish produced per pond. Repeat for each pond that was sampled.</p> <p>e. Use the TN values (answer d) from different ponds and to calculate the farm-wide average amount of TP discharged per metric ton of fish produced.</p>				<p>NC2</p>	<p>There are statements by a fully independent ISO 17025 accredited laboratory "Trung tâm ứng dụng tiến bộ khoa học và công nghệ - Vilas 480 " showing that their staff collected pond water, intake &amp; discharge water samples. <b>The TN testing method did not follow the method mentioned in the standard.</b></p> <p>Lab result preview: conformity</p> <p>Data review: accuracy</p> <p>Available of TN calculation for harvested ponds, check calculation of pond No 3, calculation were accuracy.</p> <p>Farm's calculations of average TN discharge was &lt;27.5 kg / ton of fish produced.</p>
<p>3.2 Criteria: Measuring water quality in receiving water body</p>		<p><b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>	<p><b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b></p>				
	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Percentage change in diurnal dissolved oxygen (DO) of receiving waters (R1) relative to</p>	<p><b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.2.1 - Measuring Percent Change in Diurnal Dissolved Oxygen</b> Farms shall monitor the percent change in diurnal dissolved oxygen in receiving waters. Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration is reported relative to DO at saturation for the water's specific salinity, temperature and altitude. DO is measured using a hand-held oxygen meter or a more accurate (chemical) method, with accuracy established in peer-reviewed documents. The location of measurements should be the first natural receiving water body and as close as practical to the point of discharge but at a distance not exceeding 200m from the point of discharge. In addition, the following procedures are followed: - DO monitoring is conducted fortnightly (i.e. once every two weeks) - On each sampling day, two DO measurements are taken: at 1 hour before sunrise and at 2 hours before sunset (+/- 30 min). - DO measurements are taken at 0.3 meters below the water surface. - Temperature and salinity is recorded at the same time that DO is measured.</p> <p><b>Note 1:</b> An exemption to Indicator 3.2.1 is made for farms that have "cleaner" water (i.e. where the value of the farm TP and TN is lower than that of the intake water. This applies regardless of whether the receiving water is eutrophic. See Indicators 3.3.1 and 3.3.2 for more information about measuring differences in TN and TP between pond inlet and outlet.</p>					

3.2.1	<p>DO at saturation for the water's specific salinity and temperature. An exception is made for ponds that discharge water with TN and TP lower than the TN and TP of the intake water respectively (see DO measurement methodology in Annex D)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> &lt;=65%</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Provide DO measurements .	A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe.	C		Available of DO measure one per two week, during 8 months.
		b. Calibrate all equipment at the frequency and by the method recommended by the manufacturer. Temperature, salinity and altitude are to be adjusted for in calibration or calculations.	B. Verify the farm technicians calibrate equipment as required.			One device use measure DO, temperature & salinity. Technician was calibrated device manually following method recommended by the manufacturer before carry out measure. The company have no evidence about calibration the refractometer to measure the salinity of waste water at receiving water bodies.
		c. Calculate percent change in DDO for each monitoring date using the equation in Annex D.	C. Review calculations to confirm accuracy.	C		Checking data & formula for individual calculations, results were accuracy.
		d. Use results of 3.2.1c to calculate the average percent change in DDO over the entire 12-month monitoring period. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	D. Confirm the average percent change in DDO is ≤ 65%.	C		Check the average percent change in DDO during 8 month, result is < 65%.
		e. Arrange to take DO measurements while the auditor is at the farm.	E. Witness the farm measuring DO to confirm compliance with procedures. On-site values should fall within range of farm data for DDO. If an out of range measurement is observed, raise a non-conformity.	C		Auditor has witness farm staff to measure DO at 5:05 am & 4:10 pm: measure method was apply following standard guideline & DDO results were within range of value of previous 8 months.
Footnote	[22] DO is the concentration of oxygen dissolved in water, expressed in mg/l or as percent saturation, where saturation is the maximum amount of oxygen that can theoretically be dissolved in water at a given altitude and					
Footnote	[23] "Receiving water" is the first natural water body that receives the water from the farm and does not belong to the farm.					
3.3 Criteria: Measuring quality of pond effluents Water quality of pond effluents [24]						
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>			
Footnote	[24] This criteria is not pertinent to either cage or pen cultures.					
3.3.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum average percentage change of TP between inlet and outlet (See TP measurement methodology and TP discharge formula in Annex D).</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 100%</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p><b>Instruction to Clients on Indicators 3.3.1 and 3.3.2 - Measuring Change in TP and TN Between Inlet and Outlet</b></p> <p>Determination of the concentration of total phosphorus (TP) in water samples shall be made using the method: Kejidahl and Indo-phenol Blue. Determination of the concentration of total nitrogen (TN) in water samples shall be made using the method: Kejidahl and Ascorbic acid. Determinations will be made by a fully independent laboratory that is accredited to perform these analyses in accordance with ISO 17025. Laboratory results will be accompanied by a statement that indicates compliance to the methodology set in the ASC Pangasius Standard and this Audit Manual.</p> <p>Farms will measure the change in TP and TN from only a subset of the total number of ponds in production: 15% of all ponds (value rounded up to the nearest whole number). At least one of these ponds shall be randomly selected. The farm must record the number and selection of ponds before sampling. Required procedures for collecting water samples are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- samples are collected by staff from the fully independent accredited laboratory;</li> <li>- samples are taken from the 'inlet' and the 'outlet' (inlet = the water in the intake canal, as close as possible to the farm being certified. Outlet = the actual water being discharged, not the receiving water. For farms using a water treatment system this could be the water in the final part of the treatment system before being discharged);</li> <li>- samples are collected from pond inlets and outlets during the second half of crop production (i.e. ≥ 90 days after stocking);</li> <li>- on each sampling day, at least two samples are collected from the outlet and these are taken at least 1 hour apart (use the average value in calculations below); and</li> <li>- at a minimum the farm must sample from one pond per year.</li> </ul> <p>Percent Change in TP = (Outlet TP Conc.) - (Inlet TP Conc.) / (Inlet TP Conc.) x 100 Percent Change in TN = (Outlet TN Conc.) - (Inlet TN Conc.) / (Inlet TN Conc.) x 100 When more than one pond is sampled, determine a "farm-wide average" by calculating the average percent change for all sampled ponds. For first audits, farm records for monitoring percent change in TP and TN must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>				
		a. Provide laboratory results for TP in water samples from inlet and outlet.	A. Review laboratory results for TP.	C		Three ponds were sampling for testing of TP. Check results for TP testing on pond No 3 on 26/11/2012, result were accuracy.
		b. For each pond, calculate the percent change of TP between inlet and outlet on each sampling day using the equation shown above.	B. Review calculations to verify accuracy.	C		Check TP calculations for pond No 3, data were accurate
		c. Use results of 3.3.1(b) to calculate the average percent change in TP over the entire monitoring period.	C. Confirm the average percent change in TP is ≤ 100%. If any single value falls outside limits, raise a non-conformity.	C		Check TP calculations for pond No 3, all value were <100%.
		d. Provide evidence of the on-site visit for the sampling of pond effluents for TP and TN by staff from the accredited laboratory.	D. Review visit evidence for sampling for TP and TN to confirm compliance with procedures.	C		Witness Lab staff sampling inlet & outlet water samples for TN testing: sampling method was compliance with standards guideline.
3.3.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum average percentage change of TN between inlet [25] and outlet [26] (See TN measurement methodology and TN discharge formula in Annex D).</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 70%</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p><b>Note: see instructions for indicator 3.3.1</b></p>				
		a. Provide laboratory results for TN in water samples from inlet and outlets.	A. Review laboratory results for TN.	C		Three ponds were sampling for testing of TN. Check results for TP testing on pond No 3 on 26/11/2012, result were accuracy.
		b. For each pond, calculate the percent change of TN between inlet and outlet on each sampling day using the equation shown above.	B. Review calculations to verify accuracy.	C		Check TN calculations for pond No 3, data were accurate
		c. Use results of 3.3.2(b) to calculate the average percent change in TN over the entire monitoring period.	C. Confirm the average percent change in TN is ≤ 70%. If any single value falls outside limits, raise a non-conformity.	C		Check TN calculations for pond No 3, all value were <70%.
d. During the on-site visit, arrange for the auditor to observe sampling of pond effluents for TP and TN.	D. Witness sampling for TP and TN to confirm compliance with procedures.	C		Witness Lab staff sampling inlet & outlet water samples for TN testing: sampling method was compliance with standards guideline.		
Footnote	[25] Inlet: The water in the intake canal, as close as possible to the farm or pond being certified.					
Footnote	[26] Outlet: The actual water being discharged, not the receiving water.					

3.3.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Minimum dissolved oxygen (DO) concentration in water discharged (See DO measurement methodology in Annex D)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 3 mg/l</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p><b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.3.3 - Measuring DO in Water Discharged</b> See Indicator 3.2.1 for a general description of the equipment and method used to measure dissolved oxygen (DO). Take DO measurements at the outlet where water is discharged (i.e. measure DO in the actual water being discharged, not in the receiving water. For farms using a water treatment system this could be the water in the final part of the treatment system before being discharged). Test DO at least once per week.</p>							
		<p>a. Provide records of DO in water discharged to the natural environment. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months</p>	<p>A. Review dataset to confirm that monitoring covers the required timeframe.</p>	C				<p>Measure DO of waste water channel near discharge point 1/week. Measure was done during 7 months</p>	
		<p>b. Use data from all weekly measurements to calculate the average DO in water discharged over the entire monitoring period. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 3 months.</p>	<p>B. Confirm DO in water discharged by farm is ≥ 3 mg/l. If any single value falls outside limits, raise a non-conformity.</p>	C				<p>There is no single value fall under 3 mg/l.</p>	
		<p>c. During the on site visit, make arrangements for the auditor to observe calibration of equipment and measurements.</p>	<p>C. During the on-site visit, observe how the farm calibrates equipment and takes DO measurements (or takes samples for chemical analysis) to confirm compliance.</p>	C				<p>On-site visit: observe farm technician calibrates equipment and takes DO measurements, all was compliance.</p>	
<p>3.4 Criteria: Sludge disposal for ponds and pens, not cages [27]</p>									
		<p><b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>			<p><b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b></p>				
Footnote	<p>[27] For cage culture, there are no requirements for benthic monitoring included, as cages account for a small percentage of production. This situation will be monitored and revised if the production of cage culture rises significantly.</p>								
3.4.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence that sludge is not discharged directly into receiving waters or natural ecosystems [28]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Provide a detailed sludge management plan (also see 3.5.1). The plan will ensure that no sludge in any form is discharged directly into receiving waters or natural ecosystems.</p>	<p>A. Review the farm's sludge management plan.</p>	C					<p>- Farm had sludge management plan QLCT ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 and fish health management plan which is modify that the sludge will be storage at farm. Sludge in ponds were schedule for emptying one per two month &amp; after harvesting.</p>
		<p>b. Maintain records of sludge disposal to show volume or weight and condition (i.e. fresh or dried) when disposed. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 3 months.</p>	<p>B. Review records to confirm appropriate disposal according to plan.</p>	C				<p>These are sludge disposal records for all pond, check record of harvested pond: pond No 3, have record of date, volume of sludge disposal &amp; storing destination.</p>	
		<p>c. If sludge is transferred (e.g. for agricultural use), obtain a declaration from the receiving party that specifies the sludge volume, delivery date, and expected use. The party shall declare that the sludge will not be discharged directly into receiving waters or natural ecosystems.</p>	<p>C. If yes to (c), confirm farm has appropriate documentary evidence.</p>	C				<p>- There are contracts with famer Tran Van Thanh on 09/07/2012 show that sludge with be disposal into fruit garden, sludge will use to made fertilizer. - Available of sludge disposal volume calculation of all ponds for one cycle and calculation of all sludge storing area volume. Checking these calculation showing conformity.</p>	
		<p>d. If a sludge repository is used, provide a map showing its location within the farm or documents showing legal access to the repository (either ownership or a statement from the owner of right of use).</p>	<p>D. If yes to (d), inspect sludge repository during on-site visit.</p>	C				<p>On-site visit: there are 01 sluge repository pond with some area already have sludge on.</p>	
		<p>-</p>	<p>E. During local community and employee interviews, verify there is no evidence that the farm discharged sludge directly into receiving waters on natural ecosystems</p>	C				<p>Community interview: no evidence of farm discharge sludge directly into receiving waters on natural ecosystems.</p>	
Footnote	<p>[28] "The complex of a community and its environment functioning as an ecological unit in nature." More simply, it's both living and non-living things that interact with each other. In these standards, both the terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems are considered.</p>								
3.4.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of a sludge repository of appropriate size (See Sludge Repository formula in Annex D)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Farms managing the sludge using a repository</p>	<p><b>Instruction to clients for indicator 3.4.2- Size of Sludge repository</b> A Sludge Repository Formula is given in Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard. Farms shall document how this formula was used to calculate the appropriate size (minimum volume) of a sludge repository. Farms may, for example, document their calculations in the sludge management plan (see 3.4.1a). All sludge areas and volumes must be considered in the calculation. For 'Area of Pond', consider only the area of the pond from which sludge has to be removed over the following 2 months. <b>Note 1:</b> If the Sludge Repository Formula yields a negative number then the repository exceeds the minimum volume (i.e. it is an appropriate size).</p>							
		<p>a. Provide calculations showing the sludge repository is of appropriate size.</p>	<p>A. Review farm's calculations to verify accuracy. Confirm compliance.</p>	C				<p>There are calculation volume of sludge repository areas, calculation result were conformity.</p>	
		<p>b. Provide evidence of legal access to the sludge repository (see 3.4.1c).</p>	<p>B. During on-site visit, inspect the farm's sludge repository.</p>	C				<p>On-site visit: there are 01 sluge repository pond with some area already have sludge on.</p>	
<p>3.5 Criteria: Waste management</p>									
		<p><b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>			<p><b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b></p>				
	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of farm solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment</p>	<p>a. Prepare a plan for farm solid waste management. The plan may encompass other forms of farm-generated wastes (see 3.4.1, 3.5.2, 3.5.3, and 3.5.4).</p>	<p>A. Review the farm's solid waste management plan.</p>	C					<p>There is a Solid wastes management plan ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 and it is include management plan for all kind of wastes ( see 3.4.1, 3.5.2, 3.5.3, 3.5.4).</p>
		<p>b. During the on-site visit, arrange for the auditor to inspect the farm's solid waste management system.</p>	<p>B. Inspect the farm for any evidence of solid waste (e.g. bags, containers) being discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm.</p>	C				<p>On-site visit: no solid wastes discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm.</p>	

3.5.1	<p><b>Requirement:</b> None</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	-	C. Confirm that the farm's solid waste management plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges.	C				- Empty feed bag: send back to supplier, available contract & receipt. - Empty chemical & medicine waste, Household garbage: collect & treatment by subcontractor, check receipts: all were OK.	
3.5.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of human and animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> None</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. During the on-site visit, give the auditor a general description of the farm's system for removal of human and animal solid waste. Allow the auditor to inspect.	A. Inspect the farm's solid waste system for any evidence of human or animal solid wastes being discharged into the natural environment.	C				Septic toilets were using. No evidence of human & animal solid waste discharge into the environment.	
		b. For septic systems, provide a schedule for emptying and maintenance (see 3.5.4c).	B. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule.	C				- Septic toilet empty schedule modify in ver 1, issued 01 Jun 12 detail about frequency. - Maintenance schedule of septic version 01 issued 01 June 2012. Available daily record of septic toilet maintenance.	
		c. During the on-site visit, provide the auditor with locations of all septic toilets and a schedule for their emptying and maintenance.	C. Inspect septic toilets to verify there is no leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment. Verify that emptying and maintenance follow the schedule.	C					Septic toilet inspect: Toilet are clean, no evidence of leakage or direct discharge into the natural environment.
		d. Provide evidence for burial of animal feces (as applicable).	D. Inspect site to verify that the farm buries any animal feces (if applicable).				NA		- OK, No animal at farm.
		e. Identify septic toilets in construction contracts if possible.	E. Review construction contracts (if applicable).	C					The contract to build the camp office and store food, including the toilet
3.5.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of chemical and medicine wastes being discharged into the natural environment</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> None</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Prepare a plan for farm management of chemical and medicine wastes.	A. Review farm's plan for management of chemical and medicinal wastes.	C				There is a Solid wastes management plan QLCT, ver 1, issued 01 Jun 2012, all chemical & medicine wastes are collect & treatment by subcontractor.	
		b. During the on-site visit, allow the auditor to inspect the farm's management of chemical and medicinal wastes.	B. Inspect the farm for any evidence of chemical or medicinal waste being discharged into the natural environment surrounding the farm.	C				On-site inspect: no evidence of chemical & medicine wastes discharge into the natural environment.	
		-	C. Confirm that the farm's plan is implemented and effective. Evaluate if there is a risk or potential for discharges.	C				Farm has storing room for chemical & medicine wastes. Available receipts of chemical & medicine wastes collect by suppliers.	
3.5.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of proper disposal [30] of dead/moribund fish</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p><b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 3.5.4 - Preparing a Plan for Disposal of Dead/Moribund Fish</b></p> <p>Prepare a plan for the proper disposal of dead/moribund fish that specifies the means of disposal using one or more of the following categories: incineration (excluding regular burning, as not allowed); burial; fermentation and use as fertilizer; septic tank; production of fish meal or fish oil; feed for animals other than pangasius (requires statement from aquatic animal health specialist, see Principle 6); sold.</p> <p>Dead fish should never be used for human consumption unless specifically slaughtered and processed for that purpose in an appropriate facility.</p>							
		a. Provide auditor with the farm's plan for disposal of dead/moribund fish.	A. Review the farm's plan for compliance with Indicator 3.5.4.	C					There are plan for disposal of dead/moribund fish in SSOP, ver 1, issued 01 Jun 2012": - Dead fish Typically: be sold as fertilizer - Fish die from the disease: Burial.
		b. <u>burial, incineration, fermentation</u> : plan identifies processes, location(s) and containers.	B. Verify by inspection (as applicable).	C					There are some areas for dead/moribund fish burial with lime cover above and no evidence of pollution.
		c. <u>septic tank</u> : plan gives procedures for disposal of fish in septic tanks, specifies the schedule for emptying tanks, and identifies personnel involved (e.g. contracts with external parties).	C. Verify by review of documentary evidence (as applicable).				NA		N/A, no use of septic tank.
		d. <u>production of fish meal or fish oil</u> : specified in plan (if done by farm). Note that this option is allowed only if aquatic animal health specialist rules out pesticides.	D. Verify by inspection (as applicable).				NA		NA, no use dead/moribund fish for production of fishmeal or fish oil
		e. <u>feed for animals other than pangasius (excluding fish meal and fish oil as covered in "d")</u> : Option is allowed only if an aquatic animal health specialist concludes that mortality was not caused by an infectious agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant.	E. Verify that farm obtains written statement(s) from aquatic health specialist (as applicable).				NA		NA, no use dead/moribund fish to made feed for other animals.
		f. <u>sold</u> : Plan identifies the option of sales. For all sales, the farm must prepare a contract that states how the buyer will use the dead fish. If intended as animal feed (either directly or as fish meal/oil) the contract and the statement of the specialist confirm compliance with requirements.	F. Verify by review of documentary evidence (as applicable).	C					Check records pond No.3: fish disease, treatment with antibiotics, recommended by health professionals: all fish dead are buried filled with records or selling dead fish for fertilizer. Have contract on 10 Jul 2012 with Nguyen Thanh Viet about selling dead fish for fertilizer.
-	G. Confirm the farm's plan is effectively implemented. Evidence will include interviews with farm workers who confirm that disposals followed the plan.	C					On-site inspect & worker interview: confirm disposals plan was followed.		
Footnote	[30] Proper disposal of dead fish include: incineration, burial, fermentation and use as fertilizer and production of fish meal or fish oil. Dead fish should never be used for human consumption. Also acceptable if there is strong evidence that the mortality was not caused by an infectious agent or a pesticide/chemical pollutant, the fish can be used as feed for animals other than pangasius. Evidence on the cause of mortality shall be provided by the								
3.6 Criteria: Energy consumption		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>					

3.6.1	<b>Indicator:</b> Information available on the following variables (per year per farm in the certification unit): - Fuel used - Quantity of electricity - Amount of dead fish for each disposal method.  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) of farm energy consumption. Compute the quantity of fuel and electricity used by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Review calculations. Verify the farm keeps records of energy consumption.	C			There are electric payment receipt monthly for 10 months.
		b. Provide records of mortality quantities (see Indicator 6.4.4) and their disposal method (see Indicator 3.5.4). For first audits, farm records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Verify the farm maintains accurate records of mortalities and disposals.	C			There are records of dead fish quantity daily for all ponds & full crop.
<b>PRINCIPLE 4. CONSERVE SPECIES DIVERSITY AND WILD POPULATIONS</b>							Major NC Minor NA
<b>4.1 Criteria: Presence of pangasius in the water drainage system</b>							
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
<b>Note:</b> If the farmed species is not indigenous to the river basin and the species does not have a self-recruiting stock established, then Indicator 4.1.1. does not apply.							
4.1.1	<b>Indicator:</b> Farm located in a river basin where the farmed species is indigenous or has a self-recruiting [32] stock established before 1st January 2005  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> Farms in a river basin where the species is either indigenous or has a self-recruiting stock established	a. Provide a declaration from farm and seed supplier identifying the species (Latin name) of pangasius farmed. Maintain records of seed purchases.	A. Review declarations. Confirm that the farmed species is accurately identified in purchase records.	C			There is a declarations from seed supplier "Aquatex Ben Tre - Tien Thuy" that fingerling species is "Pangasius hypophthalmus"
		b. Provide a map of the river basin showing the location of the farm (see 2.1.1).	B. Review map to confirm farm location within river basin.	C			GPS checking on map, showing farm located in Mekong river basin.
		c. If the farmed species is indigenous to the river basin, provide documentary evidence (peer-reviewed papers, IUCN, FAO or other international organization).	C. Confirm that documentation shows the farmed species is indigenous to the river basin.	C			Farmed species is indigenous to Mekong river basin There are copies of FAO report (Sauvage, 1878) and Scientific Magazine of Ben Tre Province University issued 2008 "Tổng quan dẫn liệu về định loại cá Tra Pangasianodon hypophthalmus Phân bố ở vùng hạ lưu sông Mekong".
		d. If the species is not indigenous and has a self-recruiting stock established in the river basin, provide documentary evidence (peer-reviewed papers, official government [competent authority] statements or other comparable references on multiple incidences of different age classes at different times and location) indicating that the stock was self recruiting before 1st January 2005.	D. Confirm that documentation shows the farmed species has a self-recruiting stock that was established in the river basin before 1st January 2005.			NA	NA, Farmed species is indigenous to river basin
		-	E. Verify the identity of the farmed species by direct observation during on-site visit.	C			Check Species during on-site visit showing conformity.
4.1.2	<b>Indicator:</b> If a self-recruiting stock is established, evidence of no negative impacts on the environment [33]  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> Farms in a river basin where the species is not indigenous and a self-recruiting stock is established	a. Provide documentary evidence: peer-reviewed papers, official government (competent authority) statements or other comparable references indicating no negative impacts.  Negative impact by a self-recruiting stock includes but is not restricted to: - changing the genetic diversity of wild pangasius through interbreeding - competition (e.g. displacement of local species) - habitat destruction	A. Review evidence of no negative impact. If a self-recruiting stock has not become established in the river basin, or if the species is indigenous to the river basin, Indicator 4.1.2 is not applicable.				NA NA, Farmed species is indigenous to river basin
Footnote	[32] Self-recruiting is defined as naturally reproducing. Peer-reviewed papers, official government (competent authority) statements or other comparable references on multiple incidences of different age classes at different times and location are necessary as evidence.						
Footnote	[33] Peer-reviewed papers, official government (competent authority) statements or other comparable references are necessary as evidence.						
4.1.3	<b>Indicator:</b> If the species is not indigenous and does not have a self-recruiting stock established, evidence that the species cannot establish in the river basin [34]  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> Farms in a river basin where the species is not indigenous and does not have a self-recruiting stock established	a. Provide peer-reviewed papers based on field data. Theoretical analysis is not acceptable.	A. Review evidence provided by the farm to confirm that the farmed species cannot establish in the river basin.				NA NA, Farmed species is indigenous to river basin
Footnote	[34] Peer-reviewed publication in a reputable journal is required as evidence that the species cannot be established.						
<b>4.2 Criteria: Genetic diversity</b>							
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
	<b>Indicator:</b> Demonstration [35] that the seed [36] has been generated from the pangasius population naturally reproducing in the river basin [37]	a. Obtain evidence for either of the following: - the species is indigenous to the river basin (result from 4.1.1); or - a self recruiting stock has established in the river basin (result from 4.1.2).	A. Review evidence to confirm pangasius is indigenous to the river basin or else has a self-recruiting stock established there.	C			See 4.1.1.c
		b. Provide a map of the river basin showing the location of the farm (see 2.1.1).	B. Review map to confirm the farm's location coincides with an indigenous pangasius population or a self-recruiting stock that has established in the river basin.	C			See 4.1.1.b



4.2.1	<p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Farms in a river basin where the species is either indigenous or has a self-recruiting stock established</p>	<p>c. Obtain a declaration from seed supplier(s) stating that the seed was generated from broodstock deriving (even if through several generations of spawning in captivity) from the pangasius population naturally reproducing in the river basin.</p> <p>d. For all seed purchases, maintain sufficient records (e.g. receipts) to identify the river-basin source of broodstock. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>C. Review declarations. Confirm that the source of the seed is accurately identified in purchase records.</p> <p>D. Verify that sourcing of seed is in compliance with the Requirement.</p>	C				<p>There is a declarations from seed supplier "An Giang Fisheries Breeding Centre " that fingerling species is "Pangasius hypophthalmus"</p> <p>Checking fingerling source of pond No 3: showing compliance.</p>
Footnote	[35] A thorough map of pangasius establishment that indicated the range of the species, as well as distinct stocks, will be necessary.							
Footnote	[36] Throughout these standards, the word "seed" is used for pangasius seed only.							
Footnote	[37] This standard is applicable to all farms using seed sourced from either populations which are indigenous or populations which are established before January 2005.							
4.3 Criteria: Source of seed			<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
4.3.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Allowance for use of wild-caught seed for grow out</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> None</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Provide a declaration that the farm does not use wild-caught seed for grow out.</p> <p>b. Obtain statement from seed supplier(s) that the seed is not wild-caught (e.g. seed is derived from a broodstock held in captivity).</p> <p>c. Maintain seed receipts for all stocking events. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Verify declaration of no wild-caught seed for grow out.</p> <p>B. Verify that farm has statements from seed suppliers.</p> <p>C. Verify the farm maintains accurate records for sourcing of seed.</p>	C				<p>There is a declaration signed by farm manager on 01 Jun 2012 confirm that farm does not use wild-caught seed for grow out.</p> <p>There is a statement from seed supplier on 01 Jun 2012 that no use of wild-caught seed.</p> <p>Available records for source of seed stock for each individual pond. Check record of pond No 3: showing conformity.</p>
4.4 Criteria: Genetically engineered and hybridized strains			<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
4.4.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> No use of genetically engineered (transgenic) or hybrid seed</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Provide a declaration that the farm does not use genetically engineered (transgenic) or hybrid seed.</p> <p>b. Obtain statement from seed supplier that the seed is not genetically engineered (transgenic) or hybrid. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Verify declaration of no use of genetically engineered or hybrid strains.</p> <p>B. Verify that farm maintains statements from seed suppliers.</p>	C				<p>There is a declaration signed by farm manager on 01 Jun 2012 confirm that farm does not use of genetically engineered or hybrid strains.</p> <p>There is a statement from seed supplier on 01 Jun 2012 that no production &amp; sale of engineered or hybrid seed.</p>
Footnote	[31] A genetically modified organism (GMO) is an organism, with the exception of human beings, in which the genetic material has been altered in a way that does not occur naturally by mating and/or natural recombination (Directive 2001/18/EC).							
4.5 Criteria: Escapes.			<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
4.5.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence that inlets and outlets to culture systems and all confinements are equipped with net mesh or grills appropriately sized to retain the stocks in culture preventing fish of any size (in the holding unit being assessed) to escape</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Provide farm records indicating fish sizes (e.g. average weight recorded monthly). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>b. Maintain records indicating the size of net mesh or grills for the entire farm. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Review records for fish size in different holding units.</p> <p>B. Review records for mesh or grill size.</p> <p>C. During the on-site visit, inspect the size of net mesh or grills to confirm compliance.</p>	C				<p>Check the size of fish farms 2 week / time, full record size for all pond fish. Check records pond No 3: sufficient information for whole crops.</p> <p>Farm diary have record of fish size &amp; mesh size apply for all ponds: 1.0 cm and 2 cm.</p> <p>on-site inspect: ask for farm staff to made diving for mesh checking at pond 3, it is showing compliance.</p>
4.5.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of regular, timely inspections (at least once a day); mitigation and repairs are performed on net mesh or grills and recorded in a permanent register (available for inspection)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Provide farm records for daily inspection of net mesh or grills used in production (e.g. grow-out) units.</p> <p>b. Keep records of mitigation and repairs in a permanent register. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>c. Arrange for the auditor to observe an inspection during the on-site visit.</p>	<p>A. Review records to verify inspections are regular and timely.</p> <p>B. Review the register to verify repairs are performed and recorded.</p> <p>c. Witness the farm performing an inspection of meshes and grills to confirm that the program is effective.</p>	C				<p>There are record of mesh size checking &amp; maintenances for all ponds. Check record of pond No 3: mesh checking maintenance had been done daily for full crop.</p> <p>See 4.5.2.a</p> <p>on-site inspect: ask for farm staff to made diving for mesh checking at pond 3, it is showing compliance.</p>
		<p>a. Provide official records or statement showing local maximum water level (river levels, tide levels, flooding levels, etc) in the previous 10 years.</p>	<p>A. Review records covering ≥ 10 years or statement to establish the maximum height of high water when flooding occurs.</p>	C				<p>Report of "Hydrometeorological Center in An Giang Province" with information on the maximum height of the water when the flood occurred during 11 years in the position of regional river farm</p>

4.5.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> bund [38] height sufficient [39] to prevent water spillage, along with escapees, in the rainy season when flooding occurs</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Ponds</p>	<p>b. Obtain a statement from local authorities or reputable organisation reporting the altitude (m above sealevel) of the bund in its lowest point. Show location of bund low-point on a map of the farm (see 2.1.1).</p>	<p>B. Review statement and map. During the on-site visit, inspect farm to verify that bund height is sufficient to prevent spillage when flooding occurs. Note: dyke, dike, bund and berm all have the same meaning for this criteria.</p>	C				- On-site inspect: there is a precast concrete point. Check & compare with the statement: showing conformity.
		<p>c. Provide a written statement that there were no incidents of significant spillage or escapement due to flooding in the last 12 months.</p>	<p>C. During local community and employee interviews, verify there is no evidence for significant spillage or escapement from the farm in the last 12 months.</p>	C				Local community interview: no incident of fish escape.
Footnote	[38] Bund: berm containing the water in the pond.							
Footnote	[39] Consider 10 years maximum water level (including cases of storms).							
4.5.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Presence of trapping devices [40] placed in effluent/drainage canals or on water outlets to capture escapees, a record of findings and actions taken (available for inspection)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Identify the quantity and location of all trapping devices. The term 'trapping device' does not include mesh or grid barriers (see 4.5.1).</p>	<p>A. Review how the farm uses trapping devices to monitor escapees. Verify that trapping devices do not injure/compromise fish (e.g. gill nets).</p>	C				Trap was place only in wastes water channel with mess size 1.0 cm
		<p>b. Maintain a record of regular (at least weekly) trap inspections and observed escapees.</p>	<p>B. Review records of inspection and observed escapees.</p>	C				Daily check, record are available for full crop.
		<p>c. When escapees are detected, record any actions taken to reduce or eliminate escapement. For first audits, these records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>C. Review the suitability of any actions taken by the farm to reduce escapement.</p>	C				No escape found but procedure have guideline for action when escape fish had been found.
		<p>-</p>	<p>D. During the on-site visit, inspect to verify that traps are configured properly and located suitably to ensure effective farm-wide monitoring of escapees.</p>			NC3		<p><b>On-site inspect:</b> - Trap was placed in wastes water channel. - Witness farm staff to check the trap: it has some small broken hole.</p>
Footnote	[40] These devices should not injure or compromise fish health (e.g., gill nets).							
4.6 Criteria: Pond Maintenance								
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
4.6.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence that the bund has remained intact [41] throughout the culture cycle</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Prepare a procedure for the monitoring and repair of damaged bunds.</p>	<p>A. Review farm's procedure for bund monitoring and repair.</p>	C				There is a procedure for bund monitoring and repair. Bund had been checking daily.
		<p>b. Maintain a record of bund monitoring and repair that identifies date of damage detection and when the farm initiated and completed repairs.</p>	<p>B. Review records for evidence that the bund has remained intact in the last 12 months. If a bund was found to be compromised, there shall be evidence that repairs were completed as soon as practical.</p>	C				There are bund checking & maintenance records daily for full crop.
		<p>c. During the on-site visit, arrange for auditor to inspect farm's bunds.</p>	<p>C. Inspect bunds to confirm compliance. Examine for any signs of collapse and note evidence of repairs.</p>	C				On-site check: bund system was in good condition.
		<p>-</p>	<p>D. During local community and employee interviews, verify that bunds have remained intact throughout the culture cycle.</p>	C				Community interview: no evidence of bun collapsed.
Footnote	[41] Has not been affected in such a way to allow the escape in part or all of the farmed stock.							
4.6.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Evidence assuring there has been no intentional release [42]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Prepare a declaration that the farm has made no intentional releases in the last 12 months.</p>	<p>A. Review declaration to confirm compliance.</p>	C				There is a declaration signed by Farm Manager on 01/06/2012 confirm that Farm does not made intentional releases in the last 12 months.
		<p>b. Maintain records and receipts to show that all crops stocked have been harvested and sold (see 2.4.2 and 5.2.1) or properly disposed (see 3.5.4). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>B. Review records to confirm that all stockings can be accounted for by harvest or disposal.</p>	C				Check record of pond No 3: seed import record, daily dead fish record, harvesting receipt, results were conformity.
		<p>c. Prepare a written justification for any periods of inactivity lasting longer than 3 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>C. Review annual production records to determine if there are significant discrepancies that could indicate the possibility of intentional release.</p>	C				Review annual production summary showing conformity.
Footnote	[42] The original intent of footnote 42 from the Pangasius Aquaculture Dialogue Standards has been clarified here for auditing purposes. It now reads: "Significant discrepancies between the number (or biomass) of fish stocked and the number (or biomass) of fish sold in the absence of disease outbreaks, major theft or escapes would indicate the possibility of intentional release."							
PRINCIPLE 5. USE FEED AND FEEDING PRACTICES THAT ENSURE THAT FEED INPUTS ARE SUSTAINABLE AND MINIMIZED								
5.1 Criteria: Sustainability of feed ingredients								
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
5.1.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Use of uncooked or unprocessed fish and/or fish products [43] (including trash fish) as feed</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> No</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) for all purchases of commercial feed in the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Review farm records for commercially sourced feeds.</p>	C				There are feed received receipt for feed use of the whole cycle. Feed use is "Viet Thang feed"
		<p>b. If any farm-made feed was used, provide a description of ingredients and preparations. Maintain evidence of purchase (e.g. receipts) or ownership of all ingredients. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>B. Review ingredients to verify that farm-made feed had no uncooked or unprocessed fish and/or fish products (including trash fish).</p>			NA		N/A, no use of farm-made feed.
		<p>-</p>	<p>C. Verify that farm records are sufficient to account for all feed used. There should be no indication of unexplained sources of feed.</p>	C				Only Viet Thang compound feed is used.
Footnote	[43] Fish products are defined as all forms of fish or products derived from fish (e.g., whole fresh, frozen, minced, dried, meals, oils, and processing by-products).							

5.1.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Use of pangasius fish processing by-products [44] as feed or feed ingredients</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> No</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Prepare a declaration that no by-products of pangasius fish processing were used as feed for pangasius at any time during the last 12 months.</p> <p>b. For all feed used in the last 12 months, obtain a declaration from the manufacturer showing compliance. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.</p> <p>c. If farm-made feed was used in the last 12 months, prepare a declaration that no pangasius by-products were used as feed ingredients. If fish meal or fish oil was used, obtain a statement from the respective supplier confirming compliance. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Review farm's declaration to confirm that no by-products of pangasius fish processing were used as feed for pangasius.</p> <p>B. Review manufacturer's declaration to confirm no pangasius by-products were in feed.</p> <p>C. Review farm documentation to confirm that no pangasius by-products were used in feed preparation (if applicable).</p>	C				<p>Farm use only Viet Thang compound feed which is declaration are available.</p> <p>There is a statement from Viet Thang CFM: No use of pangasius by-product as ingredient for feed.</p> <p>- NA, no use of farm-made feed. - Check farm's documentation &amp; records showing compliance.</p>
Footnote	<p>[44] Trimmings, viscera, heads and frames from the processing of fish—either wild or farmed—are processing by-products. Generally, these are not counted as part of the "fish product" amount when calculating feed fish equivalencies, as this helps promote the best use of the wild-caught fish. However, it is not acceptable to use pangasius by-products in pangasius diets.</p>							
5.1.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Fish products used in feed are not in the "threatened categories" [45] on the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Red List of Threatened Species [46]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p><b>Instructions to Clients for Indicator 5.1.3 - Confirm there are no IUCN Red List Species in Feed</b></p> <p>For the purposes of this Indicator, the ASC definition of 'fish products' shall encompass all wild-capture marine resources, including finfish and invertebrate species (e.g. shrimp, crab, squid). Farms must be aware that feeds which contain any IUCN Red Listed species do not comply with the Standard. This restriction extends to feeds that use by-products (e.g. trimming) or aquacultured products of IUCN Red Listed species.</p> <p>For each fish product used as a feed ingredient, determine whether the species is on the IUCN Red List as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- go to <a href="http://www.iucnredlist.org/">http://www.iucnredlist.org/</a></li> <li>- in the primary search field enter the genus and species</li> <li>- click on "run search" and record the status of the species.</li> </ul> <p>Note: The IUCN Red List uses nine categories for ranking species according to threat, and search results may include species that are not currently threatened. For the purposes of determining whether the feed complies with Indicator 5.1.3, consider only species identified as "Vulnerable", "Endangered", or "Critically Endangered".</p> <p>a. Obtain a statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.</p> <p>b. Verify that none of the species identified in 5.1.3(a) are in "threatened categories" on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species.</p> <p>c. If farm-made feed was used, verify that no species are in "threatened categories" on the IUCN Red List. If fish meal or fish oil were used, obtain a statement from the respective supplier confirming compliance.</p>	<p>A. Confirm that farm has records of ingredients from all commercially sourced feeds.</p> <p>B. Repeat search of IUCN database to verify that farm obtained an accurate result.</p> <p>C. Confirm that farm has provided sufficient evidence of compliance.</p>	C				<p>There is a statement from Viet Thang CFM: No use of fish meal content species in IUCN as ingredient for feed.</p> <p>Search of IUCN database and verify fish species which were use as fish meal ingredient provide by Viet Thang producer, result showing compliance.</p> <p>NA NA, no use of farm-made feed</p>
Footnote	<p>[45] Vulnerable, Endangered and Critically Endangered.</p>							
Footnote	<p>[46] <a href="http://www.iucnredlist.org">www.iucnredlist.org</a> Use latest version. A period of one year is allowed for adaptation to any new amendment, therefore if a new animal is added to the IUCN list, producers have one year to meet the standards.</p>							
5.1.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Fish products used in feed are not from species listed in the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) Appendices I, II and III [47]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Obtain a statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). [See Indicator 5.1.5 about sourcing of trimmings and aquacultured products as feed ingredients]. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site</p> <p>b. Determine if any species identified in 5.1.4(a) is listed in CITES appendix I, II, or III by doing the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- go to <a href="http://www.cites.org/eng/resources/species.html">http://www.cites.org/eng/resources/species.html</a></li> <li>- select option "Species", enter genus and species, and click "find it"</li> </ul> <p>c. If farm-made feed was used, verify that no species are listed in CITES Appendix I, II or III. If fish meal or fish oil were used, obtain a statement from the respective supplier confirming compliance.</p>	<p>A. Confirm that farm has a statement from the feed manufacturer verifying the origin of all fish products used as ingredients in all commercial feeds.</p> <p>B. Repeat search of CITES database to verify that farm obtained an accurate result.</p> <p>C. Confirm that farm has provided sufficient evidence of compliance.</p>	C				<p>There is a statement from Viet Thang CFM: No use of fish meal content species in CITES appendix I, II, III as ingredient for feed.</p> <p>Search of CITES database and verify fish species which were use as fish meal ingredient provide by Viet Thang Feed producer, result showing compliance.</p> <p>NA NA, no use of farm-made feed</p>
Footnote	<p>[47] <a href="http://www.cites.org/eng/app/appendices.shtml">http://www.cites.org/eng/app/appendices.shtml</a></p>							
5.1.5	<p><b>Indicator:</b> ISEAL-certified fishmeal and fish oil products must be used in feed</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Within 3 years of becoming available in a region</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All, after 3 years of ISEAL-certified fishmeal and fish oil becoming available in the region of production. Not applicable if only trimming and aquaculture products are used</p>	<p><b>Note 1:</b> "becoming available in a region" means being commercially available in the region (UN regions) by at least two independent suppliers and indicated in grey literature (the date of appearing in grey literature is to be used).</p> <p><b>Note 2:</b> "products" does not apply to trimmings and aquacultured products used as feed ingredients (see Indicator 5.1.3).</p> <p>a. Obtain a statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.</p> <p>b. Provide evidence that fish meal and fish oil products used in feed are from sources certified as compliant to the standards of an ISEAL member.</p>	<p>A. Confirm that farm has statement from feed manufacturer identifying the origin of all fish products used as feed ingredients (to specify genus, species and region of harvest).</p> <p>B. Review evidence and confirm compliance.</p>	C				<p>NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal &amp; fish oil are not available in the region.</p> <p>NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal &amp; fish oil are not available in the region.</p>
	<p><b>Indicator:</b> ISEAL certified fishmeal and fish oil products must be used in feed</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Within 5 years from the publication</p>	<p>a. Obtain statement from feed manufacturer as for Indicator 5.1.5. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.</p>	<p>A. Confirm that farm obtains information about feed ingredients.</p>	C				<p>See 5.1.5.a</p>

<p>5.1.6</p> <p>date of the PAD standards</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All, after August 2015. Not applicable if only trimming and aquaculture products are used</p>	<p>b. Provide evidence of certified fish feed ingredients as for Indicator 5.1.5.</p>	<p>B. Review evidence and confirm compliance.</p>	<p>C</p>			<p>NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal &amp; fish oil are not available in the region.</p>
<p><b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 5.1.7 - FishSource Score of Products Used in Feed</b> To determine FishSource scores of fish species used as feed ingredients, do the following: - go to <a href="http://www.fishsource.org/">http://www.fishsource.org/</a> - select "Species" drop down tab to the left - select the species that is utilized by the farm as a source of fish meal or oil - confirm that the search identifies the correct species, then select the top tab that reads "Scores" - Review scores to verify average FS scores ≥ 6.0; no individual score &lt; 6.0, and no "N/A" for "Stock Assessment" category (category 4 in FishSource scoring).  If results show the species does not meet all three of the above criteria, then the feed does not meet requirements of the ASC Pangasius Standard. If the species has not been assessed (i.e. it is not listed on the FishSource website), then the feed does not meet requirements of the Standard. Contact FishSource via Sustainable Fisheries Partnerships to identify the species as a priority for assessment.</p>						
<p>5.1.7</p> <p><b>Indicator:</b> Interim Option A: Fishmeal or fish oil products used in feed have been sourced from fisheries with an average FishSource (FS) score  Interim Option B: Fish Products used in feed have been sourced from facilities certified as being in compliance with Sections 11 (Responsible Sourcing), 2 (Traceability), and 3 (Responsible Manufacturing) of the International Fishmeal and Fish Oil Organisation's (IFFO) "Responsible Sourcing Program for Certification of Responsible Practice for Fishmeal and Fish Oil Production"  <b>Requirement:</b> ≥ 6.0 with no individual score &lt; 6.0 or an N/A in the stock assessment category  Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> Up to when standard 5.1.5 or 5.1.6 can be met. Not applicable if only trimming and aquaculture products are used</p>	<p>a. Obtain statement from feed manufacturer as for Indicator 5.1.5. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.</p> <p>b. Provide an FS score or verification of IFFO certification for each species used as a feed ingredient in all feeds used by the farm during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and all the feed requirements apply only to fish on site.</p>	<p>A. Verify that farm obtains information about feed ingredients.</p> <p>B. Review FS scores and IFFO certification for species used in feed. Cross check against species listed in feed supplier declarations (see 5.1.3a).</p>	<p>C</p> <p>C</p>			<p>See 5.1.5.a</p> <p>NA, ISEAL-certified fish meal &amp; fish oil are not available in the region.</p>
<p>5.2 Criteria: Efficient management of feed use on the farm</p>						
<p><b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>		<p><b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b></p>				
<p>5.2.1</p> <p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum weighted [50] average of economic Feed Conversion Ratio (eFCR) for the complete production cycle  <b>Requirement:</b> 1.68  <b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>b. Maintain records showing the type of feed and the total amount used (see 3.1.1a).</p> <p>c. Maintain records (e.g. receipts) showing amount of fish harvested (see 2.4.2b). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>d. Calculate eFCR and yield for each crop harvested during the last 12 months using the formulas given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>e. Calculate maximum weighted average eFCR for the complete production cycle using the formula given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard.</p>	<p>A. Review records to confirm that farm has records for all seed.</p> <p>B. Confirm that farm has complete and accurate records for feed.</p> <p>C. Verify the farm keeps records showing amount of fish harvested.</p> <p>D. Review calculations for accuracy and completeness.</p> <p>E. Review calculations for accuracy. Confirm compliance.</p>	<p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p>			<p>There are seed record for all ponds. Check pond No 3: record accuracy.</p> <p>There are seed record for all ponds in farm diary. Check pond No 3: have records for full crop.</p> <p>There are harvesting record of harvested pond. Check harvesting receipts of pond No 3, results was conformity.</p> <p>There are eFCR calculations for harvested ponds. Check all calculation were correctly: Pond 3= 164, eFCR average = 1.64.</p> <p>Check average eFCR of all harvested ponds = 1.64</p>
<p><b>Footnote</b></p>	<p>[50] Weighting to be conducted by the amount of fish produced in different farming units (e.g. ponds, pens and cages).</p>					
	<p>a. Obtain statement(s) from feed manufacturer indicating the maximum inclusion percentage of fish meal and fish oil in each type of feed used. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Verify that farm obtains information about percent inclusion of fish meal and fish oil for all feed types.</p>	<p>C</p>			<p>Had statement from Viet Thang J.S.C for feed meal content in feed: - TC01 = 28%P: fish meal 8%, fish oil: 0.5%. - TC03 = 26%P: fish meal 6%, fish oil: 0.5%.</p>

5.2.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum Fish Feed Equivalence Ratio (FFER)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 0.5</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>b. Calculate the FFER using the formula given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard. By-products from fish processing of species other than pangasius but not on the IUCN Red List or CITES lists can be used and not be factored in as "fish meal or oil" for this calculation</p>	<p>B. Review calculations to verify accuracy. Confirm compliance.</p>	C				<p>- No fish oil use to made feed for feed, FFER calculations result for fish meal use of 3 harvested ponds were &lt; 0.5</p> <p>- There is statement from Viet Thang supplier that: fish meal ingredient is by-product of Skipjack Tuna - Katsuwonus pelamis, Bonito - Aethynnus affinis, Figate Tuna - Auxis thazard. These species were fishing at Vietnam (FAO71) and these species were not in the list of CITES / ion species.</p>
<b>PRINCIPLE 6. Minimize ecosystem and human health impacts, while maximizing fish health, welfare and ensuring food safety</b>								
<b>6.1 Criteria: Mortalities</b>								
<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>						
6.1.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum average real percentage mortality, from stocking to harvest, during the grow-out period (See Real Percent Mortality formula in Annex D).</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 20 %</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p><b>Instructions to Clients for Indicator 6.1.1 - Calculating Average Real Percentage Mortality (RPM)</b> Calculate the weighted average of Real Percentage Mortality using the stocking &amp; harvesting data from every enclosure used by the farm in the last 12 months. Do one calculation per enclosure as follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Determine the number of fish stocked. This number may be obtained from                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- direct counts of fingerlings, or</li> <li>- computed by taking the total weight of stocked fish and dividing by the average weight of the fish stocked</li> </ul> </li> <li>Determine the number of fish harvested. This number may be obtained from                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- direct counts of harvested fish, or</li> <li>- computed by taking the total weight of harvested fish and dividing by average weight of the fish harvested</li> </ul> </li> <li>Using the formula in Annex D, compute the Real Percentage Mortality for the enclosure (Note 1).</li> <li>Repeat steps 1-3 for every other enclosure used by the farm.</li> <li>Compute the weighted average RPM for all enclosures over the last 12 months as follows</li> </ol> $\text{Weighted Average RPM} = \frac{(\text{RPM}E1 \times \text{Yield}E1) + (\text{RPM}E2 \times \text{Yield}E2) \dots + (\text{RPM}En \times \text{Yield}En)}{\text{Yield}E1 + \text{Yield}E2 \dots + \text{Yield}En}$ <p>Where E1, E2, En are the 1st enclosure, the 2nd enclosure and the nth enclosure</p> <p>For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p><b>Note 1:</b> Only use counts of live fish in these calculations. Do not include counts of dead fish when determining number of harvested fish or number of stocked fish.</p> <p><b>Note 2:</b> Only use information from complete crops.</p>						
		<p>a. Obtain receipts and/or statements from seed supplier indicating average weight of seed and numbers (see 5.2.1a). Maintain records to show the total number of fish stocked into each enclosure during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months and records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>A. Review receipts. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of seed stocked into each enclosure.</p>	C			<p>- There are fingerling purchase receipts for each pond.</p> <p>- Fingerling stocking for each pond had been record on the farm diary.</p> <p>- Check pond No 3: compare record on farm diary &amp; fingerling purchase receipt, data were accuracy.</p>	
		<p>b. Maintain harvest records for each crop (e.g. selling receipts or processing plant receipts) that are sufficient to show the total number of fish harvested from each enclosure. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>B. Review records. Confirm that farm records are sufficient to determine number of fish harvested from each enclosure.</p>	C			<p>Available harvesting receipt for harvested ponds. Checking harvesting record of pond No 3 record detail with number of harvested days, harvesting quantity for each day, quantity of each transportation boat per day.</p>	
		<p>c. Calculate the weighted average of the Real Percentage Mortality (see above) using the formula given in Annex D of the Pangasius Standard. Provide calculations to the auditor.</p>	<p>C. Review farm's calculations to verify accuracy. Confirm that average real percentage mortality is ≤ 20%.</p>	C			<p>* Preview RPM calculation: - Individual pond RPM: pond 3= 18.3% - Average farm's RPM = 18.3 %</p>	
<b>6.2 Criteria: Veterinary medicines and chemicals</b>								
<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>						
6.2.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Use only veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products approved for aquaculture by relevant national authorities and not banned for food fish use in the potential importing country.</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Prepare a list of all veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products used on the farm in the past 12 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>A. Review list of medicines, chemicals and biological products.</p>	C			<p>There is a list of medicines, chemicals and biological products for using at farm, and it is conformity compare with list of medicines, chemicals and biological products approved for use in aquaculture in Vietnam (available at farm).</p>	
		<p>b. Provide records detailing the use of any veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products on the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	<p>B. Review records to confirm farm usage of products. During on-site inspection, verify there is no evidence for unrecorded use of any veterinary medicines, chemicals or biological products (i.e. no empty containers or non-inventoried warehouse supplies).</p>	C			<p>- Use of any veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products record on farm diary. Check record of pond No 3: record available for full crop.</p> <p>- On-site check: showing compliance.</p>	
		<p>c. For the list provided in 6.2.1a, identify suppliers and contact information.</p>	<p>C. Review list.</p>	C			<p>Had medicine supplier list with detail contact information issued on 2 Feb 2012.</p>	
		<p>d. For the list provided in 6.2.1a, show that each item is approved for aquaculture by relevant national authorities.</p>	<p>D. Confirm that listed products used are approved for aquaculture.</p>	C			<p>See 6.2.1.a</p>	
		<p>e. Provide a list of the farm's exports (i.e. sales to parties in foreign countries) over the last 12 months.</p>	<p>E. Review list and compare to farm's sales receipts.</p>	C			<p>Review list and compare to farm's sales receipts: showing compliance.</p>	

	<b>Applicability:</b> All	f. If the farm cannot determine the country of export (6.2.1e), prepare a list of the top five countries importing pangasius from the country where the farm operates (regions operating within the same legislation on this matter, e.g. the EU, are considered as a single country).	F. Review list (as applicable).	C			List of countries export is available with the chemical & medicine substance banned and Regulation 1471 & 2864.
		g. For each country identified in 6.2.1e (or 6.2.1f as applicable), provide a list of veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products that are banned from imports of pangasius for human consumption.	G. Review list.	C			There are list of export market no. 1471/QD-BNN-QLCL issued 20/06/2012 and 2864/QD-BNN-QLCL issued 14/11/2011 by Vietnam Department of Agriculture & Rural Development.
		h. Show that in the last 12 months, the farm did not use any veterinary medicines, chemicals or biological products that are banned or non-approved in the importing country.	H. Review evidence. Cross-check the farm's export markets (i.e. the importing countries) against the list of products that are banned (see 6.2.1e) in those countries.	C			Cross-check: conformity.
6.2.2	<b>Indicator:</b> Use only veterinary medicines and chemicals for therapeutic use prescribed by an aquatic animal health specialist [55] based on a verified condition; follow the label specifications concerning the use of the substance for the given purpose [56]. <b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Provide records of prescriptions, or the written advice of a suitably qualified aquatic animal health specialist [55], for veterinary medicines and chemicals used on the farm. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. For each application of veterinary medicines and chemicals for therapeutic use, provide a description of condition and evidence showing endorsement (prescription) from an aquatic animal health specialist. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. c. If application differs from the label specification, obtain written justification from aquatic animal health specialist. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. d. Provide copies of the title(s) of the aquatic animal health specialist showing how s/he is suitably qualified for the position.	A. Review records of prescriptions or written advice for veterinary medicines and chemicals. B. Review written descriptions. Confirm use approved by AAH Specialist. C. Review justifications from AAH Specialist as applicable. D. Review evidence. Confirm that AAH Specialist is suitably qualified.	C C C C			Check record of pond No 3 result comply. For each treatment, prescriptions were approved by AAH Specialist. Check record of pond No 3, all records info were compliance. Prescriptions were issued & approved by AAH Specialist prior to the application. AAH specialist Ms Trần Thị Viên had achieve Bachelor degree & Master degree for "Fish health Doctor"
Footnote	[55] Aquatic animal health specialist defined following government's regulations, if such regulations exist in the producing country. If the government does not regulate on this, the following people can be considered as specialists:						
Footnote	[56] Label specifications may be overridden by the recommendations of the aquatic animal health specialist when justification for the decision is documented in the farm book or approved in the animal health plan.						
6.2.3	<b>Indicator:</b> Follow the aquatic animal health specialist recommendations on: 1- how to apply the veterinary medicine and chemicals prescribed 2 - how to handle & store the veterinary medicines and chemicals prescribed 3 - who needs to be informed about the disease and how 4 - how to limit the spread of the disease to neighboring wild or farmed populations <b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. For veterinary medicines or chemicals applied and for all mortality events notified, provide statements of the specialist indicating his/her recommendation on: - how to apply the veterinary medicine and chemicals prescribed; - how to handle & store the veterinary medicine and chemicals prescribed; - who needs to be informed about the disease; and - how to limit the spread of the disease to neighboring wild or farmed populations. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months. b. Provide a declaration that the farm followed the recommendations of the aquatic animal health specialist.	A. Review health events to verify that the farm has written recommendations from the AAH Specialist addressing each of these four points. B. Review farm's declaration to confirm following recommendations of the AAH Specialist. C. During on-site visits, inspect to verify proper storage according to the AAH Specialist's recommendations. D. During on-site visits, make direct observations to confirm there is no evidence of any of the recommendations not having been followed.	C C C C			Health events version 1 issued on 01 Jun 2012 was check during the Audit: compliance There is declaration signed by farm manager 01 Jun 2012, check declaration: complaint On-site visit, checking storage of Medicines & chemical: the storage was apply following AAH Specialist's recommendations. On-site check: showing conformity.
6.2.4	<b>Indicator:</b> Allowance to sell fish or fish products before the completion of the withdrawal period specified on veterinary medicine or chemical labels or 750 °D if no withdrawal is specified on label <b>Standard:</b> None <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. For chemical/medicinal treatments in the last 12 months, provide daily records of product use and water temperature during withdrawal periods. For first audits, records must cover ≥ 6 months and at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). b. Provide labels indicating duration of withdrawal periods. If labels do not specify a withdrawal period, provide evidence that withdrawal periods were > 750 degree days. c. Provide evidence (e.g. receipts) to show no fish were harvested before completion of withdrawal period during the last 12 months. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Review records from all withdrawals. B. Review labels and completion dates of withdrawal periods. C. Evaluate evidence to verify that no fish were harvested before completion of withdrawal period.	C C C			Records from all withdrawals record on "Medicines use management - issued 01 Jun 2012. Check record of Pond No 3: OK. Check record of pond No 3: Compare control of withdraw period time with product label guideline, results were conformity. Check harvesting record of pond No 3, results were conformity.
6.2.5	<b>Indicator:</b> Allowance for the use of antibiotics critical for human medicine, as categorized by the World Health Organization [57]. <b>Requirement:</b> None <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain a list of all antibiotics used on the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). b. Prepare declaration stating that farm did not use any antibiotics critically important for human medicine as categorized by the WHO in the last 12 months.	A. Review list of antibiotics used. B. Review declaration. Cross check list of antibiotics used by the farm (see 6.2.5a) against the WHO list of antibiotics critical to human medicine.	C C			There is a list of all antibiotics used at farms issued 01 Jun 2012. * There is a copy of WHO list of antibiotics critical to human medicine at farm. * Available of Farm's Declaration signed by AAH specialist & Farm manager. * Cross check list of antibiotics used by the farm (see 6.2.5a) against the WHO list of antibiotics critical to human medicine, result showing conformity.

		c. Provide the up-to-date list of the WHO [57]	C. Verify farm holds an up-to-date copy of the WHO list [57]	C			Farm has an up-to-date copy of the WHO list version 3.
			D. During on-site visits, verify there is no evidence of use of antibiotics critical for human medicine through direct observation and inspection.	C			On-site checking: compliance.
Footnote	[57] Refer to the second WHO Expert meeting on Critically Important Antimicrobials for Human Medicine: Categorization for the Development of Risk Management Strategies to Contain Antimicrobial Resistance due to Non-Human Antimicrobial use, 29–31 May 2007 <a href="http://www.who.int/entity/foodborne_disease/resistance/antimicrobials_human.pdf">http://www.who.int/entity/foodborne_disease/resistance/antimicrobials_human.pdf</a>						
6.2.6	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Allowance for prophylactic use of veterinary medicines (excluding vaccines) prior to any evidence of a specific disease problem.</p> <p><b>Standard:</b> None</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Provide declaration stating that farm does not use any unauthorized prophylactic veterinary medicines (prior to evidence of a specific disease problem)	A. Verify farm holds declaration	C			There is a Farm declaration sign by Farm manager & AAH specialist on 01 Jun 2012.
		b. Obtain a declaration from the aquatic animal health specialist indicating that s/he is not aware of any unauthorized prophylactic use of veterinary medicines (prior to evidence of a specific disease problem) by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, the period covered by the declaration must be ≥ 6 months.	B. Verify the AAH Specialist declares there is no known unauthorized prophylactic use of veterinary medicines.	C			Verify farm declaration on 01 Jun 2012: conformity.
		c. Maintain receipts for all purchases of veterinary medicines. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	C. Verify farm maintains records of all purchases of veterinary medicines.	C			Medicine purchase receipts were records. Check record: available records from April 2012 until now.
		-	D. During on-site visits, inspect the inventory of veterinary medicines to verify that all supplies are accounted for.	C			On-site check: conformity
		-	E. Reconcile the quantities purchased against stocks held on-site and records for usage (e.g. 6.2.5a) based on reviewing a sample of medicines.	C			Check record of medicines used at Pond No 3 and compared with purchased quantity & inventory quantity held on-site: conformity
6.2.7	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Allowance for use of veterinary medicine (excluding vaccines) to serve as growth promoters [58].</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> None</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Obtain a declaration from the applicant, endorsed by an aquatic animal health specialist indicating that there has been no use of veterinary medicines (excluding vaccines) as growth promoters by the farm in the last 12 months. For first audits, the period covered by the declaration must be ≥ 6 months.	A. Verify the AAH Specialist supports the declaration that there is no use of veterinary medicine as growth promoters.	C			Verify AAH specialist declaration on 01 Jun 2012: conformity
		-	B. Reconcile the quantities of veterinary medicines purchased against stocks held on-site and records for usage (e.g. 6.2.5a) based on reviewing a sample of medicines.	C			Check record of medicines used at Pond No 3 and compared with purchased quantity & inventory quantity held on-site: conformity
Footnote	[58] Growth promoters: Veterinary medicines, such as antibiotics, to be given to healthy fish for the sole purpose of making them grow faster (i.e., not to treat a specific disease).						
6.3 Criteria: Pangasius health plan							
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
6.3.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Presence of a written pangasius health plan reviewed yearly, updated and approved by a specified aquatic animal health specialist [59] (See Annex E for Health Plan.</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Prepare the farm's written pangasius health plan containing all required elements (Annex E).	A. Review health plan for compliance with Annex E.	C			Health Plan is available & covering all points in annex E and it had been implemented at the farm.
		b. Obtain review and written approval of the pangasius health plan by the farm's aquatic animal health specialist.	B. Confirm that the farm's aquatic animal health specialist has reviewed and approved the pangasius health plan.	C			Health Plan is reviewed & signed by AAH specialist Tran Thi Vien.
		c. Review the health plan at least once every 12 months. Update as needed and obtain approval by the farm's aquatic animal health specialist.	C. Confirm that farm has health plan reviewed, updated, and approved every 12 months. For first audits, the response is 'not applicable'.	C			N/A, first farming cycle
		-	D. During on-site visit, verify that the plan is implemented and effective.	C			On-site check: Health Plan had been implemented.
Footnote	[59] Global G.A.P. AB 5.2.3 was taken as reference and amended to fit with the requirements of the PAD stakeholders.						
6.4 Criteria: Holding-unit specific record-keeping							
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>				
6.4.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Availability of records of the name, reasons for use, dates, amounts and withdrawal times of all veterinary medicines and chemicals used in hatchery and grow-out facilities</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain records that identify all the veterinary medicines and chemicals used at the grow-out facility. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	A. Verify the farm maintains purchase records.	C			See 6.2.6.c
		b. Maintain copies of labels showing withdrawal times at the grow-out facility. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	B. Verify the farm maintains records showing withdrawal times at the grow-out facility.	C			See 6.2.4.a
		c. Maintain signed declarations by the farm's aquatic animal health specialist stating the date, diagnosis, treatment and withdrawal times (if different from the label) of all veterinary medicines and chemical used at the grow-out facility. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C. Verify the farm maintains relevant declarations from the AAHS at the grow-out facility.	C			Check AAH prescriptions: conformity
		d. Obtain a signed declaration from seed suppliers identifying any chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).	D. Verify the farm obtains declarations from all seed suppliers.			NC4	There are declarations from seed supplier for chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed. But check record of harvested pond 3 seed, did not available of declaration signed by seed supplier.

6.4.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Availability of records of the source, size and quality of the seed stocked. Records of seed quality should include:                      1- Description of gross signs and any abnormalities                      2- List of veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products used in earlier life stages                      3- Results of pathogen testing as legislated</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. For all stocking events in the last 12 months, obtain a signed letter from the seed supplier reporting:                      - the source, size and quality of seed supplied;                      - the date supplied;                      - a description of any external signs of abnormalities at the time of sale;                      - list of veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological products used in earlier life stages (i.e. used at any time from spawning onwards); and                      - results of pathogen testing following legislation (as applicable).</p> <p>For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	A. Verify the farm maintains records for seed quality as required.	C			<p>* There are records for seed import to individual pond.                      * Check record of pond No 3: available record of seed import checking for quantity &amp; quality as requirement.                      * There are declarations from seed supplier for chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed.</p>
6.4.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Daily records showing regular monitoring of fish for signs of stress [60] or disease are kept</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Maintain daily records (e.g. diary) of monitoring for stress or disease. Records shall identify:                      - date;                      - presence of behavioural and external signs of abnormalities (i.e. feeding behaviour, swimming behaviour, lesions, spots, large ecto-parasites, fin erosion, etc); and                      - number of dead fish.                      For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p>	A. Review daily records to confirm that all reporting elements are included. Verify compliance.	C			Daily monitoring record on Farm diary. When fish have symptom of disease or increasing of mortality, AAH specialist will make diagnostic & record on AAH prescription.
Footnote	[60] Signs of stress or disease include abnormal behaviour (e.g., swimming), reduced appetite and external abnormalities (e.g., lesions, spots and fin erosion).						
6.4.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> All mortality events with daily mortality above the average daily mortality in the farm are reported to the aquatic animal health specialist</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p><b>Instructions to Clients for Indicator 6.4.4 - Establishing a Threshold for the Reporting of Mortality Events</b>                      Indicator 6.4.4 requires that farms report all significant mortality events to the aquatic animal health specialist. The ASC Pangasius Standard does not prescribe a specific threshold value for all farms to apply across all circumstances. Instead, the Pangasius Standard requires farms to confer with their aquatic animal health specialist to develop a threshold for reporting mortality events that is appropriate for identifying significant or "above average" mortality events based on farm data. In establishing a threshold, the farm must consider the following:                      - thresholds must be generated using farm data for mortality and this shall include farm information from at least 1 randomly selected pond;                      - thresholds must be stage-specific to account for differing mortality rates during the 1st week, the 1st month, and any month after that;                      - the farm's aquatic health specialist must set and approve the threshold value, not the farmer; and                      - the farm must describe how the threshold was established in the farm's Pangasius Health Plan.</p> <p>a. Maintain a daily record of monitoring farm enclosures for mortality (see 6.4.3). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>b. Have the farm's aquatic animal health specialist review the farm's daily records for mortality. Ask the AAH Specialist to specify a threshold for the reporting of mortality events based on review of farm mortality rates (see instructions).</p> <p>c. Describe how the threshold was established in the farm's Pangasius Health Plan (see 6.3.1).</p> <p>d. Maintain records to show that the farm reports all mortality events exceeding threshold to the AAH Specialist. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Review daily mortality records.</p> <p>B. Verify the farm's AAH Specialist has reviewed daily mortality records before specifying a threshold for the reporting of mortality events.</p> <p>C. Review the proposed mortality threshold in the farm's Pangasius Health Plan to confirm compliance with requirements.</p> <p>D. Review reporting records and cross-check against daily mortality records to confirm compliance with requirements.</p>	C			Daily mortality records available on farm diary.
				C			AAH Specialist has reviewed daily mortality records & signed on farm diary.
				C			Proposed mortality threshold was modify in the "Fish Health Plan Management" and have a surveying carry out to have basis for this threshold set up.
				C			Review reporting records and cross-check against daily mortality records of ponds No 3: result was compliance.
6.5 Criteria: Fish welfare.							
<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>		<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>					
Instructions to Clients for Indicator 6.5.1 - Calculation Average Growth Rate							



<p>6.5.1 <b>Indicator:</b> Minimum average growth rate <b>Requirement:</b> 3.85 g/day <b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p><b>INSTRUCTIONS TO CLIENTS FOR INDICATOR 6.5.1 - Calculating Average Growth Rate</b> Annex D of the ASC Pangasius Standard provides formulas for calculating yield and average growth rate (AGR). Farms must perform these calculations using harvest and stocking data from individual ponds (i.e. it is calculated on a crop-by-crop basis). It should be done as follows:</p> <p>Yield (from Pond1) = total weight of fish harvested (from Pond1) - total weight of fish stocked (Pond1)</p> <p>AGR<sub>P1</sub> = Yield<sub>P1</sub> / duration of production cycle (Pond1)</p> <p>Where weights are given in grams (g), duration is given in number of days (d), AGR is computed in units of grams per day (g/d), and enclosures are identified by subscripts P1, P2, P3 etc.</p> <p>Repeat the AGR calculations for the second pond, third pond... etc. until an AGR has been determined for each pond that was harvested. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble). Next calculate the farm-wide weighted average AGR using the following formula:</p> <p>Weighted Average AGR = [ (AGR<sub>P1</sub> x Yield<sub>P1</sub>) + (AGR<sub>P2</sub> x Yield<sub>P2</sub>) ... + (AGR<sub>Pn</sub> x Yield<sub>Pn</sub>) ] / (Yield<sub>P1</sub> + Yield<sub>P2</sub> ... + Yield<sub>Pn</sub>)</p> <p><b>Clarification note:</b> Indicator 6.5.1 was developed under the assumption that: - fish are stocked at 80 grams, - harvested at 1,000 grams and - average production cycle is 8 months.</p> <p>Given that specific growth rates of Pangasius are variable with body size (i.e. size and age dependent), formulas will yield a reduced level of absolute growth if fish are harvested at a substantially smaller size than 1 kg. (e.g. farms that harvest fish at 600-700g average body weight).</p> <p>Auditors are instructed as to evaluate Indicator 6.5.1 as follows. Farms must provide auditors with sufficient information to verify average fish weight at stocking, average fish weight at harvest, and average duration of production cycle. Auditors shall review the farm's calculations of observed growth rate and monitor whether the farm is in compliance.</p>				
<p>6.5.2 <b>Indicator:</b> Maximum fish density at any time <b>Requirement:</b> 38 kg/m<sup>2</sup> for ponds and pen <b>Applicability:</b> Ponds and Pens</p>	<p>a. Provide a plan of the farm showing surface area (m<sup>2</sup>) of each enclosure.</p> <p>b. Maintain records of the total weight (kg) of fish harvested from each pond and/or pen (see 2.4.2b). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>c. For each enclosure, divide the weight of fish harvested (result from 6.5.2b) by the surface area of the enclosure (results from 6.5.2a) to calculate fish density (kg/m<sup>2</sup>). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>d. In addition to calculating fish density at harvest (6.5.2.c), farms shall record monthly estimates of fish density for each enclosure using estimated biomass (e.g. from farm diaries) and surface area (see 6.5.2a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Verify farm maintains records of the weight of fish stocked in each enclosure.</p> <p>B. Verify farm maintains records of the weight of fish harvested from each enclosure.</p> <p>C. Review calculations to confirm accuracy and completeness.</p> <p>D. Verify that the farm-wide weighted average AGR complies with requirements.</p>	<p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p>		<p>Weigh of fish stocked were recorded on farm diary for each pond.</p> <p>Weigh of harvested fish record on the harvesting receipt.</p> <p>AGR Calculations were available for harvested pond. Check calculations, result Pond 3 = 3.86 g/day .</p> <p>Farm Average AGR of farm = 3.86 g/day.</p> <p>Surface area for each Pond was record on farm map &amp; farm diary.</p> <p>Available harvesting receipt for harvested ponds. Checking harvesting record of pond No 3 record detail with number of harvested days, harvesting quantity for each day, quantity of each transportation boat per day.</p> <p>There are a maximum fish density calculation for harvested pond. Check all calculations, results were 28.67 kg/m<sup>2</sup>.</p> <p>Review monthly estimates of fish density of ponds No 3: Compliance</p>
<p>6.5.3 <b>Indicator:</b> Maximum fish density at any time <b>Requirement:</b> 80 kg/m<sup>3</sup> for cages <b>Applicability:</b> Cages</p>	<p>a. Provide a description of the system specifying the total number of cages and volume (m<sup>3</sup>) of each cage.</p> <p>b. Maintain records of the total weight (kg) of fish harvested from each cage. For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>c. For each cage, divide the weight of fish harvested (result from 6.5.3b) by the volume of the cage (results from 6.5.3a) to calculate fish density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>). For first audits, records must cover at least 1 full crop per site (see preamble).</p> <p>d. In addition to calculating fish density at harvest (6.5.3.c), farms shall record monthly estimates of fish density for each cage using estimated biomass (e.g. from farm diaries) and cage volume (see 6.5.3a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	<p>A. Review farm's calculation of surface area for each enclosure and confirm by inspection during on site audit.</p> <p>B. Confirm the farm keeps accurate record of total weight of fish harvested from each pond and/or pen.</p> <p>C. Review calculations for fish density at harvest to verify compliance.</p> <p>D. Review monthly estimates of fish density to verify compliance.</p>	<p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p> <p>C</p>	<p>NA</p> <p>NA</p> <p>NA</p> <p>NA</p>	<p>NA, Pond</p> <p>NA, Pond</p> <p>NA, Pond</p> <p>NA, Pond</p>
<b>6.6 Criteria: Predator control</b>					
		<b>Compliance Criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>	<b>Auditor Evaluation (Required CB Actions):</b>		
<p>6.6.1 <b>Indicator:</b> Use of lethal predator [61] control <b>Requirement:</b> No <b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Prepare a list of all predator control devices and their locations.</p> <p>-</p>	<p>A. Review list.</p> <p>B. Inspect sites to verify no use of lethal predator controls.</p>	<p>C</p> <p>C</p>		<p>Only rat traps are applied at farm, No use of other lethal devices.</p> <p>Only rat traps are applied at farm, No use of other lethal devises.</p>

Footnote	[61] Predators are defined as animals which have the potential to kill healthy pangasius. These standards include all types of predators during the production period, but only birds, reptiles and mammals during the period of preparation of the holding units (e.g., ponds, cages and pens). Rats and mice are excluded from consideration as they are unlikely to harm fish on the farm, be endangered or pose a conservation concern.						
	<b>Instruction to Clients for Indicator 6.6.2 - Presence of IUCN Red Listed Species</b>						
6.6.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Mortality of IUCN red listed species.</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 0 (zero)</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Perform analysis. Record all IUCN red listed species occurring in the area of the farm.</p> <p>A. Repeat analysis to verify that client obtained an accurate result.</p>	C				<p>There is a Scientific Report done by technical expert from SOFIS about the "Identification of endangered and IUCN red listed species occur at "CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN XNK THỦY SẢN AN GIANG - Vùng nuôi cá sạch Vĩnh Trinh" with content including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Identification of endangered species occur at Mekong delta area.</li> <li>- Identification of endangered species occur in the area of "CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN XNK THỦY SẢN AN GIANG - Vùng nuôi cá sạch Vĩnh Trinh"</li> <li>- Risk assessment for all farming practice that can be danger to these species.</li> <li>- Apply new farming practice in order to have no negative impact on these endangered species.</li> </ul>
		<p>b. If any IUCN red listed species are identified in the area of the farm (including receiving and source waters), write a procedure which describes how the farm will avoid causing mortality.</p> <p>B. Verify that farm procedures are appropriate and implemented (as applicable).</p>	C				See 6.6.2.a
		-	C				Community interview: no evidence of the farm causing mortality of IUCN red listed species
<b>Social requirements in the standards shall be audited by an individual who is a lead auditor in conformity with SAAS Procedure 200 section 3.1.</b>				Major NC	Minor NC	NA	
<b>PRINCIPLE 7. DEVELOP AND OPERATE FARMS IN A SOCIALLY RESPONSIBLE MANNER THAT CONTRIBUTES EFFECTIVELY TO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND POVERTY ALLEVIATION.</b>							
<i>7.1 Criteria: Labor law</i>							
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>							
7.1.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Compliance with labor laws in the country where pangasius is produced</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Obtain all national and local labor regulations applicable to the farm. Regulations should cover at least the following issues: labor contracts, child labor, working time, working/living conditions, minimum wage and benefits/allowance, health and safety, presence of on-farm regulation.</p> <p>C</p>					<p>- At the audit time, The farm have 07 employees and farm's regulation approved by local labour Dept on 09/Aug/2010.</p> <p>- Collective Bargaining Agreement was issued on 31/Jul/2010</p> <p>The status of the farm:</p> <p>- The farm applied the ASC from Jul/2012 to now</p>
		<p>b. Ensure that the farm and all employees on the farm comply to the labor regulations.</p> <p>C</p>					All workers's rights was shown on the labour contract and Farm regulation, CBA.
<i>7.2 Criteria: Child labor [62] and young workers [63]</i>							
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>							
Footnote	[62] Child: Any person less than 15 years of age, unless local minimum age law stipulates a higher age for work or mandatory schooling, in which case the higher age would apply. If however, local minimum age law is set at 14 years of age in accordance with developing country exceptions under ILO Convention 138, the lower age will apply. Child labor does not include children helping their parents on their own farm, provided that working does not jeopardize their schooling or health.						
Footnote	[63] Young worker: Any worker between the age of child as defined and under the age of 18.						
		<p>a. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm indicating date of birth</p> <p>C</p>					Have 07 employees, the youngest worker is Mr. Duong Hoai Phong was born in 15/Jan/1989 and joined farm 19/May/2011 about 24 years old
	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Minimum age of workers</p>	<p>b. Maintain copies of the official ID of all the employees listed showing date of birth</p> <p>C</p>					Farm had maintained the official ID card and the labour contract

7.2.1	<p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>c. Ensure that no employee is younger than 15 years old (use birthdate to calculate exact age), see footnote [62]</p>	C			<p>Hiring posted are clear this issue. Hiring policy (A.B/VH05) issued 1/Jun/2012. All of employees are hired to conducted at company not at farm</p>
		<p>d. Provide a declaration stating that the farm is against child labor and will not employ anybody younger than 15 years old.</p>	C			<p>Showed on the hiring poster and farm policy</p>
7.2.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> For workers under 18 years olds</p> <p>1 - Work does not jeopardize schooling 2 - Work, when added to the hours of schooling, does not exceed 10 hour/day 3 - Work is restricted to light work [64] 4 - Work is restricted to non-hazardous work [65]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> Farms with employees younger than 18 years old</p>	<p>a. Ensure that the contracts for workers below 18 years old state the rights of young workers (as indicated in this Requirement) and job descriptions are detailed enough to allow auditors to assess that, for such workers, work is restricted to light work and is not hazardous</p>	C			<p>The farm have no employees under 18 years old.</p>
		<p>b. Maintain records of schooling commitments of each employee younger than 18 years old</p>	C			<p>The farm have no employees under 18 years old.</p>
		<p>c. Maintain daily records of working hours for all workers younger than 18 years old. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	C			<p>The farm have no employees under 18 years old.</p>
		<p>d. Ensure that young workers' rights as indicated in this Requirement are duly respected in the farm</p>	C			<p>Interview workers who are working at the farm and no found any signal child labour.</p>
Footnote	<p>[64] Light Work: (ILO convention 138, article 7.1) Light work is work that is 1) not likely to be harmful to a child's health or development and 2) not likely to prejudice their attendance at school, participation in vocational orientation or training programs, or diminish their capacity to benefit from instruction received.</p>					
Footnote	<p>[65] Hazardous work: Work which, by its nature or circumstances in which it is carried out, is likely to harm the health, safety or morals of workers.</p>					
<p>7.3 Criteria: Forced and compulsory labor [66]</p>						
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>						
Footnote	<p>[66] Forced (Compulsory) labor: All work or service that is extracted from any person under the menace of any penalty for which a person has not offered him/ herself voluntarily or for which such work or service is demanded as a repayment of debt. "Penalty" can imply monetary sanctions, physical punishment, or the loss of rights and privileges or restriction of movement (withholding of identity documents).</p>					
7.3.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers are free to terminate their employment and receive full payment until the last day of their employment, based on reasonable [67] notice given to their employer [68]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Ensure that all contracts clearly state workers' freedom to terminate their employment and receive full payment until the last day of their employment</p>	C			<p>Farm had signed the labour contract for all employees</p>
		<p>b. Ensure that workers' rights as indicated in this Requirement are duly respected.</p>	C			<p>All workers's rights was shown on the labour contract and Farm regulation.</p>
		<p>c. Ensure that nobody in the farm or on behalf of the employer withholds employee's original identity papers</p>	C			<p>Interview workers feedback have received labour contract after signed labour contract with Farm manager. No hold ID paper of other paper of employees</p>
		<p>d. Ensure that the farm does not withhold any part of workers' salaries, benefits, property or documents in order to oblige them to continue working for the employer</p>	C			<p>Checked payments and interview workers they satisfied all benefit of Farm. No any violation of hold money of employees.</p>
		<p>e. Ensure that no employee is obligated to work at the farm to repay debt</p>	C			<p>Interview worker no any signal violation.</p>
Footnote	<p>[67] As stated in the contract.</p>					
Footnote	<p>[68] Employers are those workers who, working on their own account or with one or a few partners, hold the type of job defined as a self-employed job, and in this capacity, on a continuous basis (including the reference period) have engaged one or more persons to work for them in their business as employees.</p>					
<p>7.4 Criteria: Health and safety</p>						
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>						

7.4.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> The employer provides a non-hazardous working and living environment</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain a list of all the health and safety hazards in the working and living environment of employees	C			Have list of risk assessment issued on 1/Jan/2012 (A.B/VII 03) and safety instruction procedure (SSOP) issued on 1/Jan/2012. In this year, there is no accidents at the farm
		b. Provide Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) or Safe Practice guidelines (SOP) for all health and safety hazards listed	C			The farm have emergency procedure for 07 SOP (Water control, Health & safety employees, Preventive polluted products, Chemical control, animal control, waste control & Hygiene farm, hazard animal control, electric safety)
		c. Ensure that employees are complying to the farm SOP on health and safety and that are adequately protected against hazards	C			The farm manager was conducted training all SOP on 20/Dec/2012. - Safety training was done on 20/Dec/2012. - First aid training of farm manager was done on 14/Mar/2013.
		d. Ensure that employees have constant access to potable/safe drinking water	C			- There is one kitchen on the farm. - Drinking water is supplied by Truc Ly subcontractor with provide full quality certificate of drinking water on 16/Apr/2013. - The health check of employees on 12/Mar/2013 to meet with requirements of Circular No.13/2007/TT-BYT
		e. Ensure that sanitary conditions for the safe disposal of human waste are in practice.	C			Have 2 dustbins for human waste and farm had contracted with subcontractor for human waste treatment and collection. (70-HDDV) signed on 02/Jan/2012 and effective with 02 years.
		f. Ensure that the employees' housing is constructed of materials able to withstand local conditions			NCS	Have 2 big worker's houses for 7 employees stay in night and use workers for farm security at night. Have 07 employees stay at farm in nights with not full registered with local government.
7.4.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers are aware of the health and safety hazards [69] at the work place and how to deal with them</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All, Farm-Wide</p>	a. Ensure that all workers are aware of the hazards listed on 7.4.1a and of the SOP in 7.4.1b	C			Interview worker are good aware and full provided free PPE Have list of distributed PPE and farm managers will periodic checked PPE statut using Have one first aid Box at Cateen with good maintain.
Footnote	[69] Hazard: The inherent potential to cause injury or damage to people's health—for instance unequipped to handle heavy machinery safely/unprotected exposure to harmful chemicals.					
7.4.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> The employer records all accidents, even if minor [70], and take preventive and corrective action for each</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain records of all accidents and corrective actions taken. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C			There is no accident from Jul/2012 up to now. Have the book for monitoring accident in farm. (A.B/V104)
		b. Ensure that corrective actions are in place as relevant	C			The farm have the corrective and preventive action procedure to maintain system. (A.B/VII 10 ver 01 issued on 1/Jan/2012)
Footnote	[70] Accidents that could not be handled in-house, the person was taken to the closest clinic					
7.4.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Employer ensures that all permanent workers have health insurance [71]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain a list of all permanent workers	C			The list of all employees was available maintained at farm.
		b. Provide evidence showing health insurance coverage for all permanent workers	C			Farm had provided original labour contract to workers. Have 07 permanent workers had been received the health insurance and social insurance by employer.
Footnote	[71] Health insurance is required for workers who are employed for >3months/year. If not covered under national law employers must provide insurance to cover 100% of any job-related accident/injury for permanent workers. The cost associated with permanent disabilities generated from a job related accident is, however, not included.					

7.5 Criteria: Freedom of association and collective bargaining [72]					
		<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>			
Footnote	[72] Collective bargaining: Voluntary negotiation between employers and organizations of workers in order to establish the terms and conditions of employment by means of collective (written) agreements.				
7.5.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers [73] have the right to form or join organizations to defend their rights (including their right to collective bargaining), without interference from the employer and without suffering negative consequences as a result of exercising this right [74].</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain copies of employees' contracts and ensure that contracts explicitly state the right of freedom of association.	C		Collective Bargaining Agreement was issued on 31/Jul/2010 Labour contract was maintained copy at the farm.
		b. Ensure that workers have the freedom to form and join any trade union, are free of any form of interference from employers or competing organizations set up or backed by the employer. ILO specifically prohibits "acts which are designated to promote the establishment of worker organizations or to support worker organizations under the control of employers or employers' organizations.	C		Interview worker good aware human rights and freedom.
		c. Ensure that trade unions and/or civil society organizations involved in Labor rights, are able to access/inform all workers directly (posters, pamphlets, visits).	C		Have 07 employees who joined company's union and they have right to joined union meeting each of three.
		d. Ensure that trade union representatives have access to their members in the workplace at reasonable times.	C		Interview worker good aware human rights and freedom.
		e. Provide a declaration explicitly stating the employer's commitment to freedom of association and collective bargaining rights of all.	C		The farm have CBA which was issued and approved by local labour Dept on 31/Jul/2010
Footnote	[73] Worker: A person who enters an agreement of any duration with an enterprise to work for the enterprise in return for remuneration in cash or in kind. Immediate family members of the farm owner (i.e., children, spouse, parents, brothers and sisters) and exchange labor may not be considered as workers, unless they express their desire to be workers.				
Footnote	[74] Workers must not be prohibited from accessing such organizations when they exist. If they do not exist or are illegal, companies must make it clear that they are willing to engage in a collective dialogue through a representative structure freely elected by the workers.				
7.6 Criteria: Discrimination					
		<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>			
7.6.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers do not suffer any discrimination [75] from the employer or other workers</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Provide and ensure the implementation of an anti-discrimination policy, stating that the company does not engage/support discrimination in hiring, remuneration, access to training, promotion, termination or retirement based on race, caste, national origin, religion, disability, gender, sexual orientation, union membership, political affiliation, age or any other condition that may give rise to discrimination.	C		Issued anti-discrimination policy and posted this policy in farm (issued on 1/Jun/2012) (A.B/VII 09) Interview workers, they said that aware about this policy.
		b. Maintain records of employees' salary changes, promotions and training opportunities. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C		All salary records are full maintained at farm. No found any signal violation.
		c. Provide and ensure the implementation of a policy protecting pregnant and lactating mothers.	C		At now, No found any pregnant woman on the farm. Have the policy for pregnant woman / Young workers/ older workers (issued 1/Jun/2012) (A.B/VII 09)
Footnote	[75] Including but not limited to: race, caste, origin, color, gender, age, disability, religion, sexual orientation, resident or migrant, union and political affiliations.				
7.7 Criteria: Fair and progressive practices toward workers(including disciplinary practices)					
		<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>			
7.7.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Employers treat all workers with dignity and respect</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Ensure that all employees are consistently treated with dignity and respect (e.g. no physical abuse).	C		Interview workers that no found any signal violation
		b. Ensure that no deductions in pay are made for disciplinary actions (e.g. for the accidental breaking of equipment)	C		Interview workers and no found any signal violation

7.8 Criteria: Working hours					
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			
7.8.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum number of regular working hours</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 8h/day or 48h/week (although these do not have to be consecutive hours)</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain timesheets for all employees. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C		Checked timesheet from Jun/2012 to Apr/2013. It was clear defined about annual leave and day off per month. Good control and monitoring the annual leave of workers (specified the employees have 12 day off of annual leave.)
		b. Ensure that the regular time worked by farm workers does not exceed 8h/day or 48h/week	C		The time sheets of farm was shown clearly monitoring the 8 hours working per day to meet with condition on the labour contract and labour law.
7.8.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers have the right to leave the farm after completing the standard work-day</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All, Farm-Wide</p>	a. Ensure that workers can leave the farm during their allocated free time (i.e. any time when they are not working).	C		Checking in interview workers so no found any signal violation.
		b. Maintain copies of employees contract and ensure that labor contracts clearly state workers' right to leave	C		Labour contract was clear shown and defined.
7.8.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Minimum time off</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Two nights/week off if residing on the farm and a total of four days/month off for all workers</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All, Farm-Wide</p>	a. Ensure that all workers residing at the farm have the right to 2 nights off/week	C		Checking in interview workers so no found any signal violation. However the farm have no evidence control 02 nights off per week --> That was risen NC at 7.8.4
		b. Ensure that all workers have at least 4 days/month off	C		On the timesheets, clear the 4 days off for each workers. (From Jun/2012 to Apr/2013) Interview workers are no comments.
		c. Maintain timesheets for all employees (as in 7.8.1a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C		The time sheet of six month are available.
7.8.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Overtime hours</p> <p>1- Are voluntary</p> <p>2- do not exceed a maximum of 12 hours per week</p> <p>3- occur on an exceptional (not regular) basis</p> <p>4- are paid at a premium rate [76], (i.e. an additional 20% is paid to the normal salary)</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All, Farm-Wide</p>	a. Ensure that for all employees, overtime hours: - are voluntary - do not exceed a maximum of 12h/week - occur on an exceptional basis - are paid at a premium rate (following the local/national regulation and at least 20% more than normal salary)		NC6	1) Farm had paid salary multiplied with 3 for national day off. 2) All payment was shown clearly on salary' records. Interview workers, they understand how to calculate monthly salary. However, There is no evidence to paid salary for workers who are joined to night security at farm and no evidence control 02 nights off per week
		b. Maintain timesheets for all employees (as in 7.8.1a). For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C		The time sheet of six month are available.
		c. Maintain copies of employees' contracts and ensure that employees' contracts state the overtime conditions and associated rights	C		Labour contract was clear shown and defined.
		d. Maintain records of payments for overtime hours	C		Payment records was full maintained from Jul/2012 to Apr/2013
Footnote	[76] Premium rate: A rate of pay higher than the regular work week rate. Must comply with national laws/ regulations and / or industry standards. Must be 120% of normal rate or higher.				
7.9 Criteria: Fair and decent wages					
		Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):			
7.9.1		a. Obtain legal documents showing minimum wages for the location where the farm operates.	C		Area Minimum Salary was defined 2.100.000 (Local Labour Dept Informing Decree No. 103/2012/NDPC) At now, Farm had signed labour contract with min salary is 3.500.000 VND monthly salary
	<p><b>Indicator:</b> The employer pays at least minimum wages as defined by law, or ensures that wages cover basic needs [77], plus some discretionary income [78], whichever is higher</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p>	b. If minimum wage has not been established by law, calculate basic needs wages, in consultation with workers and their representative organizations, and cost of living assessments from credible sources. Document the process and ensure that all workers have access to it at reasonable times.			The Farm have calculated BNW is 1.921.960 VND. for this area But in fact, Farm had signed labour contract with 3.500.000 VND monthly salary

	<p><b>Applicability:</b> All, Farm-Wide</p>	<p>c. Maintain copies of employees' contract and ensure that at least minimum wages are paid to employees</p>	C				<p>in fact, Farm had signed labour contract with 3.500.000 VND monthly salary. The salary will be paid on 5 th to 10 th of each month.</p>
		<p>d. Maintain receipts of salary payments. For first audit, receipts must cover ≥ 6 months.</p>	C				<p>The payment records was full maintained from Jul/2012 to Apr/2013 Interview worker, they feedback that all payments is on time and by cash.</p>
Footnote	<p>[77] Basic needs are determined by calculating the cost of the basic shopping basket needed for an adequate diet, the percentage of an average household's budget that goes to food and other necessary expenses, and the average size of a household in a given country. Recognized representative shopping basket surveys include those undertaken by national authorities and multi-lateral developmental agencies. A basic or living wage should be capable of sustaining 50% of an average-sized family with food, clean water, clothing, housing, transportation, schooling, obligatory tax payments, health care and an additional 10% discretionary income (SA8000). An employer shall minimally pay a full-time worker the basic needs wage (without financial deductions) or national legal minimum wage; whichever is higher. The basic needs wage/living wage refers to "take home payment". Any obligatory expenses at the side of the employee/worker (e.g., uniform, tools and lunches) will not bring "take home" pay below a basic needs standard.</p>						
Footnote	<p>[78] For guidance and methods for basic needs wage calculation, see SA8000 Guidance Document.</p>						
7.9.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers have the right to know the mechanism for setting the wages and benefits</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Provide a declaration stating the mechanism used for setting wages</p>	C				<p>The salary scheme was registered and approved on 26/Jan/2015 by local labour Dept. The contents of labour contract was defined clearly the level of salary and all social benefit.</p>
		<p>b. Ensure that employees are aware of the mechanism used for setting wages</p>	C				<p>Interview workers, all of workers are aware of the way salary calculation.</p>
7.9.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Wages shall be paid in cash or in a manner most convenient to workers</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Maintain records of the preferred method of payment for each employee</p>	C				<p>The payment records was full maintained from Jul/2012 to Apr/2013</p>
		<p>b. Maintain records of payments indicating the method of payment</p>	C (OBS)				<p>The payment records was full maintained from Jul/2012 to Apr/2013 Interview worker, they feedback that all payments is on time and by cash.</p>
<p>7.10 Criteria: Labor contracts</p>							
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b></p>							
7.10.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Workers have copies of, and can understand, their labor contract [79]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Ensure that employees have copies of their labor contracts</p>	C				<p>Interview workers, all feedback have received original labour contract after signed labour contract with Farm's Manager.</p>
		<p>b. Ensure that employees understand their labor contracts</p>	C				<p>Interview workers are aware about that.</p>
Footnote	<p>[79] Where verbal contracts are practiced (e.g., remote rural locations, cases of illiteracy and small family farms), extra care needs to be taken that the contents of the agreement are fully agreed to and well-understood. Cross interviews must take place to establish that the employer and the employee understand in the same way the terms of the verbal agreement.</p>						
7.10.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum length of probation period stated in the contract for workers, other than farm managers and workers with a university degree</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 1 month</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	<p>a. Maintain copies of contracts of employees (other than farm managers and workers with a university degree) and ensure that the probation time is clearly stated and does not exceed 1 month</p>				NC7	<p>Maintained one hardcopy labour contract at farm. There are some workers who are worked at company over three year however company had signed definition time labour contract instead of undefinition time labour contract</p>
		<p>b. Ensure that probation times are understood by employees and respected</p>	C				<p>Maintained one hardcopy labour contract at farm Interview workers are understand about contents of their labour contract</p>

7.10.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Maximum length of probation period stated in the contract for farm managers and workers with an university degree</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 2 months</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain copies of contracts of farm managers and workers with a university degree) and ensure that the probation time is clearly stated and does not exceed 2 months	C			Maintained one hardcopy labour contract at farm Interview workers are understand about contents of their labour contract
		b. Ensure that probation times are understood by employees and respected	C			Same above contents
7.11 Criteria: Management system						
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>						
7.11.1	<p><b>Indicator:</b> The employer ensures all workers have appropriate channels to communicate anonymously with employers on matters relating to labor rights and working conditions</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain complaint boxes for employees throughout the farm.	C			Have one complaint box in farm (at canteen). And maintained records to checking this Box monthly to meet with "Gial Quyet Khieu Nai"A.B/VII 02 issued 1/Jun/2012
		b. Ensure that workers are aware of the use of complaint boxes and are encouraged to use them by farm management	C			Interview workers, all of them aware the complaint procedure
7.11.2	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Percentage of issues raised by workers which are registered, tracked and responded to by the employer</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 100%</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain a register recording issues raised by workers (including complaint forms), date and response taken. For first audit, register must contain all records of the previous ≥ 6 months.	C			Interview the worker they confirm no any complaint via complaint box. The farm meeting was conducted monthly with full workers attendance. (The contents of meeting related to health & safety, management farm and workers' problem)
		b. Ensure that employees have access to the register at reasonable times	C			Interview workers are aware about that.
7.11.3	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Percentage of complaints that are resolved[80] within one month after being received [81]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> 90%</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain evidence of issues raised by workers and being resolved. Evidence may include letters signed by employees or their representatives.	C			The from Jul/2012 upto now, there is no complaint via Box. All of workers are joined monthly meeting and discussion about their problem in working. All of this will be resolved in output meeting.
		b. Record the issues being resolved in the register as for 7.11.2a	C			Upto now, No complaint via box
		c. Maintain monthly summaries and calculations of the percentage of issues resolved within 1 month	C			Upto now, No complaint via box
Footnote	[80] Resolution of a conflict is defined as when both parties agree to remove it from the list of conflicts.					
Footnote	[81] Complaints include the ones coming from other resource users, employees and buyers (e.g., middlemen or processors).					
7.11.4	<p><b>Indicator:</b> A plan for addressing the yet to be resolved conflicts is developed and complied with</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Yes</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. Maintain a register recording issues raised by workers (as for 7.11.2a) and including the plan for addressing yet to be resolved conflicts	C			Upto now, No complaint via box
		b. Ensure that the plan is adhered to	C			Upto now, No complaint via box
7.11.5	<p><b>Indicator:</b> Timeframe for the contracting[82] of suppliers and service providers that ensure suitable health and safety conditions for their workers [83]</p> <p><b>Requirement:</b> Within 1 year from achieving certification</p> <p><b>Applicability:</b> All</p>	a. For first audit, prepare a declaration of commitment to contract only suppliers and service providers that ensure suitable health and safety condition within 1 year.	C			They was signed commitment and Health & safety instruction with subcontractor. (Hút Bùn & Bật Cá) Contract No. 04/2012. HDNT-AGF & Contracted with Mr. Phan Hai Nhon. Have contract to control safety of Subcontractor
		b. For subsequent audits, ensure that all health and safety conditions as indicated in these Requirements (i.e. within Criteria 7.1, 7.2 and 7.4) are respected by all the employees of suppliers and service providers who are working in the farm	C			same above content.
Footnote	[82] Including either written or verbal contracts.					
Footnote	[83] As defined in these Requirements.					
7.12 Criteria: Record-keeping						
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>						



7.12.1	<b>Indicator:</b> Records of the hours worked by every worker employed in the farm are available	a. Maintain timesheets for all employees. For first audits, farm records must cover ≥ 6 months.	C			All of records was keep comply with standard requirements.
	<b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All, Farm-Wide	b. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm	C			Full maintained records and including the list of new workers In this year, there is no any dismissal workers or resigned workers
7.13 Criteria: Participatory social impact assessment for local communities.						
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>						
7.13.1	<b>Indicator:</b> A participatory Social Impact Assessment (p-SIA) [84] is conducted (See Annex F for more information)	a. Provide a p-SIA inclusive of all items reported in Annex F. For large scale farms (e.g. vertically integrated operations) the p-SIA must be commissioned to professional experts. A new p-SIA should be conducted at least every 3-years.	C			It was approved by local government and residers. This report to make by VINAFIS "Hiệp Hội Thủy Sản Việt Nam".
	<b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All	b. For large scale farms, provide evidence of the experience of the professional experts commissioned. Evidence must indicate a track record of at least 3 years conducting participatory consultations with rural communities	C			p-SIA contents are clear this point.
Footnote	[84] p-SIA: An assessment of positive and negative consequences and risks of a planned or ongoing project (e.g., a farm or farm development) undertaken in such a manner that all stakeholder groups have input in process, results and outcome of such an assessment, and that steps taken and information gathered is openly accessible to all.					
7.13.2	<b>Indicator:</b> Local communities [85], local government and at least one civil society organization chosen by community have a copy of the p-SIA in locally appropriate language	a. Maintain records of all the people having received copy of the p-SIA	C			p-SIA contents are clear this point.
	<b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All	b. Obtain signatures from at least 50% of the people having received the p-SIA. The people signing must include at least: a representative of the local community (if such a representant can be identified by the majority of the community), a representative of the local government and one civil society organization (if available).	C			p-SIA contents are clear this point.
Footnote	[85] Community: A group of people with possibly diverse characteristics who are linked by social ties, share common perspectives, and are joined by collective engagements within a geographically confined area. Four common indicators are 1.) a state of organized society in small form (town, village, hamlet) that recognizes a single representative (leader, formal or informal); 2.) the people inside a confined geographical area; small enough to allow face-to-face interaction as the main form of contact between the individuals within the group; 3.) having a common good or a common interest and recognizing that, and been recognized as having that; and 4.) A sense of common identity and characteristics (i.e., "we" versus "them" feeling) on either/or social, cultural, economic, ethnic grounds.					
7.14 Criteria: Complaints by local communities						
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>						
7.14.1	<b>Indicator:</b> A verifiable conflict resolution policy [86], [87], for local communities is developed and applied <b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Prepare and ensure the application of a conflict resolution policy for local communities	C			appendix of p-SIA
		b. Maintain records of all the people having received copy of the policy	C			appendix of p-SIA
		c. Obtain signatures from at least 50% of the people having received copies of the policy. The people signing must include at least: a representative of the local community (if such a representant can be identified by the majority of the community), a representative of the local government and one civil society organization (if available)	C			appendix of p-SIA
		d. Maintain records of meetings (at least twice per year) held with local communities to identify and resolve conflicts. Records must include list of participants, agendas and agreed action plan and summaries. For first audits records must cover at least one meeting (this could be part of the p-SIA process if the p-SIA was conducted less than 6 months before the audit)	C			appendix of p-SIA
Footnote	[86] The policy shall state how conflicts and complaints will be tracked transparently and explain how to respond to all received complaints.					
Footnote	[87] The process of resolution is documented and meetings are summarized. Summaries include an agenda (the list of concerns), resolutions or agreements reached, who shall take what action by when, and a list of participants. Local government and at least one civil society or customary organization chosen by the community shall have access to the conflict resolution process and the documentation thereof. A conflict is deemed resolved if both parties in the negotiation process have agreed to take it off the agenda.					
7.14.2	<b>Indicator:</b> Complaint boxes, complaint registers, and complaint acknowledgement receipts in local language(s) are used <b>Requirement:</b> Yes <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain complaint boxes in public locations reachable by the local community.	C			There is public complaint Box putted at gate's farm very near to residence area. Interview the residents of local communities, no any complaints
		b. Retain complaint forms submitted by local communities. For first audits, records must include at least previous ≥ 6 months.	C			No found any signal violation, No any complaint of residence
		c. Provide evidence that complaints have been acknowledged to the local community (e.g. through a statement from the local community stating having received acknowledgement or acknowledgement receipts)	C			Interview residences are good comments
		d. Maintain a register of the complaints received. Register should include date, complaint and action taken. For first audits, register must contain records from at least previous ≥ 6 months.	C			Upto now, No complaint via box and Farm have one book to monitor local complaint box

7.14.3	<b>Indicator:</b> Percentage of conflicts resolved within the date of being filed  <b>Requirement:</b> Within 6 months 50% Within 1 year 75% Within 2 years 100%  <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain a register of complaints as per 7.14.2d, clearly identifying what complaints have been resolved and the resolution date	C			Refer to "Giai Quyet Khieu Nai" A.B/VII 02 issued 1/Jun/2012
		b. Maintain minutes of community meetings as per 7.14.1d showing issues discussed and issues resolved	C			Appendix of p-SIA and upto now no any complaint from residence.
7.15 Criteria: Preferential employment for local communities						
<b>Compliance criteria (Required Client Actions):</b>						
7.15.1	<b>Indicator:</b> Evidence of advertising positions within local communities before migrant workers are hired  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes  <b>Applicability:</b> All	a. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm indicating also place of origin	C			farm have no workers who are residence.
		b. For farms where employees are coming from a location other than the location of the farm (based on 7.15.1a) present copies of the dated advertisements posted around the farm to advertise. For first audit copies must cover more than previous ≥ 6 months	C			Interview residences are good comments about the hiring in local.
		c. For farms where employees are coming from a location other than the location of the farm (based on 7.15.1a) present a list containing the name, address and contact number of all the people consulted to advertise the position in the local community. For first audit records must cover more than previous ≥ 6 months	C			Have the hiring poster.
7.15.2	<b>Indicator:</b> An explanation on the reasons for employing each worker is available and the explanation justifies not employing workers from local communities  <b>Requirement:</b> Yes, if workers outside the local community are employed	a. Maintain a list of all employees employed in the farm indicating also place of origin as in 17.15.1a	C			List of workers are available
		b. For farms where employees are coming from a location other than the location of the farm (based on 7.15.1a) provide a written explanation for employing workers outside the local community.	C			Most of employees had worked a long time at farm and no employees are residence.



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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 01	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 3.1.3 a	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY: The TP testing method did not follow the method mentioned in the standard.			
Deadline for clearance:	30-mai-14		
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:	Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG		
Root Cause Analysis The technical staff do not clear understand about thi requirement of the standard that need test kejdalh method and not strictly control external Lab.			
Description of the Corrective Action * Correction: Farm already test TP with the right testing method according to requirement of the ASC standard.  * Preventive action: Remind the technical staff must follow and test by the right testing method in future.			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BVCertification)			
ACCEPTED	YES		
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS - Check records of testing receipt on 13 Jun 2013 with clear mentioned about the kejdalh testing method ok.  - This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 01 Jul 2013
CLOSED	YES		



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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 02	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 3.1.4 a	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY: The TN testing method did not follow the method mentioned in the standard.			
Deadline for clearance:	30-mai-14		
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:	Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG		
Root Cause Analysis The technical staff do not clear understand about thi requirement of the standard that need test kejdalh method and not strictly control external Lab.			
Description of the Corrective Action * Correction: Farm already test TN with the right testing method according to requirement of the ASC standard. * Preventive action: Remind the technical staff must follow and test by the right testing method in future.			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BVCertification)			
ACCEPTED	YES		
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS - Check records of testing receipt on 13 Jun 2013 with clear mentioned about the kejdalh testing method ok. - This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 01 Jul 2013
CLOSED	YES		



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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 03	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 4.5.4 d	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
<p>DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY:</p> <p>On-site inspect:  - Trap was placed in wastes water channel.  - Witness farm staff to check the trap: it has some small broken hole.</p>			
Deadline for clearance:	30-mai-14		
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:	Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG		
Root Cause Analysis	Because the old trap had some small broken but company not replace on time.		
Description of the Corrective Action			
<p>* Correction: Farm already replace the new trap and carefully check.</p> <p>* Preventive action: Remind technical staff must carefully check daily and repair or replace the new one whenever broken.</p>			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BVCertification)			
ACCEPTED			YES
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS			
<p>- Check picture of the new trap replaced ok.</p> <p>- This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions</p>			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 01 Jul 2013
CLOSED			YES



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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 04	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 6.4.1 d	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY: There are declarations from seed supplier for chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of seed. But check record of harvested pond 3 seed, did not available of declaration signed by seed supplier.			
Deadline for clearance:	30-mai-14		
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:	Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG		
Root Cause Analysis			
An Giang breeding centers provide missing documents and the involved staff did not carefully check so that did not find this missing.			
Description of the Corrective Action			
* Correction: Farm already asked An Giang breeding center provides full record for the company			
* Preventive action: Farm request Giang breeding center provides full record for the company every received new breeding lot. Remind the involved staff must carefully check all records whenever received breeding.			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BVCertification)			
ACCEPTED	YES		
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS			
- Check records of announce letter about chemicals or veterinary medicines that were used in production of that seed lot, meeting minute remind staff.			
- This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 01 Jul 2013
CLOSED	YES		



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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 05	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 7.4.1 f	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY: Have 07 employees stay at farm in nights with not full registered with local government.			
Deadline for clearance:	30-mai-14		
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:	Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG		
Root Cause Analysis Because the HR staff di not fully understand this requirement and not full registered with local government.			
Description of the Corrective Action * Correction: Farm contact and register for all 07 employees stay on the farm with the local government.  * Preventive action: Remind the HR staff must contact and register with the local government whenever has new employee stay in the farm in future. Farm Manager must remind and check the implementation.			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BV Certification)			
ACCEPTED	YES		
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS - Check records register with local government for 07 employees stay on the farm and the meeting minutes remind staff implement in future.  - This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 01 Jul 2013
CLOSED	YES		



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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 06	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 7.8.4 a	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
<p>DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY:</p> <p>1) Farm had paid salary multiplied with 3 for national day off.  2) All payment was shown clearly on salary' records.  Interview workers, they understand how to calculate monthly salary.  However, There is no evidence to paid salary for workers who are joined to night security at farm and no evidence control 02 nights off per week</p>			
Deadline for clearance:		30-mai-14	
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:		Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG	
Root Cause Analysis			
The HR staff did not clear understand this requirement, Company did pay for night working but did not clear mentioned in the payment records showed to the auditor.			
Description of the Corrective Action			
<p>* Correction:  Company continue pay for night working and keep clear records and monitoring about night working time carefully.</p> <p>* Preventive action:  Remind HR staff must carefully monitor night working time and keep clear records about payment.</p>			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BVCertification)			
ACCEPTED		YES	
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS			
<p>- Check records monitoring night working and payment records of May and Jun 2013.</p> <p>- This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions</p>			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN		DATE: 01 Jul 2013
CLOSED		YES	





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A.S.C. NON-CONFORMITY REPORT

Company: AGIFISH - VINH TRINH PURE PANGASIUS FARM		Non Conformity No. 07	
File Number:	CLAUSE: 7.10.2 a	TEAM LEADER: NGUYEN HUY	
Date: 30 May 2013	OTHER TEAM MEMBERS:		
Major:	Minor: X	Observation	COMPANY REPRESENTATIVE: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG
DESCRIPTION OF THE NON CONFORMITY: Maintained one hardcopy labour contract at farm. There are some workers who are worked at company over three year however company had signed definition time labour contract instead of undefinition time labour contract			
Deadline for clearance:	30-mai-14		
Audit Comments:			
CORRECTIVE ACTION REPORT (to be completed by the Company)			
Actual Clearance Date:	Company Representative: Mr. DAO THANH HUNG		
Root Cause Analysis The HR staff did not clear understand the Viet Nam labour legislation.			
Description of the Corrective Action * Correction: Company signed long-term contracts with workers working for over three years  * Preventive action: Remind HR staff must carefully check and implement the new rules.			
CLEARANCE REPORT (to be completed by BVCertification)			
ACCEPTED	YES		
FOLLOW-UP COMMENTS - Check records of new long term contract for all workers working over 03 years, found conformity.  - This nonconformity had closed with effectiveness actions			
AUDITOR: NGUYEN HUY	SIGNED: HUY NGUYEN	DATE: 01 Jul 2013	
CLOSED	YES		

**Confidential data for commercially sensitive information**

No content of the report has been removed/ separated because of confidential reasons.

*Including Written of other documented information and Bureau Veritas Certification responses to each submission.*

*If no submission, precise " no submissions received"*

<b>Public Consultation period</b>	<b>Stakeholder submission</b>	<b>BV Response</b>
Audit announcement ( 30 days prior to audit)		
	No submissions received	NA
Draft public report ( 10 days from publication)		

**Table 2. A checklist of records that the farm must provide to the auditor to show evidence of compliance of full crops from > 20% of enclosures.**

No.	Description of Farm Record	Indicator(s)	Record Coverage	Yes / No / NA
1	Records for water intake / water abstraction	2.4.1a, 2.4.2a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
2	Records for type and quantity of feed used	3.1.1a, 3.1.2a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
3	Supplier declarations for TP and TN content in feeds	3.1.1b, 3.1.2b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
4	Records for amount of TP and TN added per ton of fish produced and supporting lab test results	3.1.1d, 3.1.1e, 3.1.2d, 3.1.2e	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
5	Records for weekly DO measurements (to determine minimum DO in water discharged)	3.3.3a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
6	Records for mortality quantities and their disposal method	3.6.1b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
7	Records for fish size	4.5.1a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
8	Register of inspection, mitigation and repair of net mesh or grills	4.5.2b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
9	Record of actions taken upon detection of escapes	4.5.4c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
10	Records to show all crops were accounted for (harvested or properly disposed)	4.6.2b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
11	Written justification for periods of inactivity > 3 months	4.6.2c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
12	Records (receipts, supplier statement) showing average weight of seed and numbers	5.2.1a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
13	Records showing amount of fish harvested	5.2.1c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
14	Calculations for eFCR and yield for each crop	5.2.1d	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
15	Records showing average weight and numbers of seed stocked into each enclosure	6.1.1a, 6.5.1a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
16	Records showing total number of fish harvested from each enclosure	6.1.1b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
17	List of all veterinary medicines, chemicals and biological product and records of their usage	6.2.1a, 6.2.1b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
18	Records of prescriptions/written advice for all veterinary medicines and chemicals used	6.2.2a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
19	Daily records of product use and water temp for all chemicals requiring withdrawal periods	6.2.4a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
20	List of all antibiotics used	6.2.5a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
21	Receipts for purchases of veterinary medicines	6.2.6b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
22	Detailed records of use of veterinary medicines and chemicals (including withdrawals) for hatchery and grow-out facilities	6.4.1b, 6.4.1d	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
23	Records of daily monitoring for stress or disease	6.4.3a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
24	Records of daily monitoring for mortality	6.4.4a	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
25	Records showing the total weight of fish harvested from each enclosure	6.5.1b, 6.5.2b, 6.5.3b	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES
26	Calculated fish density at harvest for each enclosure	6.5.2c, 6.5.3c	1 full crop (see pre-amble in AM)	YES